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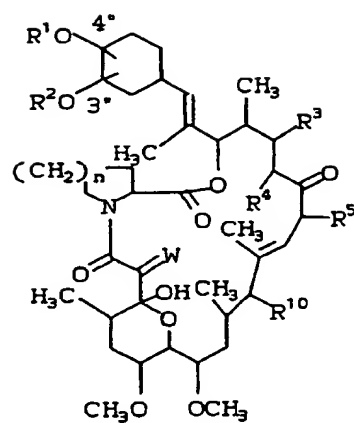
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O-Heteroaryl, O-alkylheteroaryl, O-alkenylheteroaryl and O-alkynylheteroaryl macrolides.

O-Heteroaryl, O-alkylheteroaryl, O-alkenylheteroaryl and O-alkynylheteroarylmacrolides of the general structural Formula I:

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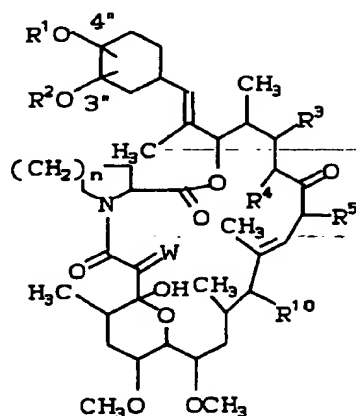
I

have been prepared from suitable precursors by alkylation and/or arylation at C-3'' and/or C-4'' of the cyclohexyl ring. These macrolide immunosuppressants are useful in a mammalian host for the treatment of autoimmune diseases, infectious diseases, the prevention of rejection of foreign organ transplants and/or related afflictions, diseases and illnesses.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is related to O-heteroaryl, O-alkylheteroaryl, O-alkenylheteroaryl and O-alkynylheteroarylmacrolides which are useful in a mammalian host for the treatment of autoimmune diseases (such as juvenile-onset diabetes mellitus, multiple sclerosis and rheumatoid arthritis), immunodepression, infectious diseases and/or the prevention of rejection of foreign organ transplants (e.g. bone marrow and heart transplants and xeno transplants) and are also useful in the topical treatment of inflammatory and hyperproliferative skin diseases and cutaneous manifestations of immunologically-mediated illnesses (such as: psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, contact dermatitis and further eczematous dermatitises, seborrhoeic dermatitis, Lichen planus, Pemphigus, bullous Pemphigoid, Epidermolysis bullosa, urticaria, angioedemas, vasculitides, erythemas, cutaneous eosinophilias, Lupus erythematosus, Alopecia areata), male pattern alopecia, alopecia senilis, reversible obstructive airways disease, particularly asthma, alopecia, inflammation of mucosa and blood vessels, cytomegalovirus infection, multidrug resistance, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, Behcet's syndrome, conjunctivitis, Crohn's disease, Mooren's ulcer, uveitis, severe intraocular inflammation, and/or hepatic injury associated with ischemia. In addition, some of the compounds of this invention may have antagonistic properties and so have utility in the reversal of immunosuppressive activity and/or diminishing the toxicity of other immunosuppressive agents.

More particularly, this invention relates to compounds of the general structural formula I:



I

wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^{10} , W and n are hereinafter defined.

This invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions containing the compounds and to a method of use of the present compounds and other agents for the treatment of and prevention of certain afflictions, diseases and illnesses.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DISCLOSURES IN THE ART

Fujisawa United States, European and Japanese patents and applications (U.S. Patent No. 4,894,366, issued January 16, 1990, EPO Publication No. 0,184,162 and PBJ Disclosure 63-17884) and publications (J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1987, 109, 5031 and J. Antibiotics 1987, 40, 1249) disclose 17-allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (FR-900506), (FK-506), (L-679,934), 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (FR-900520) and related compounds which are the starting materials for the preparation of the compounds described. The synthetic preparation of the aforementioned starting material (FR-900506) has recently been reported (J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1989, 111, 1157). A Sandoz European patent application (EPO Publication No. 0,356,399) discloses stereoisomers of FR-900506 and derivatives at the 17-position. Fisons European and WIPO patent applications (EPO Publication No. 0,323,042 and PCT Publication No. WO 89/05304) discloses various

derivatives of FR-900506, FR-900520 and related compounds. A Sandoz European Patent application (EPO Publication No. 0,437,680) discloses chloro, bromo, iodo and azido derivatives of FR-900506, FR-900520 and related compounds. A Merck European Patent application (EPO Publication No. 0,428,365) discloses various amino derivatives of FR-900506, FR-900520 and related compounds. A Fujisawa patent application (UK Publication No. GB 2,245,891-A) discloses various derivatives of FR-900506 bearing a heterocyclic group.

Fujisawa United States patents (U.S. Patent No. 4,929,611, issued May 29, 1990, U.S. Patent No. 4,956,352, issued Sept. 11, 1990 and U.S. Patent No. 5,110,811, issued May 5, 1992) discloses the use of FK-506-type compounds in treating resistance to transplantation. A Sandoz European patent application (EPO Publication No. 0,315,978) discloses the use of FR-900506 and related compounds in the topical treatment of inflammatory and hyperproliferative skin diseases and of cutaneous manifestations of immunologically-mediated illness. A Fisons WIPO patent application (PCT Publication No. WO 91/04025) discloses the use of various derivatives of FR-900506 in the treatment of immunodepression. A Fisons WIPO patent application (PCT Publication WO 90/14826) discloses the use of FR-900506 and related compounds in the treatment of reversible obstructive airways disease, particularly asthma. A Fujisawa European patent application (EPO Publication No. 0,423,714) discloses the use of FK-506 and derivatives as hair revitalizing agents. Various studies have suggested the efficacy of FK-506 in the treatment of a number of ailments, including rheumatoid arthritis (C. Arita, et al., *Clinical exp. Immunol.*, 1990, 82, 456-461; N. Inamura, et al., *Clin. Immunol. Immunopathol.* 1988, 46, 82-90), recent-onset diabetes (N. Murase, et al., *Diabetes*, 1990, 39, 1584-86; N. Murase, et al., *Lancet*, 1990, 336, 373-74), posterior uveitis (H. Kawashima, *Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci.*, 1988, 29, 1265-71), hepatic injury associated with ischemia (M. Sakr, et al., *Life Sci.*, 1990, 47, 687-91) allergic encephalomyelitis (K. Deguchi, et al., *Brain Nerve*, 1990, 42, 391-97), glomerulonephritis (J. McCauley, et al., *Lancet*, 1990, 335, 674) and systemic lupus erythematosus (K. Takabayashi, et al., *Clin. Immunol. Immunopathol.*, 1989, 51, 110-117) multidrug resistance (M. Naito, et al., *Cancer Chemother. Pharmacol.*, 1992, 29, 195-200), inflammation of mucosa and blood vessels (PCT Publication WO 91/17754), cytomegalovirus infection (UK Publication GB 2,247,620A), and idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura and Basedow's disease (PCT Publication WO 91/19495).

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Immunoregulatory abnormalities have been shown to exist in a wide variety of "autoimmune" and chronic inflammatory diseases, including systemic lupus erythematosus, chronic rheumatoid arthritis, type I and II diabetes mellitus, inflammatory bowel disease, biliary cirrhosis, uveitis, multiple sclerosis and other disorders such as Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, bullous pemphigoid, sarcoidosis, psoriasis, ichthyosis, and Graves ophthalmopathy. Although the underlying pathogenesis of each of these conditions may be quite different, they have in common the appearance of a variety of autoantibodies and self-reactive lymphocytes. Such self-reactivity may be due, in part, to a loss of the homeostatic controls under which the normal immune system operates.

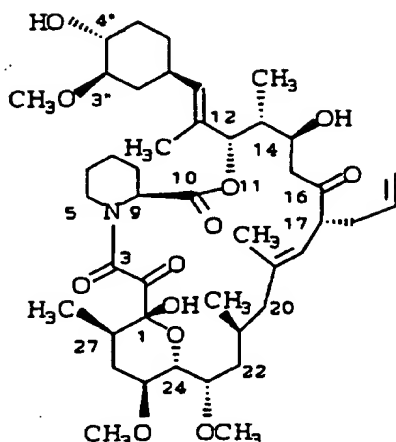
Similarly, following a bone-marrow or an organ transplantation, the host lymphocytes recognize the foreign tissue antigens and begin to produce antibodies which lead to graft rejection.

One end result of an autoimmune or a rejection process is tissue destruction caused by inflammatory cells and the mediators they release. Antiinflammatory agents such as NSAID's and corticosteroids act principally by blocking the effect or secretion of these mediators but do nothing to modify the immunologic basis of the disease. On the other hand, cytotoxic agents such as cyclophosphamide, act in such a nonspecific fashion that both the normal and autoimmune responses are shut off. Indeed, patients treated with such nonspecific immunosuppressive agents are as likely to succumb from infection as they are from their autoimmune disease.

Cyclosporin A which was approved by the US FDA in 1983 is currently the leading drug used to prevent rejection of transplanted organs. The drug acts by inhibiting the body's immune system from mobilizing its vast arsenal of natural protecting agents to reject the transplant's foreign protein. Though cyclosporin A is effective in fighting transplant rejection, it is nephrotoxic and is known to cause several undesirable side effects including kidney failure, abnormal liver function and gastrointestinal discomfort.

Newer, safer drugs exhibiting less side effects are constantly being searched for in the field.

The 23-membered tricyclo-macrolide immunosuppressant, tacrolimus, FR-900506, FK-506,



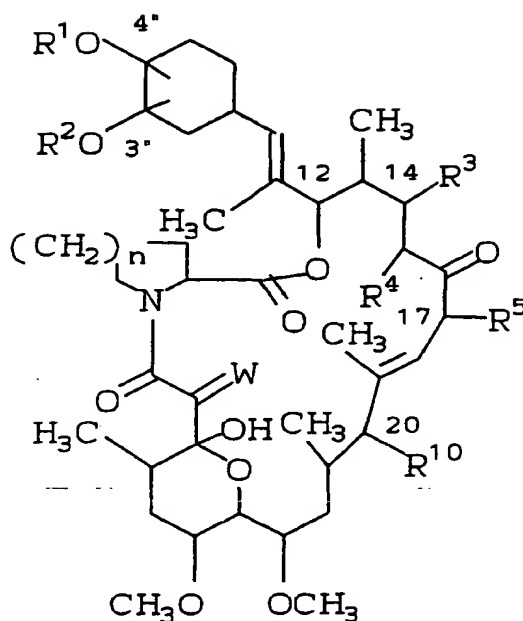
(17-allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]-octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone) and related compounds which were isolated and characterized by Tanaka, Kuroda, and co-workers at Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co. in Japan, see J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1987, 109, 5031, and U.S. Patent No. 4,894,366, issued January 16, 1990) have been shown to possess exceptional immunosuppressive activity. Fujisawa United States patents (U.S. Patent No. 4,929,611, issued May 29, 1990, U.S. Patent No. 4,956,352, issued September 11, 1990 and U.S. Patent No. 5,110,811, issued May 5, 1992) disclose the use of FK-506-type compounds in treating resistance to transplantation. In particular, the compound FR-900506 has been reported to be 100 times more effective than cyclosporin in the suppression of in vitro immune systems (J. Antibiotics 1987, 40, 1256). In addition, these compounds are reputed to possess topical activity in the treatment of inflammatory and hyperproliferative skin diseases and cutaneous manifestations of immunologically-mediated illnesses (EPO Pub. No. 0,315,978).

The compound FK-506 and related compounds further have been suggested to be useful in the treatment of obstructive airways disease, particularly asthma (PCT Publication WO 90/14826), male pattern alopecia or alopecia senilis (EPO Publication No. 0,423,714), rheumatoid arthritis (C. Arita, et al., Clin. Immunol., 1990, 82, 456-461; N. Inamura, et al., Clin. Immunol. Immunopathol. 1988, 46, 82-90), recent-onset diabetes (N. Murase, et al., Diabetes, 1990, 39, 1584-86; N. Murase, et al., Lancet, 1990, 336, 373-74), posterior uveitis (H. Kawashima, Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci., 1988, 29, 1265-71), hepatic injury associated with ischemia (M. Sakr, et al., Life Sci., 1990, 47, 687-91) allergic encephalomyelitis (K. Deguchi, et al., Brain Nerve, 1990, 42, 391-97), glomerulonephritis (J. McCauley, et al., Lancet, 1990, 335, 674), systemic lupus erythematosus (K. Takabayashi, et al., Clin. Immunol. Immunopathol., 1989, 51, 110-117) multidrug resistance (M. Naito, et al., Cancer Chemother. Pharmacol., 1992, 29, 195-200), inflammation of mucosa and blood vessels (PCT Publication WO 92/17754), cytomegalovirus infection (UK Publication GB 2,247,620A), and idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura and Basedow's disease (PCT Publication WO 91/19495).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

A. Scope of the Invention

The novel compound of this invention has structural Formula I:



I

30 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

R¹ is selected from:

- (1) heteroaryl;
- (2) substituted heteroaryl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z;
- (3) heteroaryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl;
- (4) substituted heteroaryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl in which the heteroaryl group is substituted by X, Y and Z and the alkyl portion may be substituted with one or more of the substituent(s) selected from:

- (a) hydroxy,
- (b) oxo,
- (c) C₁₋₆-alkoxy,
- (d) aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy,
- (e) substituted aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
- (f) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
- (g) -OCO-C₁₋₆alkyl,

- (h) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are independently selected from

- (i) hydrogen,
- (ii) C₁₋₁₀alkyl unsubstituted or substituted with one or more of the substituent(s) selected from:

- (a') aryl, which is unsubstituted or substituted with X, Y and Z,
- (b') heteroaryl, which is unsubstituted or substituted with X, Y and Z,
- (c') -OH,
- (d') C₁₋₆alkoxy,
- (e') -CO₂H,
- (f') -CO₂-C₁₋₆alkyl,
- (g') -C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, and
- (h') -OR¹¹,

- (iii) C₃₋₁₀alkenyl unsubstituted or substituted with one or more of the substituent(s) selected from:

- (a') aryl, which is unsubstituted or substituted with X, Y and Z,
- (b') heteroaryl, which is unsubstituted or substituted with X, Y and Z,
- (c') $-OH$,
- (d') C_{1-6} alkoxy,
- (e') $-CO_2H$,
- (f') $-CO_2-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,
- (g') $-C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl, and
- (h') $-OR^{11}$,

(iv) or where R^6 and R^7 and the N to which they are attached may form an unsubstituted or substituted 3-7-membered heterocyclic ring which may include one or two additional heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, S(O)_p, NR¹⁴, wherein R¹⁴ is hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by phenyl, and p is 0, 1 or 2, such as morpholine, thiomorpholine, piperidine, or piperazine,

- (i) $-NR^6CO-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- R^7 , wherein R^6 and R^7 are as defined above,
- (j) $-NR^6CO_2-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- R^7 ,
- (k) $-NR^6CONR^6R^7$,
- (l) $-OCONR^6R^7$,
- (m) $-COOR^6$,
- (n) $-CHO$,
- (o) aryl,
- (p) substituted aryl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
- (q) $-OR^{11}$, and
- (r) $-S(O)_p-C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

(5) heteroaryl- C_{1-10} alkyl wherein one or more of the alkyl carbons is replaced by a group selected from: $-NR^6-$, $-O-$, $-S(O)_p-$, $-CO_2-$, $-O_2C-$, $-CONR^6-$, $-NR^6CO-$, $-NR^6CONR^7-$;

(6) substituted heteroaryl- C_{1-10} alkyl wherein one or more of the alkyl carbons is replaced by a group selected from: $-NR^6-$, $-O-$, $-S(O)_p-$, $-CO_2-$, $-O_2C-$, $-CONR^6-$, $-NR^6CO-$, and $-NR^6CONR^7-$, the heteroaryl group is substituted with X, Y, and Z, and the alkyl group may be substituted with one or more of the substituent(s) selected from:

- (a) hydroxy,
- (b) oxo,
- (c) C_{1-6} alkoxy,
- (d) aryl- C_{1-3} alkoxy,
- (e) substituted aryl- C_{1-3} alkoxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
- (f) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
- (g) $-OCO-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,
- (h) $-NR^6R^7$, wherein R^6 and R^7 are as defined above,
- (i) $-NR^6CO-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- R^7 ,
- (j) $-NR^6CO_2-C_{1-6}$ alkyl- R^7 ,
- (k) $-NR^6CONR^6R^7$,
- (l) $-OCONR^6R^7$,
- (m) $-COOR^6$,
- (n) $-CHO$,
- (o) aryl,
- (p) substituted aryl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
- (q) $-OR^{11}$, and
- (r) $-S(O)_p-C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

(7) heteroaryl- C_{3-10} alkenyl wherein alkenyl contains one to four double bonds;

(8) heteroaryl- C_{3-10} alkenyl wherein alkenyl contains one to four double bonds and wherein one or more of the alkyl carbons is replaced by a group selected from: $-NR^6-$, $-O-$, $-S(O)_p-$, $-CO_2-$, $-O_2C-$, $-CONR^6-$, $-NR^6CO-$, and $-NR^6CONR^7-$;

(9) substituted heteroaryl- C_{3-10} alkenyl wherein alkenyl contains one to four double bonds and wherein one or more of the alkyl carbons may be replaced by a group selected from: $-NR^6-$, $-O-$, $-S(O)_p-$, $-CO_2-$, $-O_2C-$, $-CONR^6-$, $-NR^6CO-$, and $-NR^6CONR^7$, the heteroaryl group is substituted with X, Y, and Z, and the alkyl group may be substituted with one or more of the substituent(s) selected from:

- (a) hydroxy,
- (b) oxo,

- (c) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
 (d) aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy,
 (e) substituted aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
 (f) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
 (g) -OCO-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (h) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ as defined above,
 (i) -NR⁶CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (j) -NR⁶CO₂-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (k) -NR⁶CONR⁶R⁷,
 (l) -OCONR⁶R⁷,
 (m) -COOR⁶,
 (n) -CHO,
 (o) aryl,
 (p) substituted aryl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z, and
 (q) -OR¹¹, and
 (r) -S(O)_p-C₁₋₆ alkyl;

R² is selected from:

- (1) the definitions of R¹;
 (2) hydrogen;
 (3) phenyl;
 (4) substituted phenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z;
 (5) 1- or 2-naphthyl;
 (6) substituted 1- or 2-naphthyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z;
 (7) biphenyl;
 (8) substituted biphenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z;
 (9) C₁₋₁₀alkyl;
 (10) substituted-C₁₋₁₀alkyl in which one or more substituent(s) is (are) selected from:
 (a) hydroxy,
 (b) oxo,
 (c) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
 (d) aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy,
 (e) substituted aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
 (f) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
 (g) -OCO-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (h) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above
 (i) -NR⁶CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl-R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above,
 (j) -COOR⁶, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (k) -CHO,
 (l) phenyl,
 (m) substituted phenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (n) 1- or 2-naphthyl,
 (o) substituted 1- or 2-naphthyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (p) biphenyl,
 (q) substituted biphenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (r) -OR¹¹, and
 (s) -S(O)_p-C₁₋₆ alkyl;
 (11) C₃₋₁₀alkenyl;
 (12) substituted C₃₋₁₀alkenyl in which one or more substituent(s) is(are) selected from:
 (a) hydroxy,
 (b) oxo,
 (c) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
 (d) phenyl-C₁₋₃alkoxy,
 (e) substituted phenyl-C₁₋₃alkoxy, in which the substituents on phenyl are X, Y and Z,
 (f) -OCO-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (g) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above
 (h) -NR⁶CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (i) -COOR⁶, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (j) -CHO,

- (k) phenyl,
 (l) substituted phenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (m) 1- or 2-naphthyl,
 (n) substituted 1- or 2-naphthyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (o) biphenyl,
 (p) substituted biphenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (q) -OR¹¹, and
 (r) -S(O)_p-C₁₋₆ alkyl;
- (13) C₃₋₁₀ alkynyl;
 (14) substituted C₃₋₁₀ alkynyl in which one or more substituent(s) is(are) selected from:
 (a) hydroxy,
 (b) oxo,
 (c) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
 (d) phenyl-C₁₋₃ alkoxy,
 (e) substituted phenyl-C₁₋₃ alkoxy, in which the substituents on phenyl are X, Y and Z,
 (f) -OCO-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (g) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above,
 (h) -NR⁶CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (i) -COOR⁶, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (j) -CHO,
 (k) phenyl,
 (l) substituted phenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (m) 1- or 2-naphthyl,
 (n) substituted 1- or 2-naphthyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (o) biphenyl,
 (p) substituted biphenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (q) -OR¹¹; and
 (15) -R¹¹;
 R³ is hydrogen, hydroxy, -OR¹¹, or C₁₋₆ alkoxy;
 R⁴ is hydrogen, or R³ and R⁴ taken together form a double bond;
 R⁵ is methyl, ethyl, propyl or allyl;
 R¹⁰ is hydrogen, hydroxy, -OR¹¹ or fluoro;
 R¹¹ is selected from:
 (a) -PO(OH)O⁻M⁺, wherein M⁺ is a positively charged inorganic or organic counterion,
 (b) -SO₃⁻M⁺,
 (c) -CO(CH₂)_qCO₂⁻M⁺, wherein q is 1-3, and
 (d) -CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl-NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above and the alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents selected from:
 (i) hydroxy,
 (ii) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
 (iii) -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, wherein R¹⁶ and R¹⁷ are independently selected from: (a') hydrogen, and (b') C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (iv) -COOR⁶, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (v) phenyl,
 (vi) substituted phenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (vii) heteroaryl,
 (viii) -SH, and
 (ix) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl;
- W is O or (H, OH);
 X, Y and Z independently are selected from:
 (a) hydrogen,
 (b) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents selected from:
 (i) aryl,
 (ii) substituted aryl in which the substituents are X', Y' and Z',
 (iii) heteroaryl,
 (iv) substituted heteroaryl in which the substituents are X', Y', and Z',
 (v) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X', Y' and Z',

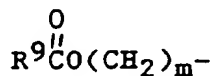
- (vi) -OR⁶,
 (vii) -OR¹¹,
 (viii) -OCOR⁶,
 (ix) -OCO₂R⁶,
 (x) -NR⁶R⁷,
 (xi) -CHO,
 (xii) -NR⁶COC₁₋₆alkyl-R⁷,
 (xiii) -NR⁶CO₂C₁₋₆alkyl-R⁷,
 (xiv) -NR⁶CONR⁶R⁷,
 (xv) -OCONR⁶R⁷,
 (xvi) -CONR⁶R⁷.

(c) C₁₋₁₀alkyl wherein one or more of the alkyl carbons is replaced by a group selected from -NR⁶-, -O-, -S(O)_p-, -CO₂-, -O₂C-, -CONR⁶-, -NR⁶CO-, -NR⁶CONR⁷-, -CO-, -CH(OH)-, alkenyl or alkynyl and the alkyl may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents selected from:

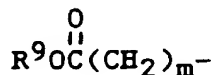
- (i) aryl,
 (ii) substituted aryl in which the substituents are X', Y' and Z',
 (iii) heteroaryl,
 (iv) substituted heteroaryl in which the substituents are X', Y', and Z',
 (v) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X', Y', and Z',

- (vi) -OR⁶,
 (vii) -OR¹¹,
 (viii) -OCOR⁶,
 (ix) -OCO₂R⁶,
 (x) -NR⁶R⁷,
 (xi) -CHO,
 (xii) -NR⁶COC₁₋₆alkyl-R⁷,
 (xiii) -NR⁶CO₂C₁₋₆alkyl-R⁷,
 (xiv) -NR⁶CONR⁶R⁷,
 (xv) -OCONR⁶R⁷,
 (xvi) -CONR⁶R⁷,

- (d) halogen,
 (e) -NR⁶R⁷,
 (f) -CN,
 (g) -CHO,
 (h) -CF₃,
 (i) -SR⁸, wherein R⁸ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, trifluoromethyl, or phenyl,
 (j) -SOR⁸,
 (k) -SO₂R⁸,
 (l) -CONR⁶R⁷,
 (m) R⁹O(CH₂)_m- wherein R⁹ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxy-C₂₋₃alkyl, -CF₃, phenyl, R¹¹ or naphthyl and m is 0, 1, 2, or 3,
 (n) -CH(OR¹²)(OR¹³)- wherein R¹² and R¹³ are C₁₋₃alkyl or taken together form an ethyl or propyl bridge,
 (o)



wherein R⁹ and m are as defined above,
 (p)



wherein R⁹ and m are as defined above, and

(q) -R¹¹;

or any two of X₁, Y and Z may be joined to form a saturated ring having 5, 6 or 7 ring atoms, said ring atoms comprising 1 or 2 oxygen atoms, the remaining ring atoms being carbon, such as dioxolanyl or dioxanyl;

5 X', Y' and Z' independently are selected from:

(a) hydrogen,

(b) C₁₋₇ alkyl,

(c) C₂₋₆ alkenyl,

(d) halogen,

10 (e) -(CH₂)_m-NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶, R⁷, and m are as defined above,

(f) -CN,

(g) -CHO,

(h) -CF₃,

(i) -SR⁸, wherein R⁸ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆ alkyl, trifluoromethyl, or phenyl,

15 (j) -SOR⁸, wherein R⁸ is as defined above,

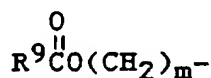
(k) -SO₂R⁸, wherein R⁸ is as defined above,

(l) -CONR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above,

(m) R⁹O(CH₂)_m- wherein R⁹ and m are as defined above,

(n) -CH(OR¹²)(OR¹³), wherein R¹² and R¹³ are as defined above,

20 (o)

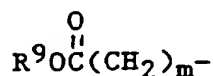


25

wherein R⁹ and m are as defined above,

(p)

30



wherein R⁹ and m are as defined above, and

35 (q) -R¹¹;

n is 1 or 2.

The compounds of the present invention have asymmetric centers and this invention includes all of the optical isomers and mixtures thereof.

In addition compounds with carbon-carbon double bonds may occur in Z- and E- forms with all isomeric forms of the compounds being included in the present invention.

40 When any variable (e.g., alkyl, aryl, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, X, Y, Z, etc.) occurs more than one time in any variable or in Formula I, its definition on each occurrence is independent of its definition at every other occurrence.

As used herein, the term "alkyl" includes those alkyl groups of a designated number of carbon atoms of either a straight, branched, or cyclic configuration. Examples of "alkyl" include methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, sec- and tert-butyl, pentyl, hexyl, heptyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, norbornyl, and the like. "Alkoxy" represents an alkyl group of indicated number of carbon atoms attached through an oxygen bridge, such as methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy and pentoxy. "Alkenyl" is intended to include hydrocarbon chains of a specified number of carbon atoms of either a straight- or branched-configuration and at least one unsaturation, which may occur at any point along the chain, such as ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, pentenyl, dimethylpentenyl, and the like, and includes E and Z forms, where applicable; and "heteroarylalkyl" represents heteroaryl groups as herein defined which are attached through a straight or branched chain alkyl group of from one to ten carbon atoms. "Halogen", as used herein, means fluoro, chloro, bromo and iodo.

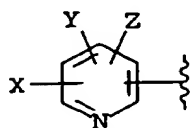
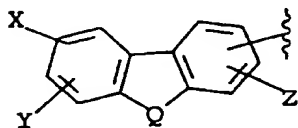
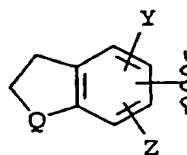
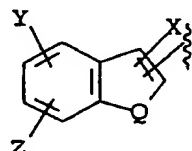
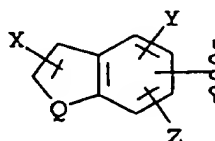
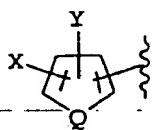
55 As will be understood by those skilled in the art, pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, but are not limited to salts with inorganic acids such as hydrochloride, sulfate, phosphate, diphosphate, hydrobromide, and nitrate or salts with an organic acid such as malate, maleate, fumarate, tartrate, succinate, citrate, acetate, lactate, methanesulfonate, p-toluenesulfonate or palmoate, salicylate and stearate. Similarly phar-

maceutically acceptable cations include, but are not limited to sodium, potassium, calcium, aluminum, lithium and ammonium (especially ammonium salts with amines of the formula HNR^6R^7).

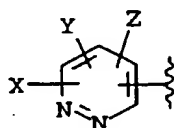
The heteroaryl group as used herein includes acridine, carbazole, cinnoline, dibenzofuran, dibenzothiofene, quinoxaline, pyrrole, indole, benzotriazole, furan, benzofuran, quinoline, isoquinoline, pyrazine, pyridazine, pyridine, pyrimidine, pyrrole which are optionally substituted.

In the compounds of Formula I the heteroaryl group may be optionally substituted with X, Y and Z at any available carbon atom or nitrogen atom (if present), but compounds bearing certain of X, Y and Z directly substituted to a nitrogen atom of the heteroaryl ring may be relatively unstable and are not preferred.

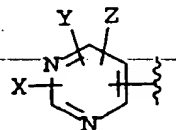
The term "heteroaryl" as utilized herein is intended to include the following heteraromatic groups which may include X, Y and Z substitution as indicated and wherein Q is -N(X)-, -O-, -S-, -SO-, or -SO₂-:



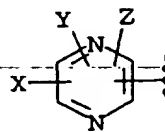
(Pyridine)



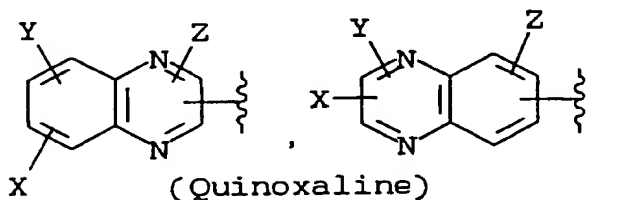
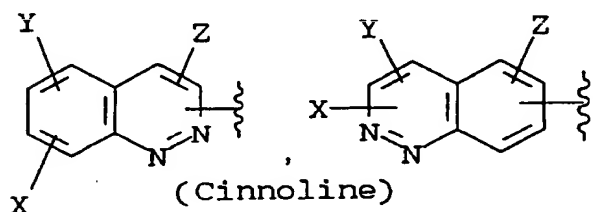
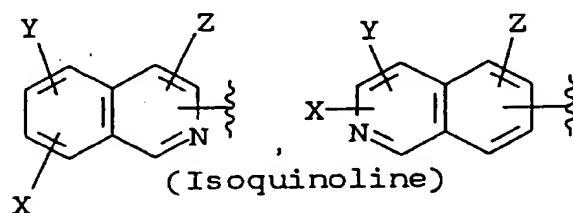
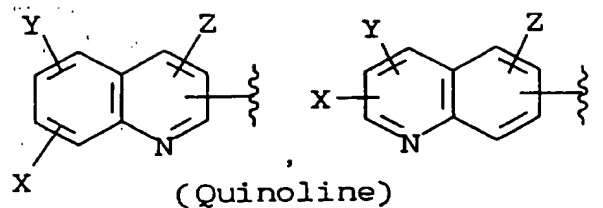
(Pyridazine)



(Pyrimidine)



(Pyrazine)

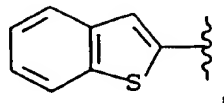
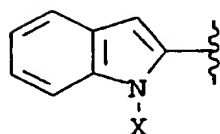
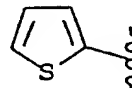
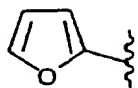
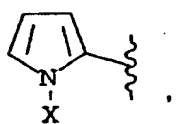
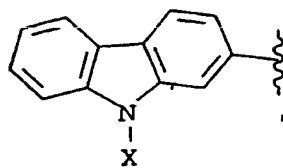
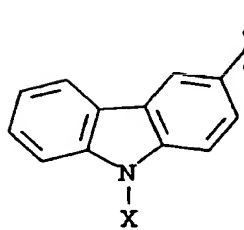
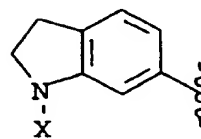
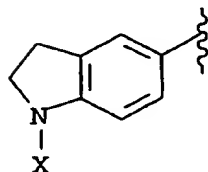
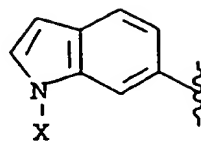
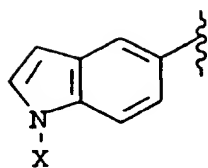


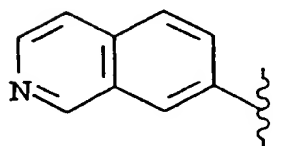
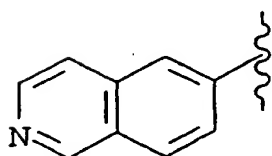
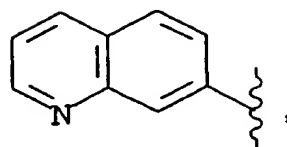
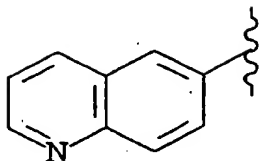
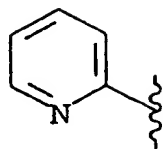
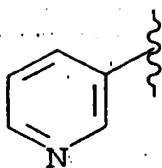
25

The aryl or aromatic group may include phenyl or naphthyl which are optionally substituted by from one- to three-members independently selected from the group consisting of: alkyl, alkenyl, halogen, carboxyl, CHO, amino, mono-alkylamino, di-alkylamino, aminoalkyl, mono-alkylaminoalkyl, di-alkylaminoalkyl, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, trifluoromethyl, amido, mono-alkylamido, dialkylamido, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, R¹¹O-alkyl, alkoxy, -alkoxyalkyl, formamido, alkyl-CO₂-, -formamidoalkyl, -alkyl-CO₂-alkyl-, carboxyl, alkyl-CO₂H, alkyl-O₂C-, alkyl-O₂C-alkyl-, and OR¹¹.

30

In the compound of formula I it is preferred that heteroaryl is selected from the group consisting of:





and

wherein X is as defined above.

In the compound of formula I it is also preferred that:

R² is selected from:

- (1) hydrogen,
- (2) methyl,
- (3) ethyl,
- (4) propyl,
- (5) allyl,
- (6) R¹¹,
- (7) -C₂₋₃alkyl-OH; and
- (8) -C₂₋₃alkyl-OR¹¹.

R³ is selected from:

- (1) hydrogen,
- (2) hydroxy,
- (3) -OR¹¹, or

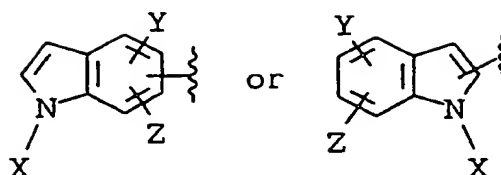
R³ and R⁴ taken together form a double bond;

R¹⁰ is hydrogen, hydroxy, fluoro, or -OR¹¹;

W is O; and

n is 2.

In one embodiment of the present invention, heteroaryl is indole, which may be represented by:



wherein X, Y and Z are as defined above,

Preferred compounds of the present invention are the compounds identified as follows:

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-furanyl)methoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-furanyl)methoxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(2-furanyl)methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-thiophene)-methoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-thiophene)-methoxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(3-thiophene)-methoxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(2-thiophene)methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(3-thiophene)methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-thiophene)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-benzothienyl)-oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)-oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Allyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)-oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Allyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Allyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

[illegible]

tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-

tetraone;

5 17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-

tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-

10 tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-

tetraone;

15 17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

20 17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-methoxy-N-tryptophanylcarbonylmethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(3-indolyl)ethylaminocarbonylmethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-

25 tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(3-hydroxypropyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

30 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-hydroxy-4''-(1-hydroxyethylindol-5-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-hydroxyethylindol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

35 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methylindol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-dibenzylphosphonoxy-ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

40 Monopotassium salt of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-phosphonoxy-ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(N,N-dimethylglycyloxy)ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

45 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-succinyloxyethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-phenylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-

50 tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-(2-hydroxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

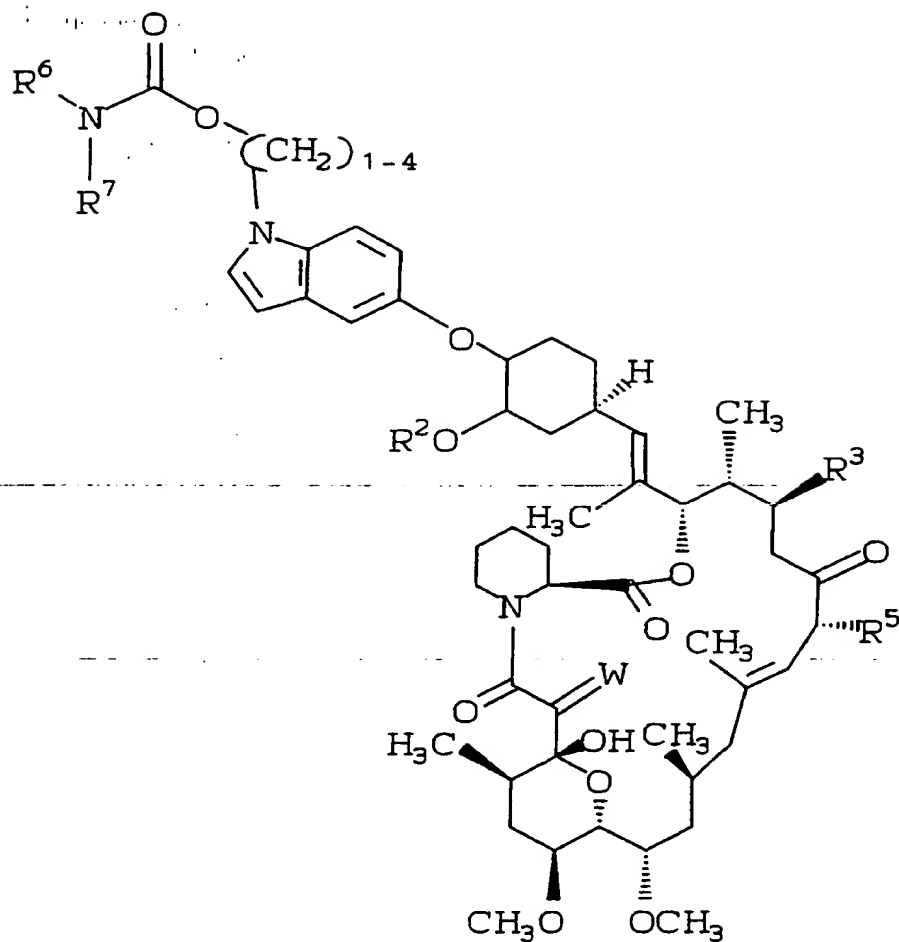
55 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1,3-dimethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(9'-methylcarbazol-3'-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

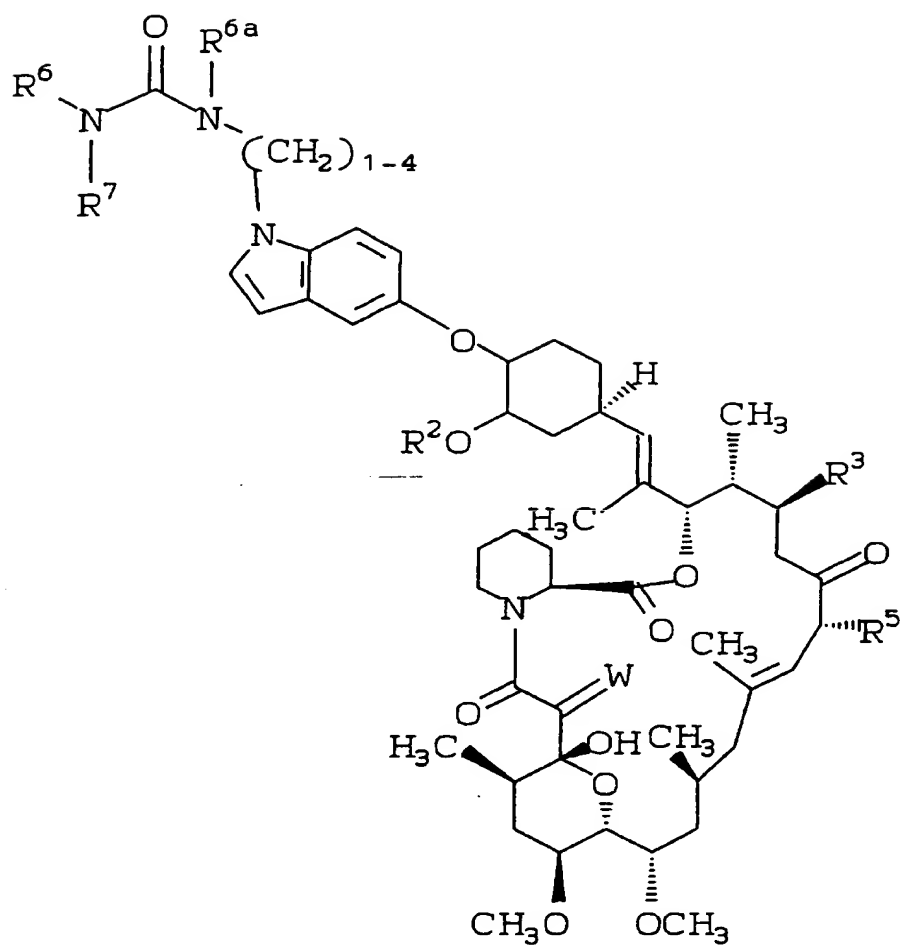
17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(3'''-diethylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-

- methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(3''''-dimethylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-
- 5 [22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(3''''-aminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(3''''-benzyloxycarbonyl-2''''-benzyloxycarbonylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
- 10 dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(aspartylloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
- 15 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(1''''-imidazolylcarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(1''''-piperazinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-
- 20 [22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-(2''''-hydroxy)ethylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-(isopropylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-
- 25 [22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-(1''''-piperidinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-(1''''-morpholinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-
- 30 [22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-(diphenylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-(diethylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-
- 35 [22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-(methanesulfonyloxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-(azidoethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
- 40 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-(aminoethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(t-butyl dimethylsilyloxyethoxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-
- 45 [22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(hydroxyethoxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;
 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-methoxy-4''-(1'''-(1''''-oxoprop-3''''-yl)indol-5'''-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone; and
- 55 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-methoxy-4''-(1'''-(1''''-carboxyethyl-2''''-yl)indol-5'''-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-

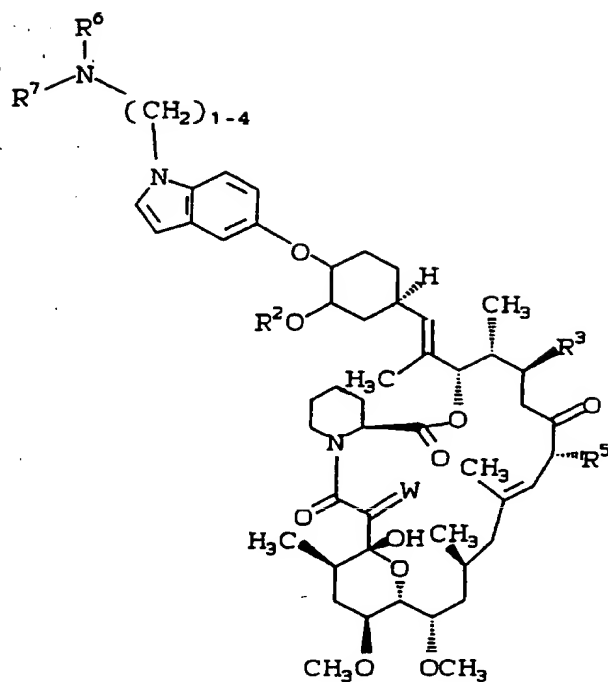
x



XI



XII



XIII

wherein R^{6a} is H or CH_3 and the definitions of R^2 , R^3 , R^5 , R^6 and R^7 are selected from the following groups of substituents:

R^6	R^7	R^2	R^3	R^5
phenyl	phenyl	CH_3	OH	ethyl
phenyl	H	CH_3	OH	ethyl
benzyl	H	CH_3	OH	ethyl
4- HO_2C -benzyl	H	CH_3	OH	ethyl

	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
5	4-HO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
10	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-HO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
15	3-Cl-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-pyridyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
20	3-pyridyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-pyridyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
25	3-pyridylmethyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-pyridylmethyl	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	phenyl	phenyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	phenyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
30	benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
35	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-HO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
40	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
45	3-HO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
50					
55					

	4-pyridyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-pyridyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
5	2-pyridyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-pyridylmethyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
10	2-pyridylmethyl	H	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	phenyl	phenyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	phenyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
15	benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
20	4-HO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
25	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
30	3-HO-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
35	4-pyridyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-pyridyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	2-pyridyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
40	3-pyridylmethyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	2-pyridylmethyl	H	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
45	CH ₃ CH ₂	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	(CH ₃) ₂ CH	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
50	HO ₂ CCH ₂ CH ₂	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl

	$\text{H}_2\text{NCOCH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	CH_3	OH	ethyl
	HOCH_2CH_2	H	CH_3	OH	ethyl
5	$\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	CH_3	OH	ethyl
	CH_3	CH_3	CH_3	OH	ethyl
	CH_3CH_2	CH_3CH_2	CH_3	OH	ethyl
10	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	CH_3	OH	ethyl
	HOCH_2CH_2	HOCH_2CH_2	CH_3	OH	ethyl
	$\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	$\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	CH_3	OH	ethyl
15	CH_3	H	CH_3	H	ethyl
	CH_3CH_2	H	CH_3	H	ethyl
	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	CH_3	H	ethyl
	$(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH}$	H	CH_3	H	ethyl
20	$\text{HO}_2\text{CCH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	CH_3	H	ethyl
	$\text{H}_2\text{NCOCH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	CH_3	H	ethyl
	HOCH_2CH_2	H	CH_3	H	ethyl
25	$\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	CH_3	H	ethyl
	CH_3	CH_3	CH_3	H	ethyl
	CH_3CH_2	CH_3CH_2	CH_3	H	ethyl
30	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	CH_3	H	ethyl
	HOCH_2CH_2	HOCH_2CH_2	CH_3	H	ethyl
	$\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	$\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	CH_3	H	ethyl
35	CH_3	H	H	OH	ethyl
	CH_3CH_2	H	H	OH	ethyl
	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	H	OH	ethyl
	$(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH}$	H	H	OH	ethyl
40	$\text{HO}_2\text{CCH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	H	OH	ethyl
	$\text{H}_2\text{NCOCH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	H	OH	ethyl
	HOCH_2CH_2	H	H	OH	ethyl
45	$\text{HOCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	H	OH	ethyl
	CH_3	CH_3	H	OH	ethyl
	CH_3CH_2	CH_3CH_2	H	OH	ethyl
50	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$	H	OH	ethyl

HOCH ₂ CH ₂	HOCH ₂ CH ₂	H	OH	ethyl
HOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂	HOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂	H	OH	ethyl

5

-CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₂ -	CH ₃	H	ethyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ -	CH ₃	H	ethyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₂ -	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ -	H	OH	ethyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₂ -	H	OH	ethyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ -	H	OH	ethyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₂ -	CH ₃	H	allyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ -	CH ₃	H	allyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₂ -	CH ₃	OH	allyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ -	H	OH	allyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₂ CH ₂ -	H	OH	allyl
-CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ -	H	OH	allyl.

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Representative compounds of the present invention include the compounds of formula XIV, XV, XVI and XVII:

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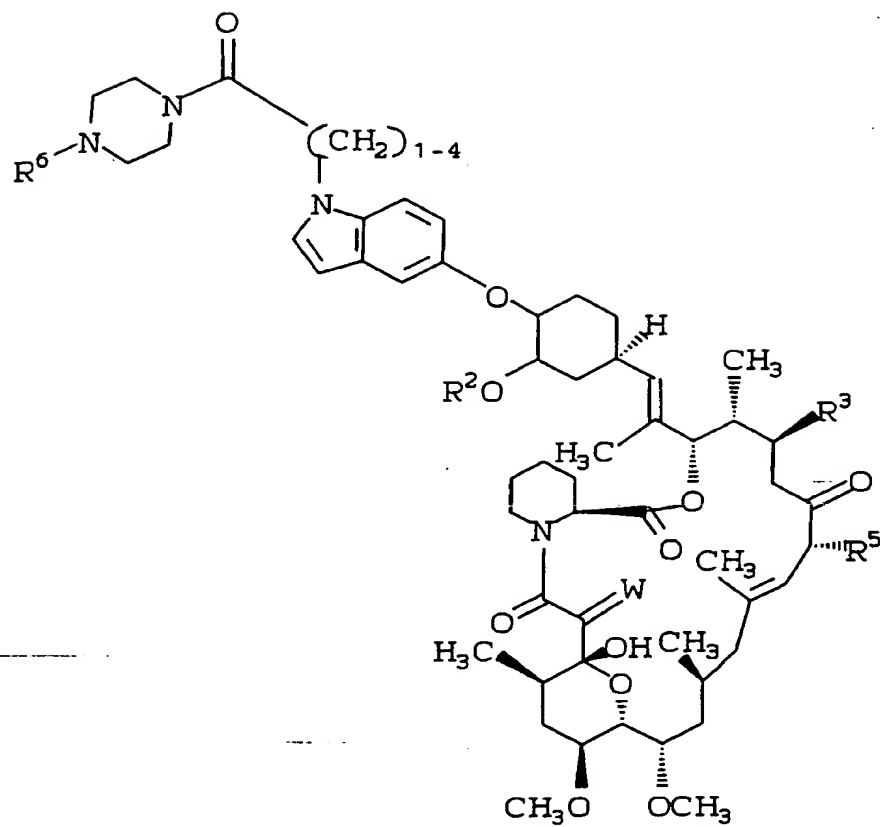
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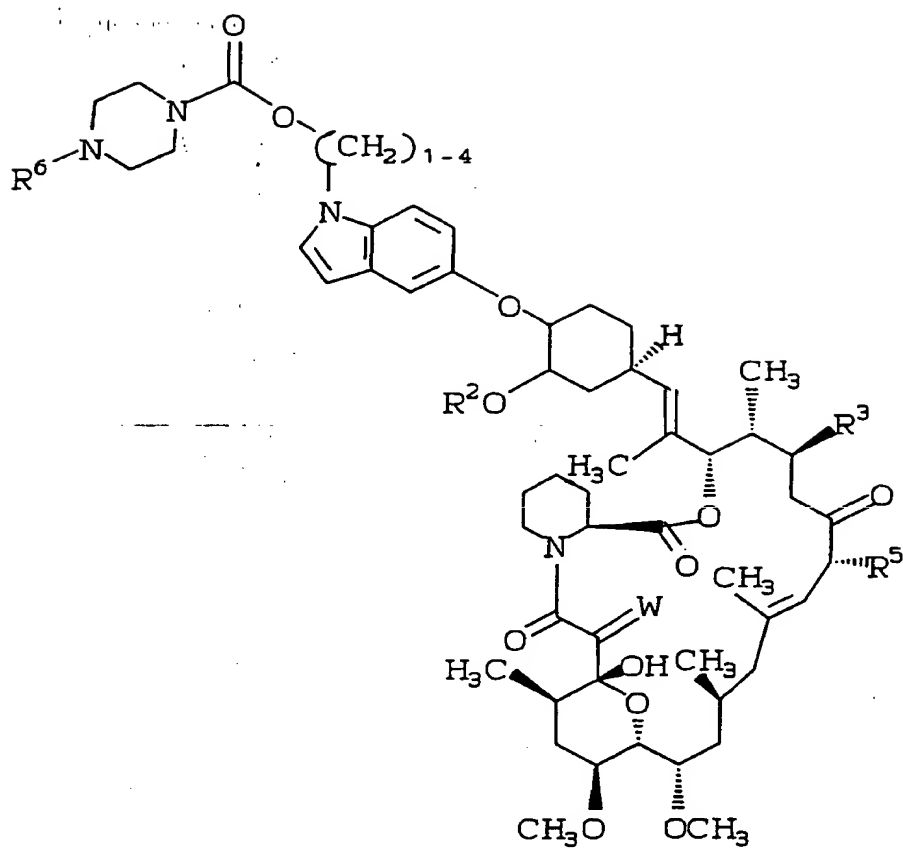
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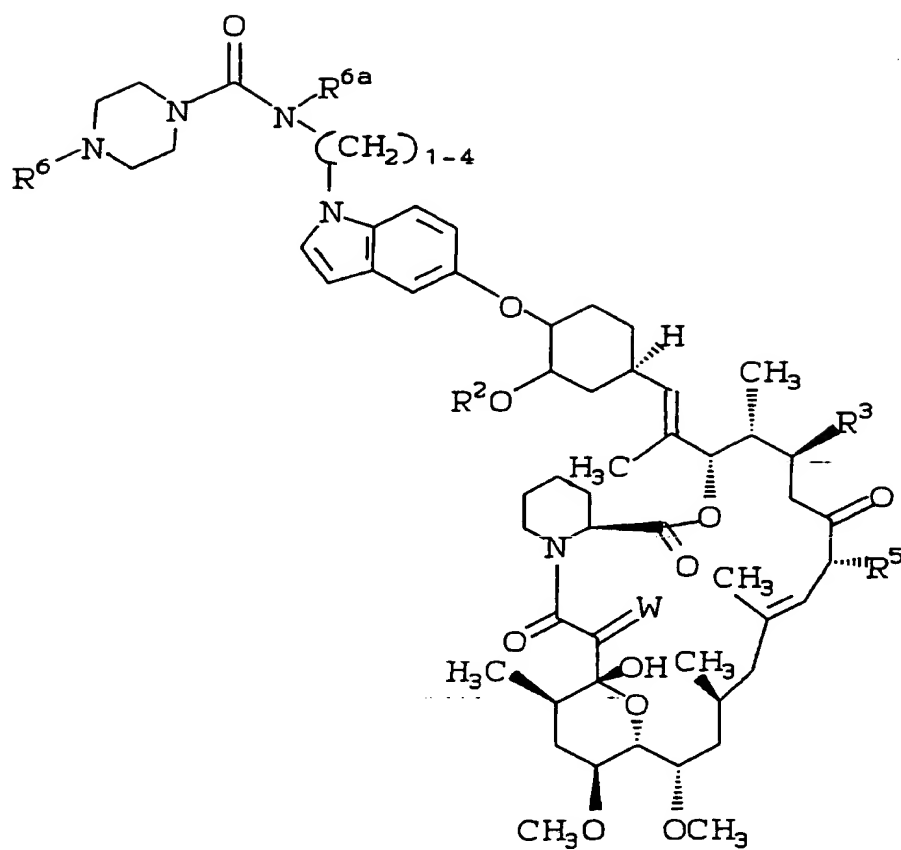
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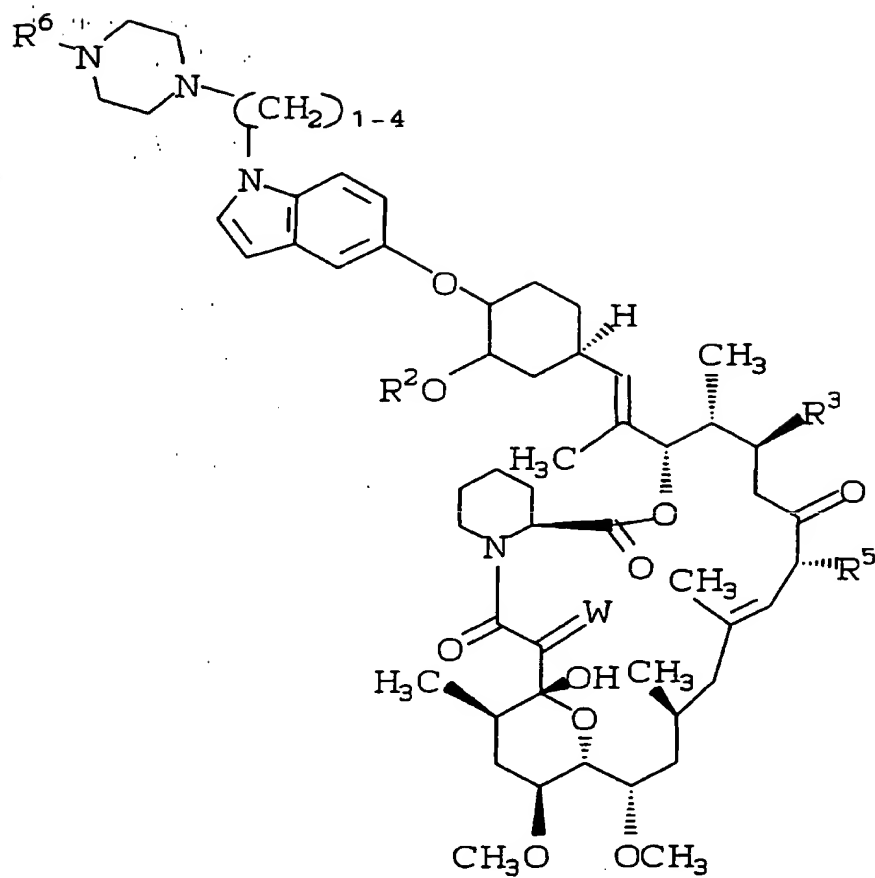
XIV



XV



XVI



XVII

wherein R^{6a} is H or CH_3 and R^2 , R^3 , R^5 and R^6 are selected from the following groups of substituents:

	R^6	R^2	R^3	R^5
5	H	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	CH ₃	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	CH ₃ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
10	CH ₂ =CHCH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	(CH ₃) ₂ CH	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
15	HO ₂ CCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	H ₂ NCOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	HOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	HOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
20	(CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	phenyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
25	3-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
30	2-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
35	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
40	4-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl

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	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
5	3-CH ₃ -benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
10	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
15	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	CH ₃ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	CH ₂ =CHCH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
20	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	(CH ₃) ₂ CH	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	HO ₂ CCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
25	H ₂ NCOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	HOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	HOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
30	(CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	phenyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-pyridyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-pyridyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
35	2-pyridyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
40	2-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
45	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl

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	4-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
5	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
10	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
15	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
20	2-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
25	CH ₃	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	CH ₃ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	CH ₂ =CHCH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
30	(CH ₃) ₂ CH	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	HO ₂ CCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	H ₂ NCOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
35	HOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	HOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	(CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
40	phenyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	2-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
45	4-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl

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	3-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	2-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
5	benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
10	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
15	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
20	3-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
25	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	2-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
30	2-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl.

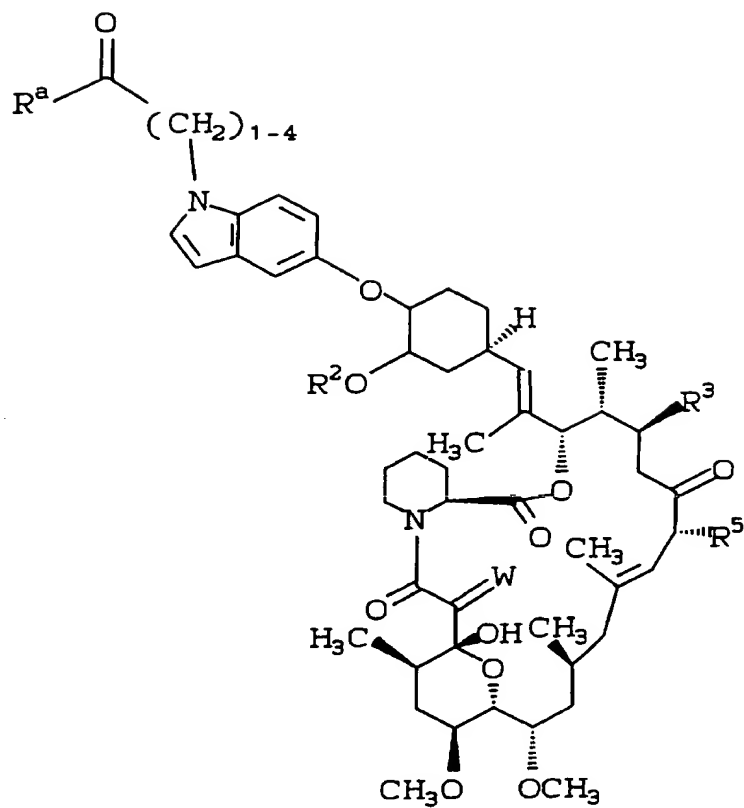
35 Representative compounds of the present invention include the compounds of Formula XVIII, XIX, XX and XXI:

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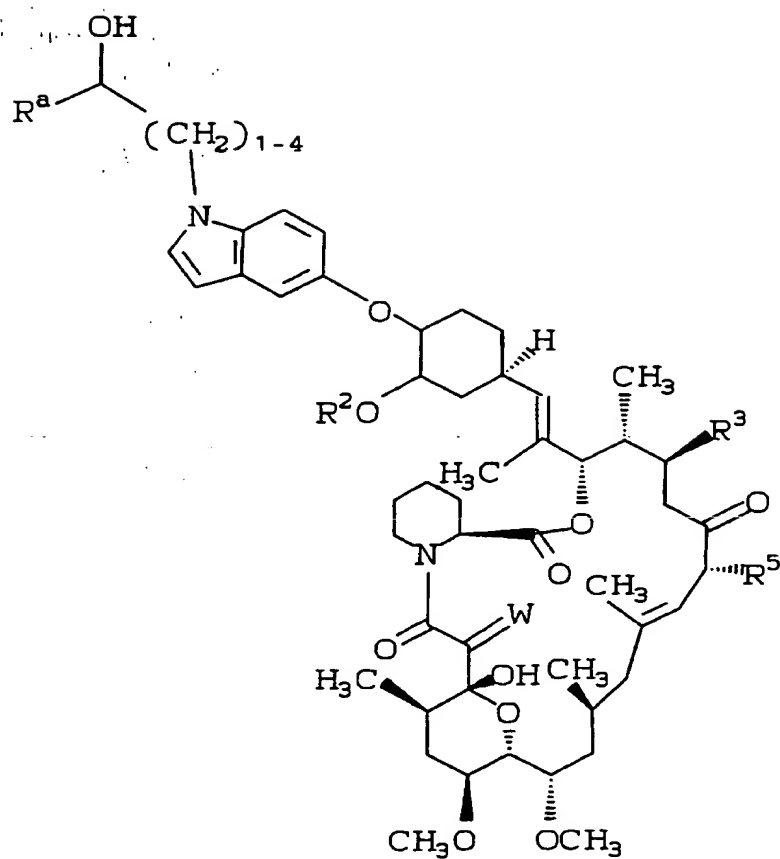
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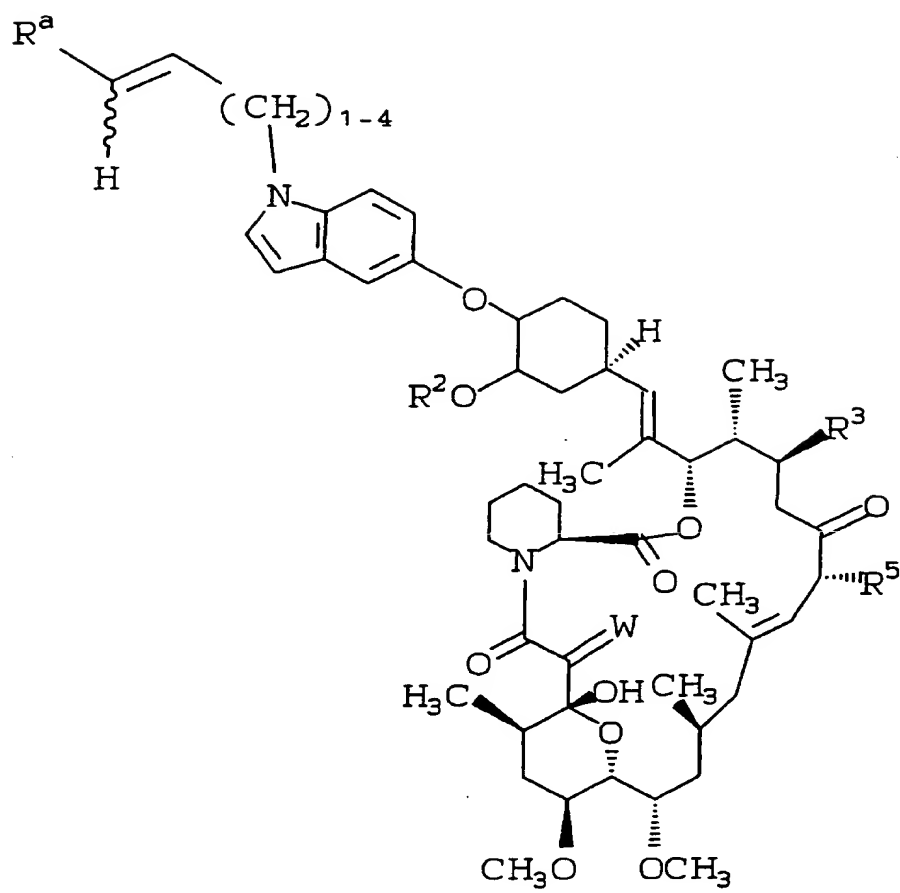
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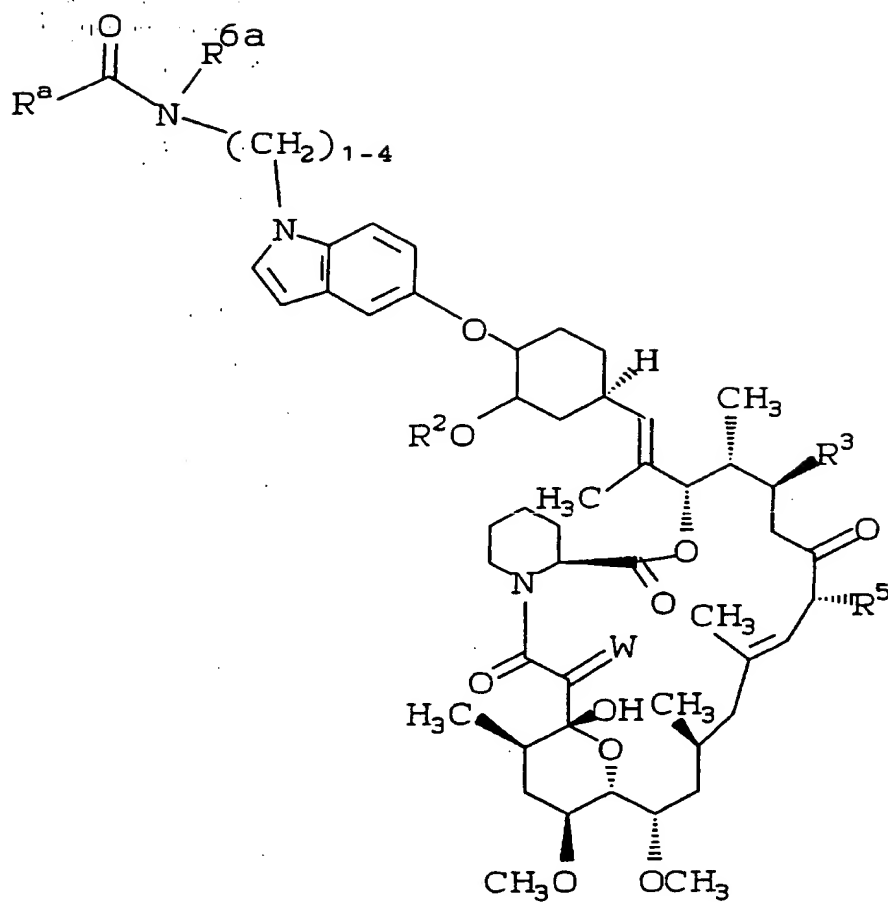
XVIII



XIX



XX



XXI

wherein R^{6a} is H or CH_3 and R , R^2 , R^3 and R^5 are selected from the following groups of substituents:

	R^a	R^2	R^3	R^5
5	CH ₃	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	CH ₃ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	CH ₂ =CHCH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
10	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	(CH ₃) ₂ CH	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	HO ₂ CCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
15	H ₂ NCOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	HOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	HOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	(CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
20	phenyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
25	2-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
30	benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
35	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
40	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
45	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl

50

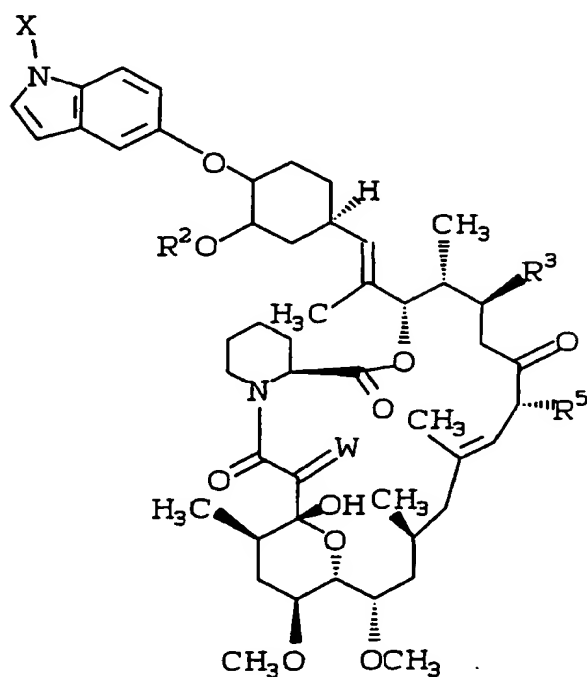
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	3-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
5	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
10	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
15	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	CH ₃	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	CH ₃ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	CH ₂ =CHCH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
20	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	(CH ₃) ₂ CH	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	HO ₂ CCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
25	H ₂ NCOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	HOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	HOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	(CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	H	ethyl
30	phenyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-pyridyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-pyridyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
35	2-pyridyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
40	2-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
45	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
50	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl

	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
5	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
10	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
15	2-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
20	CH ₃	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	CH ₃ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	CH ₂ =CHCH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
25	CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	(CH ₃) ₂ CH	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	HO ₂ CCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	H ₂ NCOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
30	HOCH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	HOCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	(CH ₃) ₂ CH ₂	CH ₃	OH	allyl
35	phenyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
40	2-pyridyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
45	2-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
50	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl

4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
4-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
4-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl.

Representative compounds of the present invention include the compounds of Formula XVIII:



XVIII

wherein X, R², R³ and

R⁵ are selected from the following groups of substituents:

5	X	R ²	R ³	R ⁵
	1-imidazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-imidazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
10	3-thiazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-thiazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-oxazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
15	5-tetrazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
20	2-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
25	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
30	4-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
35	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
40	3-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
45	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
50	2-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl

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	3-(4-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
5	3-(2-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-phenylimidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
10	3-(4-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
15	3-(4-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
20	3-(3-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
25	3-(3-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(2-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
30	3-(2-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(2-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(2-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
35	3-(2-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(2-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
	3-(2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	ethyl
40	1-imidazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-imidazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-thiazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-thiazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
45	2-oxazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	5-tetrazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
50	3-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl

	2-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
5	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
10	4-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
15	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
20	3-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
25	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
30	2-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	2-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
35	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(4-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(3-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
40	3-(2-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-phenylimidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(4-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(4-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
45	3-(4-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(4-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(4-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
50	3-(4-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl

	3-(4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(3-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
5	3-(3-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(3-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(3-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
10	3-(3-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(3-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(2-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
15	3-(2-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(2-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(2-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
20	3-(2-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(2-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
	3-(2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	ethyl
25	1-imidazolylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	2-imidazolylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-thiazolylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	2-thiazolylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
30	2-oxazolylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	5-tetrazolylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
35	3-pyridylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	2-pyridylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
40	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	4-HO-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
45	4-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
50	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl

	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
5	3-HO-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
10	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
15	2-HO-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	2-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	2-Cl-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
20	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(2-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
25	3-phenylimidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
30	3-(4-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
35	3-(4-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
40	3-(3-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
45	3-(3-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(2-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
50	3-(2-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl

	3-(2-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(2-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
5	3-(2-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(2-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
	3-(2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	ethyl
10	1-imidazolylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	2-imidazolylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-thiazolylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	2-thiazolylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
15	2-oxazolylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	5-tetrazolylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
20	3-pyridylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	2-pyridylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	benzyl	H	H	ethyl
25	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	4-HO-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
30	4-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
35	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-HO-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
40	3-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
45	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
50	2-HO-benzyl	H	H	ethyl

	2-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	2-Cl-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
5	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(4-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(3-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
10	3-(2-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-phenylimidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(4-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(4-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
15	3-(4-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(4-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(4-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
20	3-(4-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(3-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
25	3-(3-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(3-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(3-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(3-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
30	3-(3-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(2-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
35	3-(2-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(2-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(2-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
40	3-(2-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(2-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	3-(2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	ethyl
	1-imidazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
45	2-imidazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-thiazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	2-thiazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
50	2-oxazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl

5-tetrazolylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
4-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
5 3-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
10 4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
15 4-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
4-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
4-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
20 3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
25 3-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
30 2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
35 2-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
2-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
40 2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-(4-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-(3-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
45 3-(2-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-phenylimidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-(4-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
3-(4-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
50 3-(4-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl

	3-(4-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(4-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
5	3-(4-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(3-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
10	3-(3-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(3-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(3-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(3-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
15	3-(3-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(2-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
20	3-(2-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(2-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(2-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
25	3-(2-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(2-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
	3-(2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	OH	allyl
30	1-imidazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	2-imidazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-thiazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	2-thiazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
35	2-oxazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	5-tetrazolylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
40	3-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	2-pyridylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
45	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	4-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
50	4-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl

	4-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
5	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
10	3-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
15	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
20	2-HO-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	2-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	2-Cl-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
25	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(4-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(3-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(2-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
30	3-phenylimidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(4-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(4-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
35	3-(4-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(4-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(4-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
40	3-(4-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(3-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(3-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
45	3-(3-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(3-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(3-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
50	3-(3-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl

	3-(3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(2-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
5	3-(2-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(2-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(2-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
10	3-(2-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(2-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	3-(2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	CH ₃	H	allyl
	1-imidazolylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
15	2-imidazolylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-thiazolylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	2-thiazolylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
20	2-oxazolylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	5-tetrazolylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
25	3-pyridylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	2-pyridylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
30	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	4-HO-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
35	4-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
40	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-HO-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
45	3-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-Cl-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
50	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	OH	allyl

	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
5	2-HO-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	2-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	2-Cl-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
10	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(4-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(3-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(2-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
15	3-phenylimidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(4-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(4-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
20	3-(4-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(4-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(4-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
25	3-(4-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(3-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(3-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
30	3-(3-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(3-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(3-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
35	3-(3-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(2-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
40	3-(2-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(2-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(2-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(2-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
45	3-(2-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl
	3-(2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	OH	allyl

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	1-imidazolylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	2-imidazolylmethyl	H	H	allyl
5	3-thiazolylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	2-thiazolylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	2-oxazolylmethyl	H	H	allyl
10	5-tetrazolylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	4-pyridylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-pyridylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	2-pyridylmethyl	H	H	allyl
15	benzyl	H	H	allyl
	4-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	4-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	H	allyl
20	4-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	4-HO-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	4-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	4-Cl-benzyl	H	H	allyl
25	4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	3-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	3-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	H	allyl
30	3-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	3-HO-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	3-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	H	allyl
35	3-Cl-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	2-HO ₂ C-benzyl	H	H	allyl
40	2-H ₂ NCO-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	2-CH ₃ O-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	2-HO-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	2-R ¹¹ O-benzyl	H	H	allyl
45	2-Cl-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-benzyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(4-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
50	3-(3-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl

	3-(2-pyridyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-phenylimidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
5	3-(4-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(4-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(4-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(4-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
10	3-(4-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(4-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(4-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
15	3-(3-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(3-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(3-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(3-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
20	3-(3-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(3-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(3-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
25	3-(2-HO ₂ C-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(2-H ₂ NCO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(2-CH ₃ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
30	3-(2-HO-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(2-R ¹¹ O-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
	3-(2-Cl-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl
35	3-(2-(CH ₃) ₂ N-phenyl)-imidazol-2-ylmethyl	H	H	allyl.

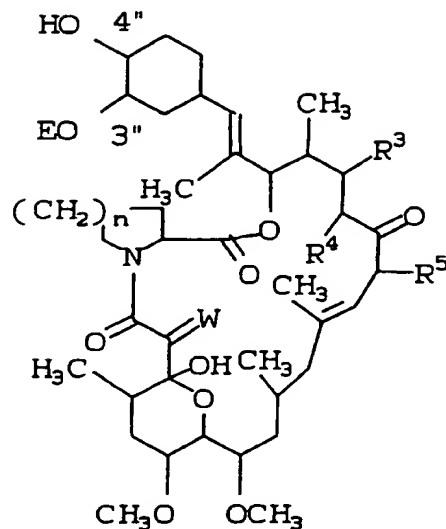
B. Preparation of Compounds Within the Scope of the Present Invention

40 The starting materials for the preparation of the compounds of this invention are represented by Formula II:

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55



II

wherein:

E is hydrogen or methyl;

W is O or (H, OH);

R³ is hydrogen, hydroxy, or C₁₋₆ alkoxy;

R⁴ is hydrogen, or R³ and R⁴ taken together form a double bond;

R⁵ is methyl, ethyl, propyl or allyl; and

n is 1 or 2.

The production and characterization of compounds of Formula II is well known in the literature (see U.S. Patent No. 4,894,366 issued January 16, 1990; U.S. Patent No. 4,929,611 issued May 29, 1990; U.S. Patent No. 3,244,592 issued April 15, 1966; EPO Publication No. 0,323,042; EPO Publication No. 0,356,399; PBJ Disclosure 63-17884; J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1987, 109, 5031; J. Antibiotics, 1987, 40, 1249; J. Antibiotics, 1988, 41(11), 1592; and J. Antibiotics, 1992, 45(1), 118). Both biological fermentation and synthetic processes may be found. A synthetic route to compounds of Formula II can involve modifications of a route described in J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1989, 111, 1157.

Biological fermentation followed by synthetic modification is presently favored in the art as the method to produce compounds of Formula II. Organisms belonging to the genus *Streptomyces* such as *Streptomyces tsukubaensis*, No. 9993 and *Streptomyces hygroscopicus*, var. *ascomycetis*, No. 14891 placed in an aqueous nutrient medium will produce desired compounds in isolable amounts. The nutrient medium contains sources of assimilable carbon and nitrogen, preferably under aerobic conditions. Produced in fermentation are four compounds of Formula II, (A) where E is methyl, W is O, R³ is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is allyl and n is 2; (B) where E is methyl, W is O, R³ is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is ethyl and n is 2; (C) where E is methyl, W is O, R³ is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is methyl and n is 2; and (D) where E is methyl W is O, R³ is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is allyl and n is 1.

A lyophilized sample of the isolated *Streptomyces tsukubaensis*, No. 9993 was deposited with the Fermentation Research Institute, Agency of Industrial Science and Technology (No. 1-3, Higashi 1-chome, Yatabemachi Tsukuba-gun, Ibaraki Prefecture, Japan) under the deposit number of FERM P-7886 (deposit date: October 5th, 1984), and then converted to Budapest Treaty route of the same depository on October 19, 1985 under the new deposit number of FERM BP-927.

Using the four compounds produced in fermentation above, the remaining compounds of Formula II may be easily produced. The allyl of R⁵ may be conveniently reduced to propyl by well known methods, for example as described in U.S. Patent No. 4,894,366. The hydroxy of R³ may be protected by well known methods, for example as disclosed in EPO Publication No. 0,323,042. Likewise, the hydroxyl at C-4'' may

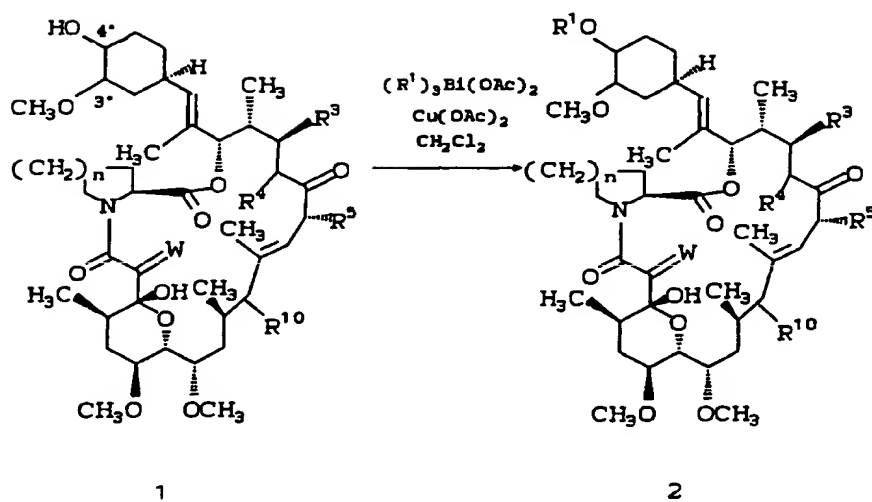
also be protected. In addition, the hydroxy of R³ may be reduced to a hydrogen or eliminated to form a double bond with R⁴ (by methods disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 4,894,366, EPO Publication No. 0,323,042 or EPO Publication No. 0,413,532). The carbonyl of W may be reduced to the alcohol by methods disclosed in EPO Publication No. 0,323,042 or by methods disclosed in EPO Publication No. 0,445,975.

5 The methyl of E as produced may be replaced with hydrogen or demethylated and subsequently protected as desired, if necessary. This demethylation of compounds wherein E is methyl may be carried out in a fermentation reaction using the compounds of Formula II as a feedstock. For instance, compound A named under Formula II above may be demethylated at E above by using the microorganism *Actinomyces* ATCC No. 53771 (described in U.S. Patent No. 4,981,792) or by using the microorganism *Streptomyces tsukubaensis*, No. 9993 (described in EPO Publication No. 0,353,678). Similarly, compound B
10 named under Formula II above may be demethylated at E above using the microorganism *Actinoplanes* sp. ATCC No. 53771 (described in EPO Publication No. 0,349,061). In addition the compound of Formula II wherein E is H, W is O, R³ is hydroxy, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is ethyl and n is 2 may be produced directly by fermentation using the mutant microorganism *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* sup. *ascomyceticus*, No. 53855
15 (being a blocked mutant of *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* sup. *ascomyceticus*, No. 14891) (as described in EPO Publication No. 0,388,152). Similarly, the compound of Formula II wherein E is hydrogen, W is O, R³ is hydroxy, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is methyl and n is 2 may be produced directly by fermentation using the mutant microorganism *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* sup. *ascomyceticus*, No. 53855 (being a blocked mutant of *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* sup. *ascomyceticus*, No. 14891) (EPO Publication No. 0,388,153).
20 The hydroxy of C-3" may be protected by methods similar to those known for the protection of the hydroxyl groups of R³ and/or C-4", for example as disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 4,894,366.

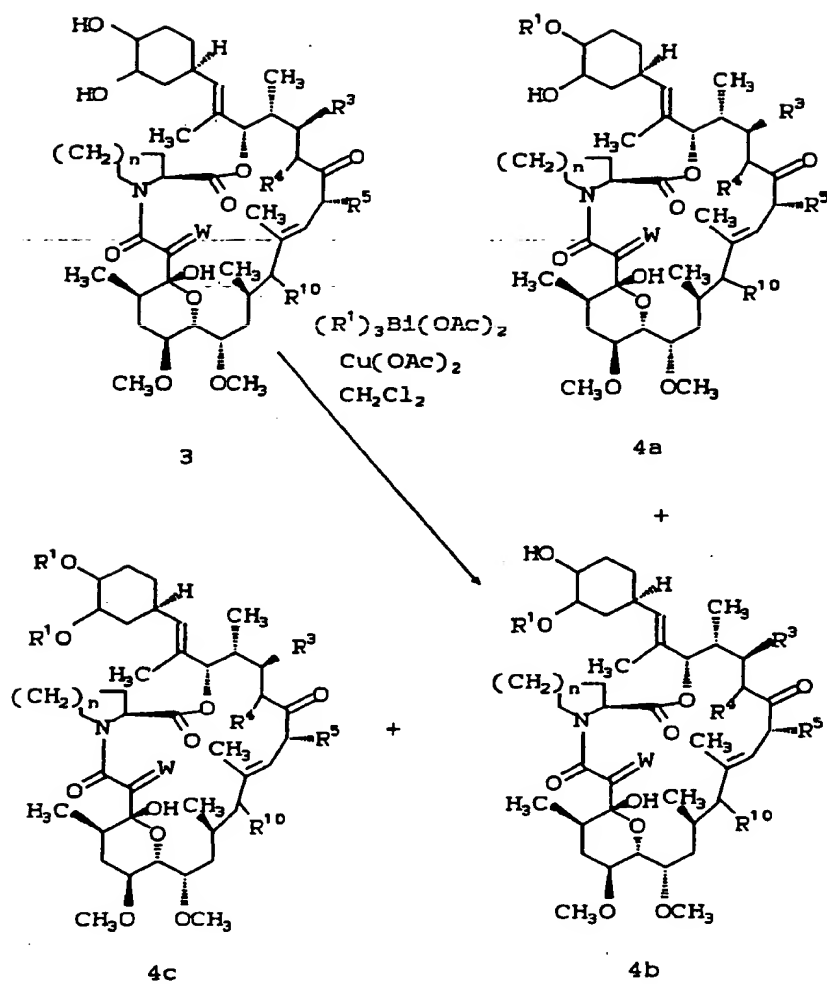
Suitable protecting groups for hydroxyl include those groups well known in the art such as: methylthiomethyl, ethylthiomethyl; trisubstituted silyl such as trimethylsilyl, triethylsilyl, tributylsilyl, tri-*i*-propylsilyl, *t*-butyldimethylsilyl, tri-*t*-butylsilyl, methyl-diphenylsilyl, ethyldiphenylsilyl, *t*-butyldiphenylsilyl, and the like;
25 acyl such as acetyl, pivaloyl benzoyl, 4-methoxybenzoyl, 4-nitrobenzoyl and aliphatic acyl substituted with aromatic group, which are derived from carboxylic acids; and the like.

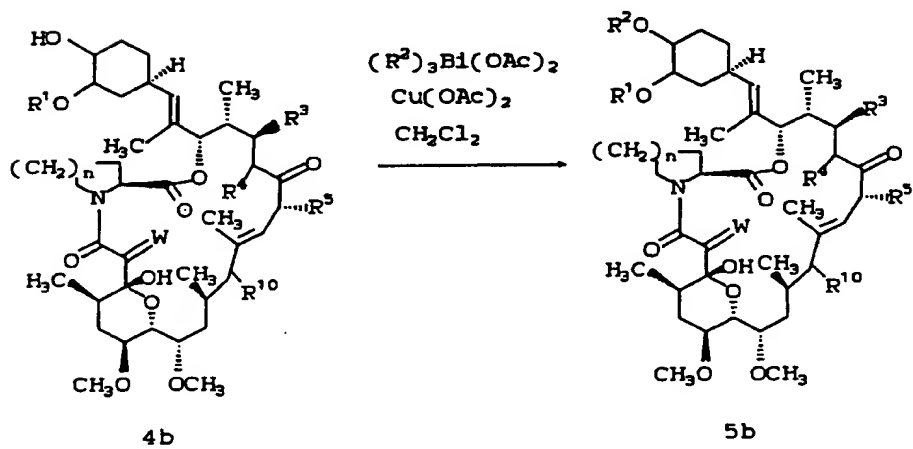
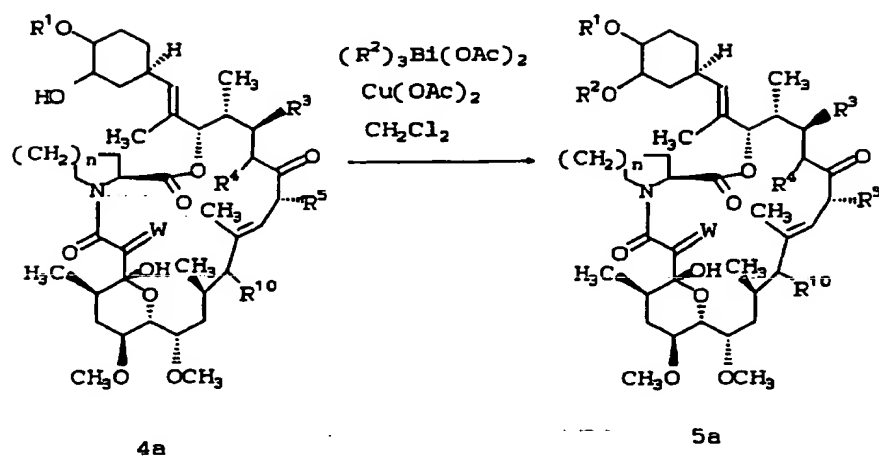
Compounds A, B, C and D of Formula II, organisms to produce the same, conditions of fermentation, separation techniques, and chemical modification of the products are fully described in U.S. Patent No. 4,894,366, dated January 16, 1990, U.S. Patent No. 4,929,611, issued May 29, 1990 and U.S. Patent No. 5,110,811, issued May 5, 1992.
30

The novel processes for preparing the novel compounds of the present invention are illustrated as follows, wherein R¹, R², R³, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹, E, W and n are as defined above unless otherwise indicated. It will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art reviewing the synthetic route depicted below that other compounds within Formula I can be synthesized by substitution of appropriate reactants
35 and agents in the synthesis shown below.

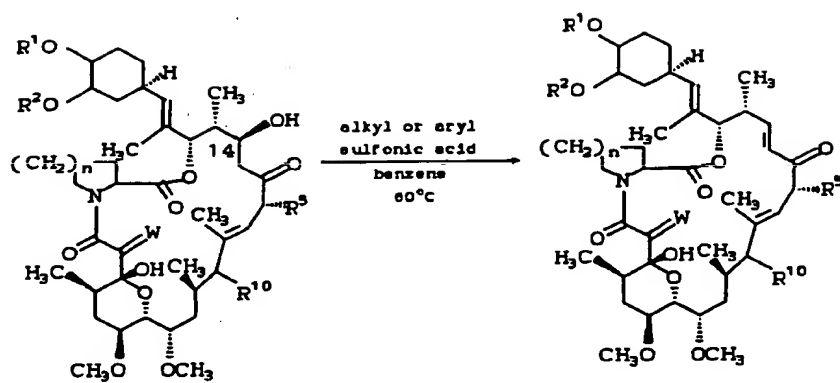
REACTION SCHEME A

REACTION SCHEME B

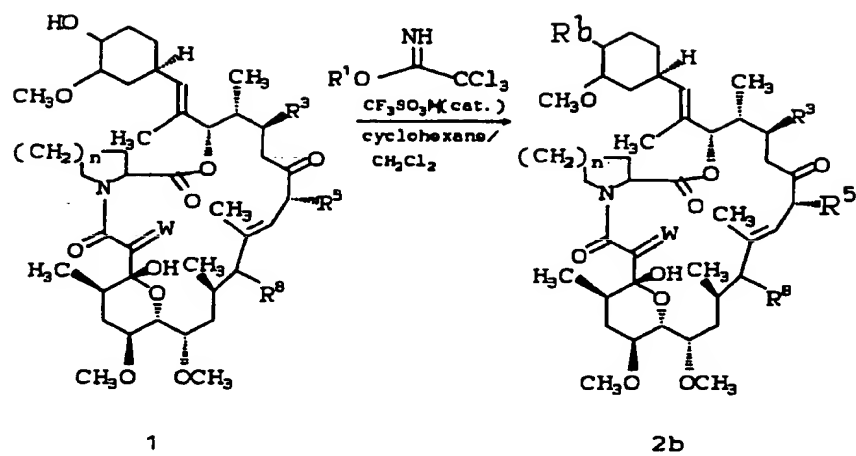


REACTION SCHEME B (CONT.)

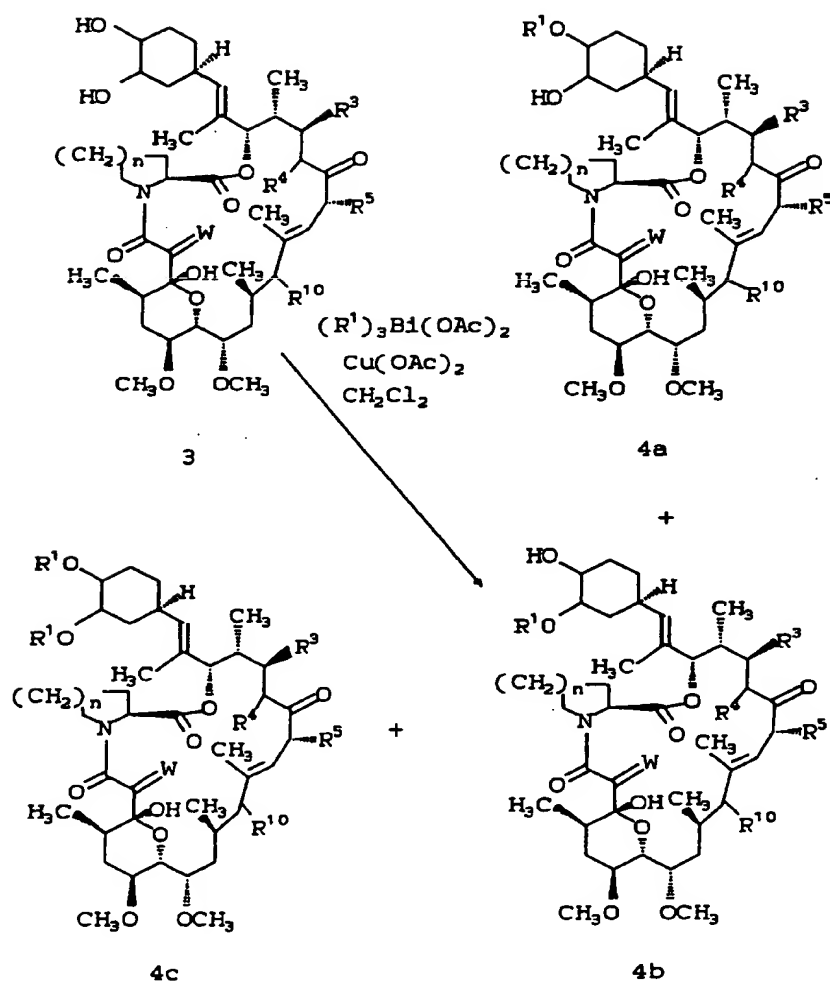
REACTION SCHEME C



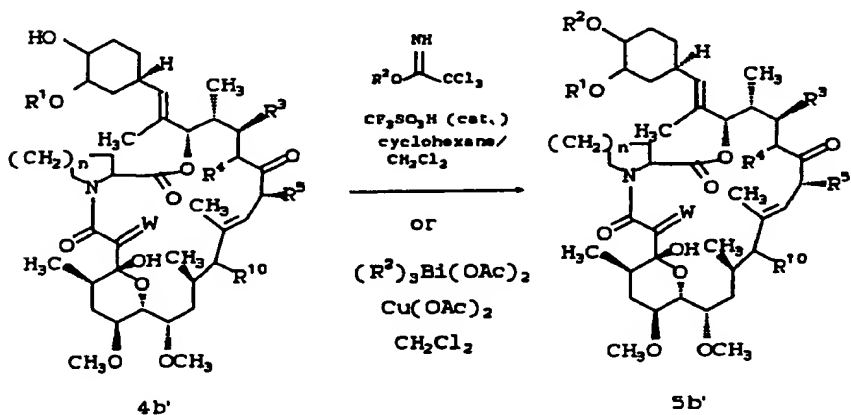
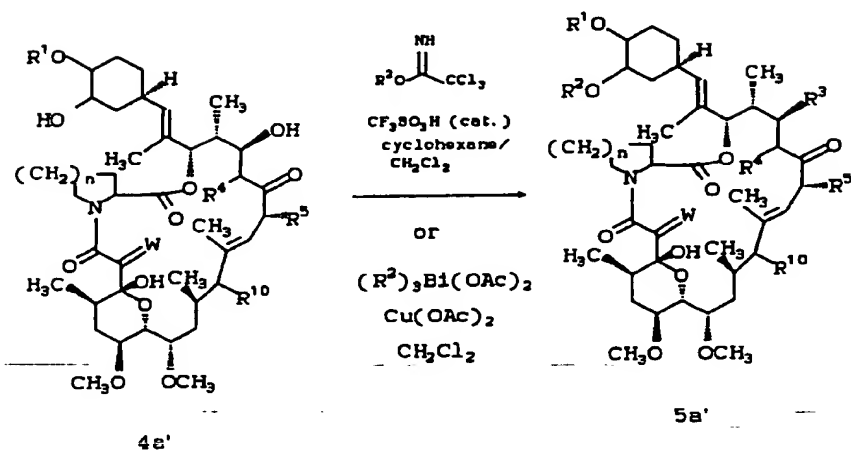
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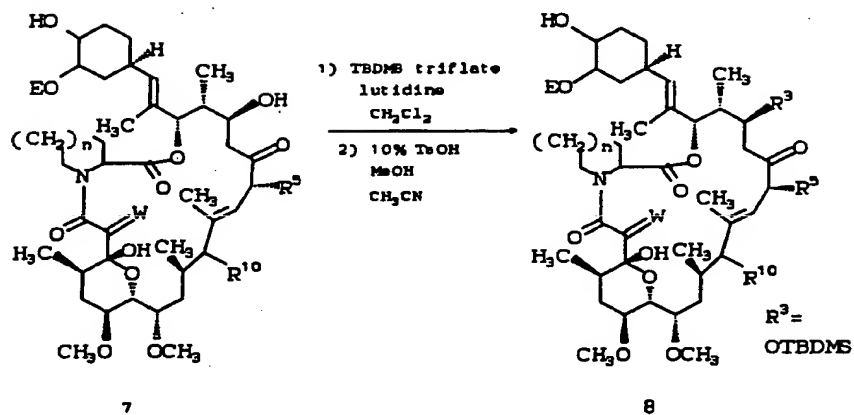
REACTION SCHEME D

REACTION SCHEME E

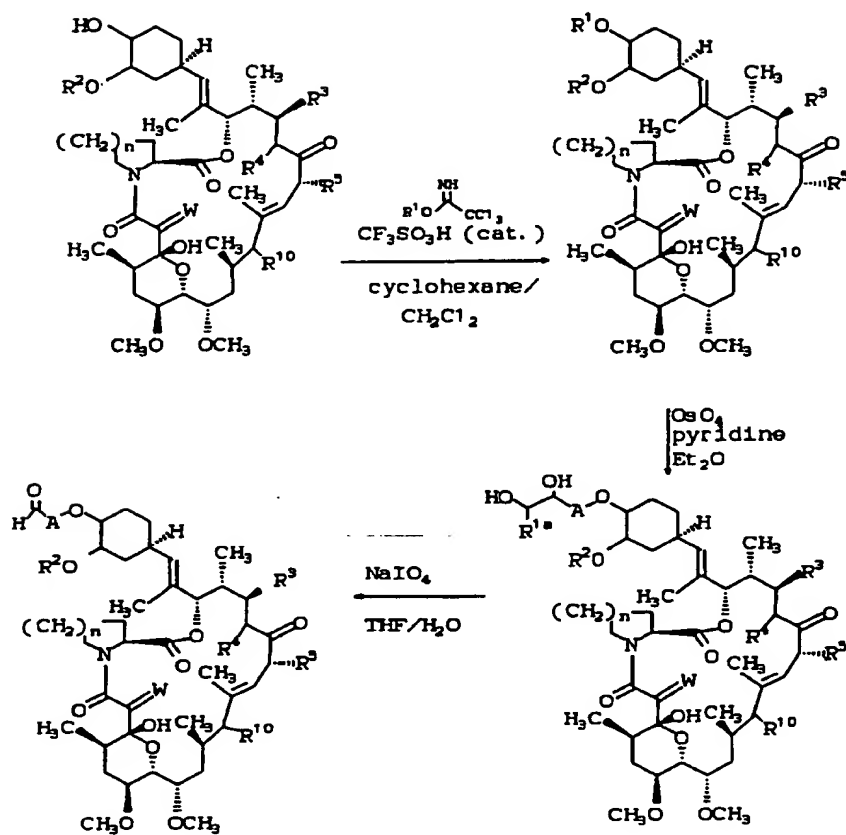


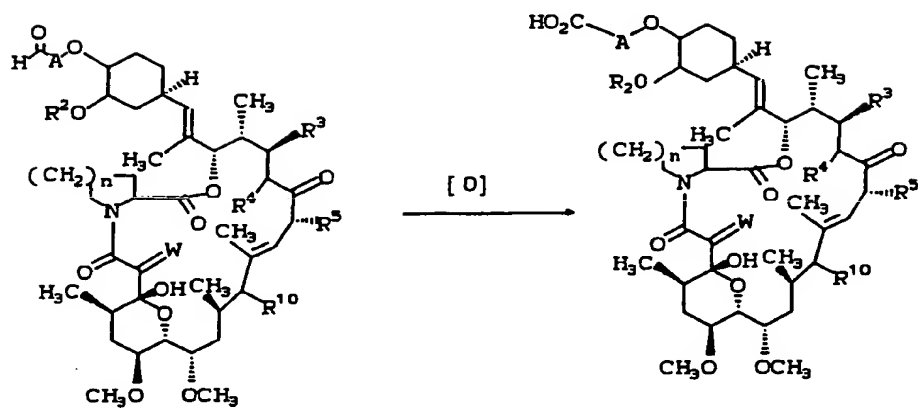
REACTION SCHEME E (CONT.)



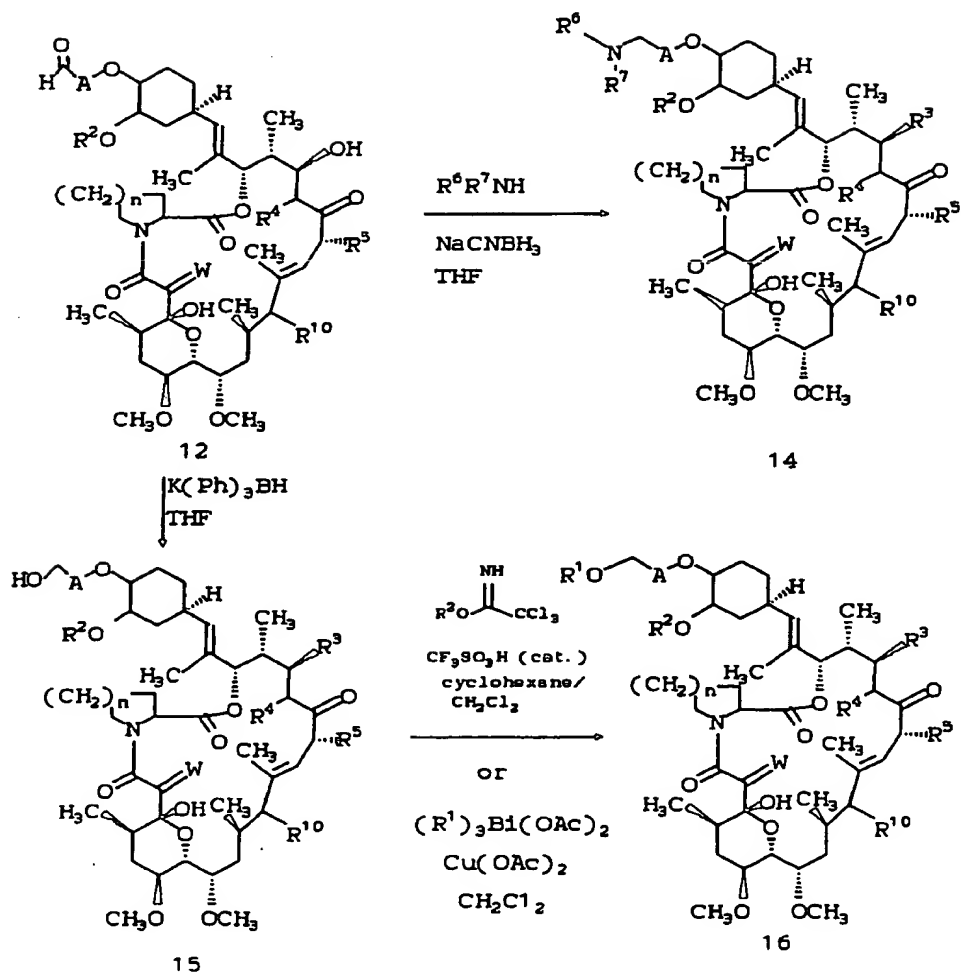
REACTION SCHEME F

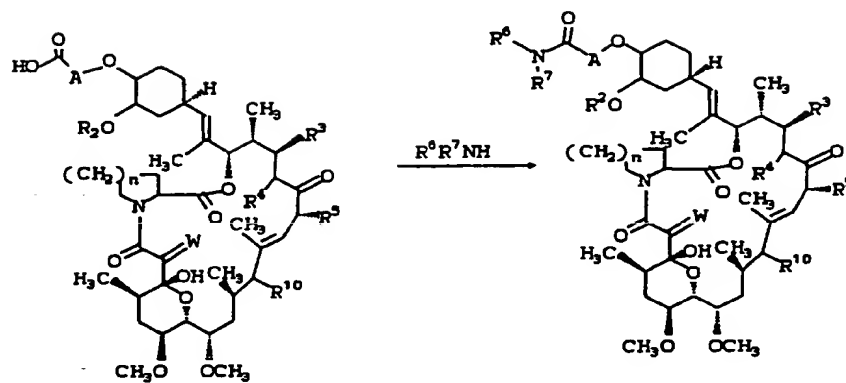
REACTION SCHEME G

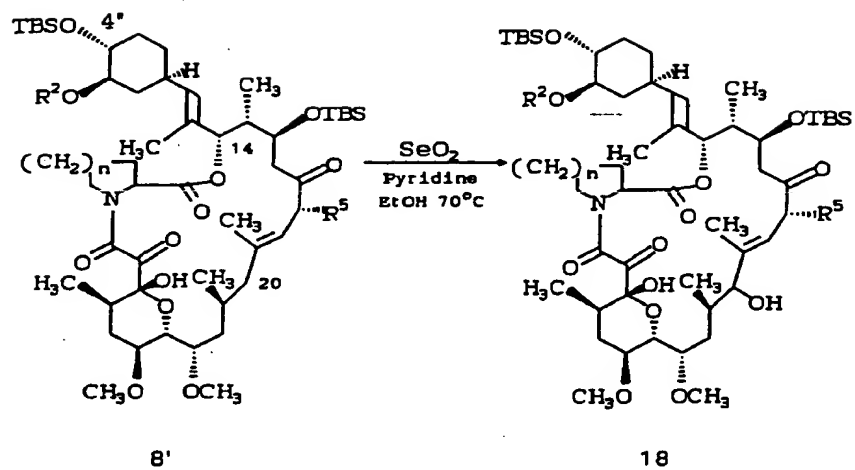


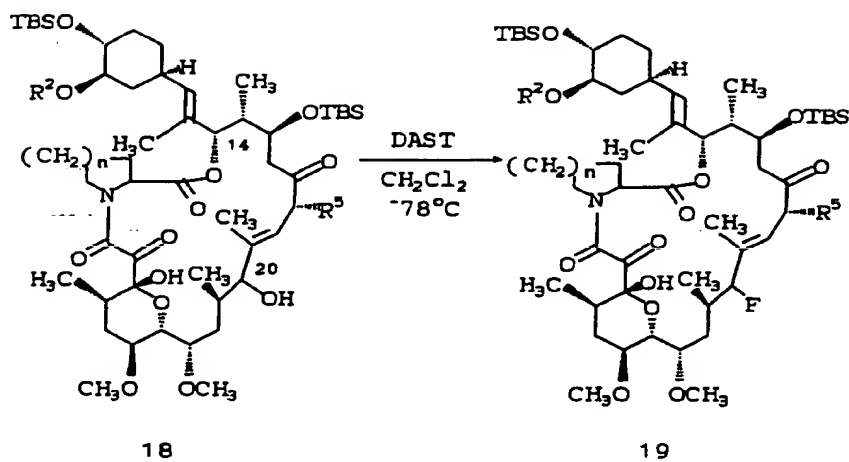
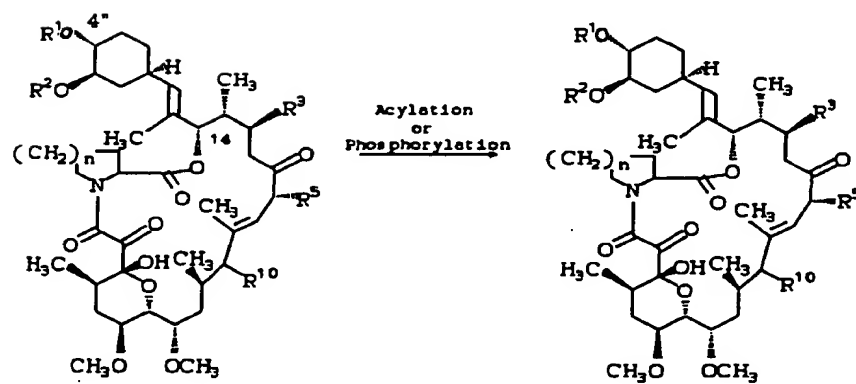
REACTION SCHEME G (CONT.)

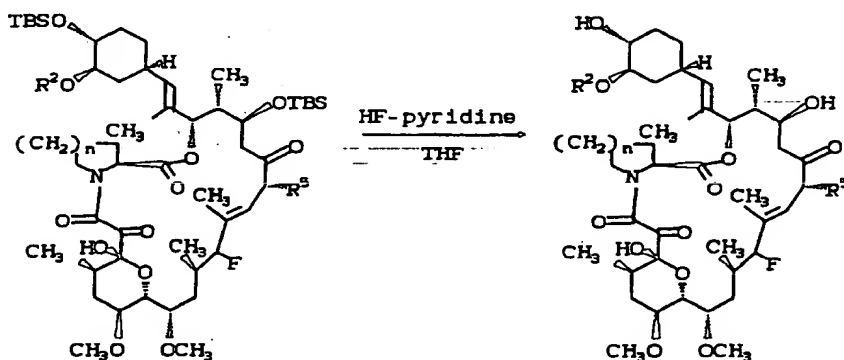
REACTION SCHEME H



REACTION SCHEME I

REACTION SCHEME J

REACTION SCHEME J (CONT'D)REACTION SCHEME J (CON'T)



As shown in Reaction Scheme A, a solution of a 4''-hydroxy-3'''-methoxy macrolide 1 in an inert organic solvent such as methylene chloride, benzene, toluene, chloroform, or the like or mixtures thereof is treated with a triheteroaryl**bismuth** diacetate reagent (wherein R¹ is heteroaryl) (prepared immediately prior to use by the addition of acetic acid to a suspension of a triheteroaryl**bismuth** carbonate in an inert organic solvent such as methylene chloride, chloroform or the like or mixture thereof) in the presence of a catalytic amount of copper(II) acetate at a temperature of 20-50° C, preferably room temperature, for a period of one hour to seven days, preferably one day, to give the 4''-O-heteroaryl-3'''-methoxy macrolide 2. Alternatively, the triheteroaryl**bismuth**(V) reagent can be prepared by treatment of a triheteroaryl**bismuthine** with a suitable oxidant such as peracetic acid, benzoyl peroxide, hydrogen peroxide, iodobenzene diacetate, bis-(trifluoroacetoxy) iodobenzene and the like in an inert solvent such as methylene chloride, chloroform, benzene, toluene and the like. The triheteroaryl**bismuth**(V) reagent can be used without purification or can be purified by silica gel chromatography. Triheteroaryl**bismuthines** may be prepared by the reaction of an appropriate heteroaryl Grignard reagent or lithiated heteroaryl species with bismuth trichloride in an inert organic solvent such as tetrahydrofuran, diethyl ether, toluene, or 1,4-dioxane, or mixtures thereof, at or near room temperature for a period of 1 to 48 hours. General procedures for the preparation and use of triaryl **bismuth** reagents may be found in Barton, D.H.E., et al., J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Commun., 1986, 65 and references cited therein.

Similarly, as shown in Reaction Scheme B, a solution of the 3'',4''-dihydroxy macrolide **3** treated with a triheteroarylismuth diacetate reagent as described in Reaction Scheme A, to give a mixture of the 3'', hydroxy-4''-O-heteroaryl macrolide **4a**, the 3''-O-heteroaryl-4''-hydroxy macrolide **4b**, and the 3'',4''-di-O-heteroaryl macrolide **4c**. At this stage, a solution of 3''-hydroxy-4''-O-heteroaryl macrolide **4a**, or 3''-O-heteroaryl-4''-hydroxy macrolide **4b** can be treated with a triarylismuth diacetate reagent (prepared immediately prior to use by procedures analogous to those disclosed above), to give 3''-O-aryl-4''-O-

heteroaryl macrolid 5a, or 3''-O-heteroaryl-4''-O-aryl macrolide 5a, respectively.

Reaction Scheme C:

5 As shown in Reaction Scheme C the 14-hydroxy group of a macrolide 5a or 5b (wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^5 , R^{10} , W and n are as defined above) may be eliminated by treatment with p-toluenesulfonic acid, benzenesulfonic acid or methanesulfonic acid in an inert organic solvent such as benzene, or toluene at from 40°C to 60°C, for about 0.5 to 6 hours, or a sufficient period of time to eliminate the 14-hydroxy group. Neutralization with an aqueous solution of a weak base such as aqueous saturated sodium
10 bicarbonate gives the 14,15-dehydro macrolides 6a or 6b. The 14-hydroxy group may also be eliminated by activation followed by basic elimination, as described in U.S. Patent No. 4,894,366.

By changing the sequence of synthetic steps, all possible variations of substitution can be achieved.

Reaction Scheme D:

15 As shown in Reaction Scheme D, a solution of the 4''-hydroxy 3''-methoxy macrolide 1 in an inert organic solvent such as methylene chloride, chloroform, pentane, hexane, cyclohexane, heptane or mixtures thereof is treated with a heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkenyl or heteroarylalkynyl trichloroacetimidate reagent (prepared by the reaction of an appropriate sodium alkoxide with trichloroacetonitrile, such as described by
20 Wessel, H.P., Iversen, T., Bundle, D.R., J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. I, 1985, 2247) in the presence of a mild acid catalyst such as trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid, p-toluenesulfonic acid, methanesulfonic acid, or mixtures thereof at a temperature of 20-50°C for a period of from one hour to seven days to give the 4''-O-heteroarylalkyl-, 4''-O-heteroarylalkenyl- or 4''-O-heteroarylalkynyl-3''-methoxy macrolide 2a.

25 Reaction Scheme E:

Similarly, as shown in Reaction Scheme E, a solution of the 3'',4''-dihydroxy macrolide 3 in an inert organic solvent such as methylene chloride, chloroform, pentane, hexane, cyclohexane, heptane or the like or mixtures thereof is treated with a heteroarylalkyl, heteroarylalkenyl or heteroarylalkynyl trichloroacetimidate (prepared as described in Reaction Scheme D) at a temperature of 20-50°C, preferably
30 40°C, for a period of one hour to seven days, preferably 6 hours, to give a mixture of the 4''-O-heteroarylalkyl, 4''-O-heteroarylalkenyl, or 4''-O-heteroarylalkynyl-3-hydroxy macrolide 4a', 3''-O-heteroarylalkyl, 3''-O-heteroarylalkenyl, or 3''-O-heteroarylalkynyl-4''-hydroxymacrolide 4b' and the 3'',4''-di-O-heteroarylalkyl-, heteroarylalkenyl or -heteroarylalkynyl macrolide 4c'. Subsequently, a solution of 4''-O-heteroaryl-, 4''-O-heteroarylalkyl, 4''-O-heteroarylalkenyl or 4''-O-heteroarylalkynyl-3-hydroxy macrolide 4a
35 (from Reaction Scheme B or 4a', or 3''-O-heteroaryl-, 3''-O-heteroarylalkyl, 3''-O-heteroarylalkenyl, 3''-O-heteroarylalkynyl-4''-hydroxymacrolide 4b from Reaction Scheme B or 4b' can be treated with an arylalkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl trichloroacetimidate by procedures described above.) to give macrolides 5a' or 5b'.

The procedures described in Reaction Schemes C and D may optionally be conducted following the
40 procedures of Reaction Scheme E or F. Alternatively, the procedures described in Reaction Scheme F may be performed.

In any of the aforementioned Reaction Schemes, the macrolide (wherein R^1 and/or R^2 contains an alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl or substituted alkynyl and wherein R^3 is hydroxy or C_{1-6} alkoxy, R^4 is hydrogen, or R^3 and R^4 taken together form a double bond) can be reduced with tri-*n*-butyltin hydride in the
45 presence of tetrakis(triphenylphosphine) palladium (O) catalyst and acetic acid in an organic solvent such as toluene or tetrahydrofuran at or near room temperature for about 2 to 10 hours to give the reduced macrolide.

The procedures described in Reaction Scheme F may be conducted on the mono-substituted products of Reaction Scheme B (and visa versa) to obtain the mixed disubstituted compounds. In fact, within
50 Reaction Schemes B and F, treatment of the mono-substituted product with a different reagent will afford the mixed disubstituted compounds.

Reaction Scheme F:

55 Protection of the C-3'', C-4'' and/or the C-14 hydroxyl group(s) may be accomplished by methods known in the prior art for compounds of Formula II such as by treatment with: 2,6-lutidine and triisopropylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate in a solution of methylene chloride; 2,6-lutidine and *t*-butyldimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate in a solution of methylene chloride; pyridine and acetic anhydride in a solution of

methylene chloride; pyridine and benzoyl chloride in a solution of dichloromethane; pyridine and p-nitrobenzoyl chloride in a solution of dichloromethane; imidazole and t-butyldiphenylsilyl chloride in a solution of methylene chloride; and the like. For example, as shown in Reaction Scheme F, the C-4'',14-dihydroxy-C-3''-methoxy macrolide 7 may be protected at C-14 as the t-butyldimethylsilyl ether by treatment with t-butyldimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate in methylene chloride to give the C-4'',14-di-O-TBDMS macrolide. Treatment with toluenesulfonic acid in methanol results in selective removal of the C-4'' silyl ether to give the C-14-O-TBDMS macrolide 8.

Reaction Scheme G:

As shown in Reaction Scheme G, the 4''-hydroxy-3''-R²O macrolide 9 or alternatively the 3''-hydroxy-4''-R²O macrolide (not depicted) (wherein R³ is protected hydroxy or hydrogen) may be reacted with an alkenyl trichloroacetimidate (wherein alkenyl is C₃₋₁₀ alkenyl) under conditions described in Reaction Scheme E to give the O-alkenyl macrolide 10. Treatment with a stoichiometric amount of osmium tetroxide in an inert organic solvent, such as diethyl ether or tetrahydrofuran, in the presence of an amine base, such as pyridine, at or near room temperature gives the corresponding glycol 11 (wherein A is C₁₋₈ alkyl). Treatment of glycol 11 with sodium metaperiodate in a solution of tetrahydrofuran/water gives aldehyde 12. Alternatively, the alkenyl macrolide 10 may be treated with sodium metaperiodate in the presence of a catalytic amount of osmium tetroxide in an organic solvent to give the aldehyde directly. Aldehyde 12 can be further oxidized to carboxylic acid 13 by any number of methods commonly used.

Reaction Scheme H:

A variety of compounds may be prepared from aldehyde 12 as illustrated in Reaction Scheme H. Aldehyde 12 may be reacted with a primary or secondary amine, HNR⁶R⁷ (wherein R⁶ and/or R⁷ are as defined and contain(s) a heteroaryl group) in an organic solvent such as tetrahydrofuran to give an imine which is reduced in situ with a hydride reducing agent, such as sodium cyanoborohydride, to give macrolide 14 bearing an aminoalkoxy functionality at C-4''. Aldehyde 12 may also be reduced to the corresponding alcohol 15 by treatment with a hydride reducing agent, such as potassium triphenyl borohydride or sodium cyanoborohydride in an organic solvent such as tetrahydrofuran. Alcohol 15 may be further modified by utilizing the methods of Reaction Scheme B (wherein R¹ is as defined) or Reaction Scheme E to produce macrolide 16. The procedures described in Reaction Scheme H are readily applicable to the preparation of compounds bearing analogous functionality at C-3''.

REACTION SCHEME I

Amide derivatives may be prepared from the carboxylic acid 13 as illustrated in Reaction Scheme I. The carboxylic acid 13 may be coupled with a primary or secondary amine, HNR⁶R⁷ (wherein R⁶ and/or R⁷ are as defined and contain(s) a heteroaryl group) by any of the peptide coupling methods commonly used in the art, such as with BOP reagent or DCC/HOBT.

REACTION SCHEME J

A hydroxyl or fluoro group may be introduced at C-20 essentially by the procedures of Reaction Scheme J. As shown in Reaction Scheme R the 4'',14-dihydroxy macrolide (or the 14-deoxymacrolide) is protected as the di(t-butyldimethylsilyl ether) by treatment with t-butyldimethylsilyl triflate in an inert organic solvent such as methylene chloride, chloroform or the like in the presence of a non-nucleophilic base such as 2,6-lutidine. The diprotected macrolide is oxidized at C-20 as further shown in Reaction Scheme J by treatment with selenium dioxide in an alcoholic solvent such as ethanol in the presence of pyridine at solvent reflux temperature to give the 20-hydroxy macrolide (18). The 20-hydroxy macrolide may be further derivatized at C-20 by alkylation, acylation or phosphorylation to give ether, ester or phosphate derivatives by procedures well known to the practitioner of the art. As further illustrated, treatment of the 20-hydroxy 4'',14-di-OTBS macrolide with diethylaminosulfur trifluoride in an inert organic solvent such as methylene chloride, chloroform or the like at a temperature of about 0°C to -90°C, preferably about -78°C, gives the 20-fluoro 4'', 14-di-OTBS macrolide (19). Removal of the silyl ether protecting groups by treatment with hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex in tetrahydrofuran gives the 20-fluoro 4'',14-dihydroxy macrolide which may be further derivatized by any of the methods previously described. Reaction Scheme J may also be performed on the 3'', 4'', 14-trihydroxy macrolide to give the 20-fluoro 3'', 4'', 14-trihydroxy macrolide. The

procedures of Reaction Scheme J may be conducted prior to, concurrent with, or subsequent to the procedures of Reaction Schemes A-I.

The object compounds of Formula I obtained according to the reactions as explained above can be isolated and purified in a conventional manner, for example, extraction, precipitation, fractional crystallization, recrystallization, chromatography, and the like.

In the compounds of Formula I, OR¹ may be substituted at C-4'' or C-3'', or both C-4'' and C-3'' (wherein R² is independently selected from the definitions of R¹), but it is preferred that -OR¹ is substituted at C-4''.

It is to be noted that in the aforementioned reactions and the post-treatment of the reaction mixture therein, the stereoisomer(s) of starting and object compounds due to asymmetric carbon atom(s) or double bond(s) of the object compounds of Formula I may occasionally be transformed into the other stereoisomer(s), and such cases are also included within the scope of the present invention.

In the present invention, compounds with asymmetric centers may occur as racemates, as diastereomeric mixtures and as individual diastereomers, with all isomeric forms of the compounds being included in the present invention. These may be prepared by methods such as those disclosed in publications which describe synthetic routes to fragments of the macrolide FR-900506 and the total synthesis of the macrolide FR-900506 itself (J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1989, 111, 1157; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1990, 112, 2998; J. Org. Chem. 1990, 55, 2786; J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1990, 112, 5583. Tetrahedron Lett. 1988, 29, 277; Tetrahedron Lett. 1988, 29, 281; Tetrahedron Lett. 1988, 29, 3895; J. Org. Chem. 1988, 53, 4643; Tetrahedron Lett. 1988, 29, 4245; Tetrahedron Lett. 1988, 29, 4481; J. Org. Chem. 1989, 54, 9; J. Org. Chem. 1989, 54, 11; J. Org. Chem. 1989, 54, 12; J. Org. Chem. 1989, 54, 15; J. Org. Chem. 1989, 54, 17; Tetrahedron Lett. 1989, 30, 919; Tetrahedron Lett. 1989, 30, 1037; J. Org. Chem. 1989, 54, 2785; J. Org. Chem. 1989, 54, 4267; Tetrahedron Lett. 1989, 30, 5235; Tetrahedron Lett. 1989, 30, 6611; Tetrahedron Lett. 1989, 30, 6963; Synlett 1990, 38; J. Org. Chem. 1990, 55, 2284; J. Org. Chem. 1990, 55, 2771; J. Org. Chem. 1990, 55, 2776; Tetrahedron Lett. 1990, 31, 1439; Tetrahedron Lett. 1990, 31, 1443; Tetrahedron Lett. 1990, 31, 3007; Tetrahedron Lett. 1990, 31, 3283, 3287).

The compounds of the present invention are capable of forming salts with various inorganic and organic acids and bases and such salts are also within the scope of this invention. Examples of such acid addition salts (which are negative counter ions defined herein as M⁻) include acetate, adipate, benzoate, benzenesulfonate, bisulfate, butyrate, citrate, camphorate, camphorsulfonate, ethanesulfonate, fumarate, hemisulfate, heptanoate, hexanoate, hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, methanesulfonate, lactate, malate, methanesulfonate, 2-naphthalenesulfonate, oxalate, pamoate, persulfate, picrate, pivalate, propionate, succinate, tartrate, tosylate, and undecanoate. Base salts (which are positive counterions defined herein as M⁺) include ammonium salts, alkali metal salts such as sodium, lithium and potassium salts, alkaline earth metal salts such as calcium and magnesium salts, salts with organic bases such as dicyclohexylamine salts, N-methyl-D-glucamine, and salts with amino acids such as arginine, lysine and so forth. Also, the basic nitrogen-containing groups may be quaternized with such agents as: lower alkyl halides, such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, and butyl chloride, bromides and iodides; dialkyl sulfates like dimethyl, diethyl, dibutyl; diamyl sulfates; long chain halides such as decyl, lauryl, myristyl and stearyl chlorides, bromides and iodides; aralkyl halides like benzyl bromide and others. The non-toxic physiologically acceptable salts are preferred, although other salts are also useful, such as in isolating or purifying the product.

The salts may be formed by conventional means, such as by reacting the free base form of the product with one or more equivalents of the appropriate acid in a solvent or medium in which the salt is insoluble, or in a solvent such as water which is removed in vacuo or by freeze drying or by exchanging the anions of an existing salt for another anion on a suitable ion exchange resin.

C. Utility of the compounds within the scope of the invention

The compounds of Formula I may be employed as immunosuppressants or antimicrobial compounds by methods and in dosages known in the prior art for compounds of Formula II. These compounds possess pharmacological activity such as immunosuppressive activity, antimicrobial activity, and the like, and therefore are useful for the treatment and prevention of the resistance to transplantation or transplantation rejection of organs or tissues (such as heart, kidney, liver, lung, bone marrow, cornea, pancreas, intestine, tongue, limb, muscle, nerve, medulla ossium, duodenum, small-bowel, medulla ossium, skin, pancreatic islet-cell, etc. including xeno transplantation), graft-versus-host diseases by medulla ossium transplantation, autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, nephrotic syndrome, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, multiple sclerosis, myasthenia gravis, type I diabetes mellitus, type II adult onset diabetes, uveitis, nephrotic syndrome, steroid-dependent and steroid-resistant nephrosis, Palmo-

planter pustulosis, allergic encephalomyelitis, glomerulonephritis, etc., and infectious diseases caused by pathogenic microorganisms.

The compounds of Formula I are also useful for treating inflammatory, proliferative and hyperproliferative skin diseases and cutaneous manifestations of immunologically-mediated illnesses such as: psoriasis, psoriatic arthritis, atopic dermatitis, contact dermatitis and further eczematous dermatitides, seborrhoeic dermatitis, Lichen planus, Pemphigus, bullous Pemphigoid, Epidermolysis bullosa, urticaria, angioedemas, vasculitides, erythemas, cutaneous eosinophilias, acne, Alopecia areata, eosinophilic fasciitis, and atherosclerosis. More particularly, the compounds of Formula I are useful in hair revitalizing, such as in the treatment of male or female pattern alopecia or alopecia senilis, by providing epilation prevention, hair germination, and/or a promotion of hair generation and hair growth.

The compounds of Formula I are further useful in the treatment of respiratory diseases, for example sarcoidosis, fibroid lung, idiopathic interstitial pneumonia, and reversible obstructive airways disease, including conditions such as asthma, including bronchial asthma, allergic asthma, intrinsic asthma, extrinsic asthma and dust asthma, particularly chronic or inveterate asthma (for example late asthma and airway hyperresponsiveness), bronchitis and the like. The compounds of Formula I may also be useful for treating hepatic injury associated with ischemia.

The compounds of the invention are also indicated in certain eye diseases such as keratoconjunctivitis, vernal conjunctivitis, uveitis associated with Behcet's disease, keratitis, herpetic keratitis, conical cornea, dystrophia epithelialis corneae, corneal leukoma, ocular pemphigus, Mooren's ulcer, Scleritis, Graves' ophthalmopathy, severe intraocular inflammation, and the like.

The compounds of Formula I are also useful for treating multidrug resistance of tumor cells, (i.e. enhancing the activity and/or sensitivity of chemotherapeutic agents), preventing or treating inflammation of mucosa or blood vessels (such as leukotriene B₄-mediated diseases, gastric ulcers, vascular damage caused by ischemic diseases and thrombosis, ischemic bowel disease, inflammatory bowel disease (e.g., Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis) necrotizing enterocolitis), or intestinal lesions associated with thermal burns, cytomegalovirus infection, particularly HCMV infection.

Further, the compounds of Formula I are also useful for treating or preventing renal diseases including interstitial nephritis, Goodpasture's syndrome, hemolytic-uremic syndrome and diabetic nephropathy; nervous diseases selected from multiple myositis, Guillain-Barre syndrome, Meniere's disease and radiculopathy; endocrine diseases including hyperthyroidism and Basedow's disease; hematic diseases including pure red cell aplasia, aplastic anemia, hypoplastic anemia, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, agranulocytosis and anerythroplasia; bone diseases including osteoporosis; respiratory diseases including sarcoidosis, fibroid lung and idiopathic interstitial pneumonia; skin diseases including dermatomyositis, leukoderma vulgaris, ichthyosis vulgaris, photoallergic sensitivity and cutaneous T cell lymphoma; circulatory diseases including arteriosclerosis, aortitis syndrome, polyarteritis nodosa and myocarditis; collagen including scleroderma, Wegener's granuloma and Sjogren's syndrome; adiposis; eosinophilic fasciitis; periodontal disease; nephrotic syndrome; hemolytic-uremic syndrome; and muscular dystrophy.

Further, the compounds of the invention are indicated in the treatment of diseases including intestinal inflammations/allergies such as Coeliac disease, proctitis, eosinophilic gastroenteritis, mastocytosis, Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis; and food related allergic diseases which have symptomatic manifestation remote from the gastrointestinal tract, for example migraine, rhinitis and eczema.

The compounds of the invention also have liver regenerating activity and/or activity in stimulating hypertrophy and hyperplasia of hepatocytes. Therefore, they are useful for the treatment and prevention of hepatic diseases such as immunogenic diseases (e.g. chronic autoimmune liver diseases including autoimmune hepatitis, primary biliary cirrhosis and sclerosing cholangitis), partial liver resection, acute liver necrosis (e.g. necrosis caused by toxins, viral hepatitis, shock or anoxia), B-virus hepatitis, non-A/non-B hepatitis and cirrhosis.

The compounds of the invention are also indicated for use as antimicrobial agents, and thus may be used in the treatment of diseases caused by pathogenic microorganisms and the like.

The compounds of Formula I may also act as antagonists of macrocyclic immunosuppressive compounds, including derivatives of 12-(2'-cyclohexyl-1'-methylvinyl)-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene, and so be useful in the treatment of immunodepression (such as AIDS, cancer, senile dementia, trauma (including wound healing, surgery and shock), chronic bacterial infection and certain central nervous system disorders), overdosages or toxicity of such immunosuppressive compounds, and as an adjunct to the administration of an antigen in vaccination.

The pharmaceutical compositions of this invention can be used in the form of a pharmaceutical preparation, for example, in solid, semisolid or liquid form, which contains one or more of the compounds of

the present invention, as an active ingredient, in admixture with an organic or inorganic carrier or excipient suitable for external, enteral or parenteral applications. The active ingredient may be compounded, for example, with the usual non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable carriers for tablets, pellets, capsules, suppositories, solutions, emulsions, suspensions, and any other form suitable for use. The carriers which can be used are water, glucose, lactose, gum acacia, gelatin, mannitol, starch paste, magnesium trisilicate, talc, corn starch, keratin, colloidal silica, potato starch, urea and other carriers suitable for use in manufacturing preparations, in solid, semisolid, or liquid form, and in addition auxiliary, stabilizing, thickening and coloring agents and perfumes may be used. For example, the compounds of Formula I may be utilized with hydroxypropyl methylcellulose essentially as described in U.S. Patent No. 4,916,138 issued April 10, 1990, or with a surfactant essentially as described in EPO Publication 0,428,169. Oral dosage forms may be prepared essentially as described by T. Hondo, et al., *Transplantation Proceedings*, 1987, XIX, Supp. 6, 17-22. Dosage forms for external application may be prepared essentially as described in EPO Publication 0,423,714. The active object compound is included in the pharmaceutical composition in an amount sufficient to produce the desired effect upon the process or condition of diseases.

For the treatment of these conditions and diseases caused by immunoregulatory a compound of Formula I may be administered orally, topically, parenterally, by inhalation spray or rectally in dosage unit formulations containing conventional non-toxic pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, adjuvants and vehicles. The term parenteral as used herein includes subcutaneous injections, intravenous, intramuscular, intrasternal injection or infusion techniques.

For the treatment of reversible obstructive airways disease, it is preferable that the compound of Formula I be administered by inhalation to the lung, especially in the form of a powder.

For modifying the activity and/or toxicity of FK-506-type immunosuppressants, a compound of Formula I may be administered prior to, in conjunction with or subsequent to the administration of an FK-506-type of a compound.

The compounds of Formula I may optionally be employed in co-therapy with anti-proliferative agents. Particularly preferred is co-therapy with an antiproliferative agent selected from the group consisting of: azathioprine, brequinar sodium, deoxyspergualin, mizoribine, mycophenolic acid morpholino ester, cyclosporin, and rapamycin.

Dosage levels of the compounds of the present invention are of the order from about 0.005 mg to about 50 mg per kilogram of body weight per day, preferably from about 0.1 mg to about 10 mg per kilogram of body weight per day, are useful in the treatment of the above-indicated conditions (from about 0.7 mg to about 3.5 mg per patient per day, assuming a 70 kg patient). In addition, the compounds of the present invention may be administered on an intermittent basis; i.e. at daily, semiweekly, weekly, semi-monthly or monthly intervals.

The amount of active ingredient that may be combined with the carrier materials to produce a single dosage form will vary depending upon the host treated and the particular mode of administration. For example, a formulation intended for the oral administration of humans may contain from 0.5 mg to 5 gm of active agent compounded with an appropriate and convenient amount of carrier material which may vary from about 5 to about 95 percent of the total composition. Dosage unit forms will generally comprise from about 0.01 mg to about 500 mg, and preferably about 0.5 mg to about 100 mg of active ingredient. For external administration the compound of Formula I may be formulated within the range of, for example, 0.0001% to 60% by weight, preferably from 0.001 to 10% by weight, and most preferably from about 0.005 to 0.8% by weight.

It will be understood, however, that the specific dose level for any particular patient will depend on a variety of factors including the activity of the specific compound employed, the age, body weight, general health, sex, diet, time of administration, route of administration, rate of excretion, drug combination and the severity of the particular disease undergoing therapy.

The following examples are given for the purpose of illustrating the present invention and shall not be construed as being limitations on the scope or spirit of the instant invention.

PREPARATION OF STARTING INTERMEDIATES

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,8}]-octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

A solution of 500 mg of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,8}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone in 7 ml of benzene was treated with 10 mg of p-toluenesulfonic acid and the solution was

heated at 60°C for two hours. The reaction mixture was quenched into saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water and saturated sodium chloride solution, dried with anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (66% ethyl acetate: 33% hexane: 1% methanol) to give 350 mg of product. This material was dissolved in 10 ml of ethyl acetate and treated with 15 mg of 5% Rh/C. A balloon containing hydrogen was placed over the reaction mixture and the mixture stirred until the reaction was complete. The mixture was filtered through diatomaceous earth, concentrated and the residue subjected to chromatography (75% CH₂Cl₂: 5% MeOH: 20% Hexane) to give 294 mg of product.

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4'',3''-dihydroxyoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

A solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (210 mg) and a catalytic amount of p-toluenesulfonic acid in 40 ml of benzene was refluxed for 4 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the dark residue was purified by chromatography (silica gel, 7% i-propanol/CH₂Cl₂) to give 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-isopropoxyoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-14,18-diene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (180 mg) as a white solid. This material was dissolved in ethanol (20 ml) and treated with 5% Rh/C (40 mg). Hydrogen was introduced via balloon for 30 min. and the mixture was filtered through celite. Removal of solvent followed by chromatography (silica gel) gave 172 mg of the title compound. Mass, ¹H and ¹³C NMR data were consistent with the title structure.

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-triisopropylsilyloxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-14-triisopropylsilyloxy-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a cooled solution (0°C) of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (120 mg) in dry methylene chloride (15 ml) was added 2,6-lutidine (64.3 mg) followed by triisopropylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (184 mg). Reaction temperature was raised to r.t. and stirred overnight under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction was quenched with 10 ml of water and extracted with ethyl acetate. Organic layer was washed (water, sat'd NaHCO₃, sat'd NaCl) and dried (anhydrous MgSO₄). Removal of solvent followed by chromatography on silica gel (70% hexane/ethyl acetate) gave 150 mg of product. MASS: (FAB) 1110 (M⁺ + Li).

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-14-triisopropylsilyloxy-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

The title compound from the previous preparation (680 mg) was dissolved in methylene chloride (45 ml) and 10% solution of p-toluenesulfonic acid in methanol (45 ml) was added with stirring. The mixture was stirred at room temperature and the progress was followed by tlc analysis. After 4 hr, reaction was quenched with sat'd sodium bicarbonate and extracted with ethyl acetate three times. Normal work-up and removal of solvent followed by purification on silica gel column (80% ethyl acetate/hexane) gave 560 mg of the product (2a) as a white solid. MASS: (FAB) 954 (M⁺ + Li).

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-t-butylidimethylsilyloxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-14-t-butylidimethylsilyloxy-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatri-cyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a cooled solution (0°C) of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetra-methyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (1a) (395 mg) in dry methylene chloride (15 ml) was added 2,6-lutidine (160 mg) followed by t-butylidimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (250 mg). Reaction temperature was raised to r.t. and stirred under nitrogen atmosphere. After 6 hr, the reaction was quenched with 10 ml of water and extracted with ethyl acetate. Organic layer was washed (water, saturated NaHCO₃, saturated NaCl) and dried (anhydrous MgSO₄). Removal of solvent under reduced pressure gave 500 mg of crude product. MASS: (FAB) 1023 (M⁺ + Li).

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-14-t-butyldimethylsilyloxy-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

The product from the previous example (500 mg) was dissolved in acetonitrile (20 ml) and 100 ml of hydrogen fluoride (48%) was added. Reaction was stirred for 20 minutes at room temperature, quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate, then extracted with ethyl acetate. Removal of solvent in vacuo followed by chromatography on silica gel (80% ethyl acetate/ hexane) gave 300 mg of product (Mass, ¹H and ¹³C NMR data consistent with the title compound).

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(3'',4''-dihydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (3.01 g) in dry methylene chloride (70 ml) was added an excess of imidazole (809 mg) followed by tert-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (716 mg). After 3 days of stirring at room temperature, the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate which in turn was washed with 1N HCl, saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and purified by flash chromatography (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:3)) to give the title compound (941 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (200 mg) in dry methylene chloride (3 ml) was added an excess of 2,6-lutidine (45 μ l) and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 10 minutes, tert-butyldimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (64 μ l) was added by syringe. After 15 minutes the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, extracted from saturated bicarbonate, washed with brine and the organic phase dried over magnesium sulfate. Removal of solvent in vacuo and flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate: hexane (1:2) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (235 mg). (¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure).

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-4''1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}] octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (235 mg) in 95% ethanol (2.2 ml) was added 53 μ l of pyridine followed by selenium dioxide (58 mg). The flask was fitted with a water condenser and heated to 70°C on a mantle. After 20 hours the mixture was cooled to room temperature filtered through diatomaceous earth and the filtrate poured into a saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. This was extracted with ethyl acetate, washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solution was concentrated and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate: hexane (1:2) + 1% methanol) to give the title compound (89 mg). (¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure).

17-Ethyl-20-fluoro-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

A solution of 17-ethyl-20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (30.5 mg) in methylene chloride (0.5 ml) was cooled to -78°C in a dry ice/isopropanol bath. To this stirred solution, diethylaminosulfur trifluoride (4.5 μ l) was added. After 3 minutes, saturated sodium bicarbonate (500 μ l) was added followed by ethyl acetate (2 ml) and the mixture was warmed to room temperature. Extraction from ethyl acetate, drying over magnesium sulfate and purification by flash

chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate: hexane (1:2) + 1% MeOH) gave the title compound (22 mg).
 (H NMR consistent with the desired structure).

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl)]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (7 mg) in acetonitrile (0.3 ml) was added a solution of 2% hydrogen fluoride in aqueous acetonitrile (100 μ l), and the mixture stirred at room temperature. After 28 hours the solution was diluted with ethyl acetate, extracted with saturated sodium bicarbonate and the organic phase dried by passage through a magnesium sulfate column. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate: hexane (2:1) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound.

17-Ethyl-20-fluoro-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl)]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-20-fluoro-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (7 mg) in acetonitrile (0.3 ml) was added a solution of 2% hydrogen fluoride in aqueous acetonitrile (100 μ l), and the mixture stirred at room temperature. After 2 hours the solution was diluted with ethyl acetate, extracted with saturated sodium bicarbonate and the organic phase dried by passage through a magnesium sulfate column. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate: hexane (1:1) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound.

MASS: (FAB) 816 (M+Na).

partial ¹³C NMR δ : 211.5 (C-16); 196.1 (2) 169.3 (10); 165.0 (3); 138.1 (C-19); 135.8 (C-1'); 121.0 (C-18' major); 84.1 (C-3''); 43.1 (C-15); 26.0 (C-21).

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl)]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

ALTERNATE ROUTE

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl)]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (5.15 gm, 0.065 mol) in glacial acetic acid (500 ml) at room temperature, was added a solution of selenium dioxide (9.27 gm, 0.083 mol) in H₂O (90 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 41 hours whereupon, it was poured into a stirred mixture of H₂O (3 L) and celite. After stirring for 15 minutes, the mixture was filtered through a pad of celite and extracted with diethyl ether (1x2L, 2x1L). The organic fractions were washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtrated and evaporated in vacuo. The product was purified by chromatography (silica, acetone:hexanes 2:5) to give the title compound. MASS and ¹H-NMR were consistent with the structure.

EXAMPLE 1

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-furanyl)methoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl)]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (63 mg in 1.0 ml methylene chloride) furfuryl trichloroacetimidate (39 μ l neat) was added and the reagents allowed to mix for 5 minutes. Camphorsulfonic acid (3.7mg) was added and the mixture stirred at room temperature. After 4.5 hours the reaction was quenched by the addition of saturated sodium bicarbonate and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 5 ml). The combined organics were washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate : hexane (1:2) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (20 mg).

MAS: (FAB) 878 (M+Li). Partial ¹H NMR δ : 7.38(brs, 1H); 6.30(m, 3H); 5.32M, 5.19m(brd J = 3Hz, 1H); 4.83m, 4.21M(brs, 1H); 4.62(dd J = 15Hz, 2H); 4.41(brd J = 14Hz, 1H).

EXAMPLES 2 and 3

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-furanyl)methoxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone
 and 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(2-furanyl)methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3'',4''-dihydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (52 mg in 0.9 ml methylene chloride) furfuryl trichloroacetimidate (20 μ l neat) was added and the reagents allowed to mix for 5 minutes. Camphorsulfonic acid (2mg) was added and the mixture stirred at room temperature. After 3.5 hours the reaction was quenched by the addition of saturated sodium bicarbonate and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 5 ml). The combined organics were washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:1) + 1% methanol) gave the title compounds (16 mg 4'' ether; 13 mg 3'' ether).
 4'' ether: MASS: (FAB) 864 (M + Li); Partial ¹H NMR δ : 7.41(brs, 1H); 6.30(m, 2H); 5.32M, 5.19m(brd J = 3Hz, 1H); 4.87m, 4.19M(brs, 1H); 4.41(brd J = 14Hz, 1H).
 3'' ether: MASS: (FAB) 864 (M + Li); Partial ¹H NMR δ : 7.44(brs, 1H); 6.37(m, 2H); 5.32M, 5.19m(brd J = 3Hz, 1H); 4.88m, 4.27M(brs, 1H); 4.41(brd J = 14Hz, 1H).

EXAMPLE 4

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-thiophene)-methoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

The title compound was prepared essentially as described in Example 1 using 2-thiophenylmethyl trichloroacetimidate as the alkylating agent. Partial ¹H NMR δ : 7.27(m, 1H); 6.96(m, 2H); 5.31M, 5.18m(brd J = 3Hz, 1H); 4.81m, 4.22M(brs, 1H); 4.41(brd J = 14Hz, 1H); 3.07(d J = 4Hz, 1H).

EXAMPLES 5 and 6

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-thiophene)-methoxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone
 and 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(2-thiophene)methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

The title compounds were prepared essentially as described in Examples 2 and 3 using 2-thiophenylmethyl trichloroacetimidate as the alkylating agent.

4'' ether: MASS: (FAB) 896 (M + Na); Partial ¹H NMR δ : 7.29(m, 1H); 6.97(m, 2H); 5.31M, 5.19m(brd J = 3Hz, 1H); 4.41(brd J = 14Hz, 1H); 3.04(d J = 4Hz, 1H); 2.63M, 2.61m(s, 1H);
 3'' ether: MASS: (FAB) 880 (M + Li); Partial ¹H NMR δ : 7.28 (m, 1H); 6.97 (m, 2H); 5.31 M, 5.19 m (brd J = 3Hz, 1H); 4.41 (brd J = 14 Hz, 1H); 3.08 (d J = 3 Hz, 1H); 2.69 (s, 1H).

EXAMPLES 7 and 8.

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(3-thiophene)-methoxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone
 and 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(3-thiophene)methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

The title compounds were prepared essentially as described in Examples 2 and 3 using 3-thiophenylmethyl trichloroacetimidate as the alkylating agent.

4'' ether: MASS: (FAB) 880 (M + Li); Partial ¹H NMR δ : 7.30 (m, 1H); 7.04 (m, 2H); 5.31 M, 5.19 m (brd J = 3Hz, 1H); 4.89 m, 4.19 M (s, 1H); 4.41 (brd J = 14 Hz, 1H); 3.04 (d J = 4Hz, 1H);
 3'' ether: MASS: (FAB) 880 (M + Li); Partial ¹H NMR δ : 7.28 (m, 2H); 7.05 (dd, J = 5, 2 Hz, 1H); 5.31 M, 5.19 m (brd J = 3 Hz, 1H); 4.83 m, 4.25 M (brs, 1H); 4.41 (brd J = 14 Hz, 1H); 3.06 (d J = 3 Hz, 1H); 2.69 (s, 1H).

EXAMPLE 9

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(benzothien-2-yl)-oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

5 To a stirred solution of tri(benzothien-2-yl)bismuthine (100mg., 0.164mmol.) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.050mL., 0.224 mmol., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 10 minutes by 17-ethyl-1, 14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100mg., 0.126 mmol.) and Cu(OAc)₂ (15mg., 0.083 mmol.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 hours at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and the mixture extracted 3X with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts were combined, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC 3X on silica gel (3:1, hexane/acetone) to give 23 mg of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(benzothien-2-yl)-oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone.

EXAMPLE 10

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(thien-2-yl)-oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

20 To a stirred solution of tri(thien-2-yl)bis-muthine (80mg., 0.175 mmol.) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.060 mL., 0.253 mmol., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100 mg., 0.126 mmol.) and Cu(OAc)₂ (10 mg., 0.055 mmol.). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 3 days. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃, and the mixture extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts were combined, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC 2X on silica gel (2:1, hexane/acetone) to give 36 mg of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(thien-2-yl)-oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone.

EXAMPLE 11

35 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-5-indolylaminocarbonylmethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

STEP 11A

40 17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

45 To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (2.0 g) in dry methylene chloride (25 ml) was added an excess of 2,6-lutidine (1.2 ml) and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 10 minutes, tert-butyldimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (1.8 ml) was added via syringe. After 1 hour the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 50 1N HCl, water, saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate. Removal of the solvent in vacuo and flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate: hexane (1:6) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (2.37 g). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 11B

55 17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (2.37 g) (STEP 11A) in dry methylene chloride (25 ml) was added a solution of 10% p-toluenesulfonic acid in methanol (25 ml), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 10 minutes, the mixture was cooled to 0°C and quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and the layers were separated. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate: hexane (1:2) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (2.1 g). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 11C

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-allyloxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (2.1 g) (STEP 11B) in 24 ml 33% methylene chloride in cyclohexane, was added allyl trichloroacetimidate (938 mg neat) and the reaction mixture was allowed to mix for 5 minutes. Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (41 µl neat) was added slowly via syringe and the mixture stirred at room temperature. After 24 hours, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate, water and brine. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate: hexane (1:5)) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (1.03 g). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 11D

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-(2,3-dioxy-1-propoxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-allyloxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (STEP 11C) (1.03 g) in 22 ml tetrahydrofuran was added N-methylmorpholine N-oxide (883 mg) followed by 0.25M osmium tetroxide solution in THF (871 µl), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 3 hours, the reaction was quenched by the addition of 20% sodium bisulfite (20 ml), and the precipitate was filtered through Celite and rinsed with ethyl acetate. The combined filtrate was washed with 20% sodium bisulfite (2x), saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. The concentrate was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (2:1) + 1% methanol) to give the title compound (705 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 11E

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-ethanaloxo-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-(2,3-dioxy-1-propoxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (1.56 g) (STEP 11D) in 20% aqueous tetrahydrofuran (20 ml) was added sodium metaperiodate (510 mg) and the mixture stirred vigorously for 30 minutes. At this time an additional 170 mg of sodium metaperiodate were added. After 30 minutes the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, filtered through Celite and the residue rinsed with ethyl acetate. The organic portion was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:2) + 1% methanol) to give the title compound (1.45 g). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 11F

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-carboxymethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-ethanaloxo-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (311 mg) (STEP 11E) in tert-butanol (6.6 ml) and 2-methyl-2-butene (1.65 ml) was added sodium chlorite (273 mg) and sodium dihydrogen phosphate (272 mg) in water (2.7 ml) slowly. After 2 hours, the solvent was removed in vacuo, and the resulting residue was dissolved in water and acidified to pH 3 with 1N HCl. The aqueous portion was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 ml) and the combined organic portion was washed with brine. This was dried over magnesium sulfate and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (2% methanol in methylene chloride followed by 2% methanol in methylene chloride + 0.5% acetic acid) to give the title compound (255 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 11G

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-5-indolylamino-carbonylmethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-carboxymethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (150 mg) (STEP 11F) in methylene chloride (1.6 ml) was added benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (103 mg) followed by triethylamine (43 μ l). After 10 minutes, 5-aminindole (43 mg) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 1 hour. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with 1N HCl, water, saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine, respectively. The organic portion was dried over magnesium sulfate and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:2) + 1% methanol) to give the title compound (138 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 11H

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-5-indolylaminocarbonylmethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-14-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-12-[2'-(4''-5-indolylaminocarbonylmethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (138 mg) in 1-ml tetrahydrofuran contained in a polypropylene vial) was added 200 μ l of a solution of hydrogen fluoride-pyridine complex (40% in (2:1) tetrahydrofuran:pyridine), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 2 days, the reaction was quenched by the careful addition of saturated sodium bicarbonate and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic portion was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash chromatography (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:1) + 1% methanol) to give the title compound. MASS (FAB) 971 (M + Li); partial ¹H NMR δ : 9.52 (brs, 1H); 8.15 (brs, 1H); 7.91 (s, 1H); 7.30 (s, 2H); 7.16 (dd, J = 3,3Hz, 1H); 6.49 (dd, J = 3,3Hz, 1H); 4.41 (brd, J = 14Hz, 1H).

EXAMPLE 12

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(methyl-N-tryptophanylcarbonylmethoxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

STEP 12A

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-allyloxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (510 mg) in 6.6 ml 33% methylene chloride in cyclohexane, was added allyl trichloroacetimidate (266 mg neat) and the reaction mixture was allowed to mix for 5 minutes. Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (12 μ l neat) was added slowly via syringe and the mixture stirred at room temperature. After 24 hours the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated sodium carbonate, water and brine. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate: hexane (1:9)) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (434 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 12B

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2,3-dioxy-1-propoxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-allyloxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (434 mg) (STEP 12A) in 15 ml tetrahydrofuran, was added N-methylmorpholine N-oxide (431 mg) followed by 0.25M osmium tetroxide solution in THF (425 μ l), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 4.5 hours, the reaction was quenched by the addition of 20% sodium bisulfite, and the precipitate was filtered through Celite and rinsed with ethyl acetate. The combined filtrate was washed with 20% sodium bisulfite (2x), saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. The concentrate was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (3:1) + 1% methanol) to give the title compound (177 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 12C

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-ethanaloxo-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2,3-dioxy-1-propoxy)-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (177 mg) (STEP 12B) in 20% aqueous tetrahydrofuran (2 ml) was added sodium metaperiodate (67 mg) and the mixture stirred vigorously for 30 minutes. At this time an additional 20 mg of sodium metaperiodate were added. After 30 minutes the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, filtered through Celite and the residue rinsed with ethyl acetate. The organic portion was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (2:3) + 1% methanol) to give the title compound (157 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 12D

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-carboxymethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-ethanaloxo-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (157 mg) (STEP 12C) in tert-butanol (4 ml) and 2-methyl-2-butene (1 ml) was added sodium chlorite (159 mg) and sodium dihydrogen phosphate (159 mg) in water (1.6 ml) slowly. After 1 hour, the solvent was removed in vacuo, and the resulting residue was dissolved in water and acidified to pH 3 with 1N HCl. The aqueous portion was with ethyl acetate (3 x 10 ml), and the combined organic portion was washed with brine. It was dried over magnesium sulfate and purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (2% methanol in methylene chloride followed by 2% methanol in methylene chloride + 0.5% acetic acid) to give

the title compound (114 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 12E

- 5 17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-methoxy-N-tryptophanylcarbonylmethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-carboxymethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
 10 23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
 tetraone (39 mg) (STEP 12D) in methylene chloride (0.5 ml) was added benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris-
 (dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (31 mg) followed by triethylamine (14 μ l). After 10
 minutes, tryptophan methyl ester hydrochloride (24 mg) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 1
 15 hour. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with 1N HCl, water, saturated sodium
 bicarbonate and brine, respectively. The organic portion was dried over magnesium sulfate and purified by
 flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:1) + 1% methanol) to give the title compound
 (28 mg). MASS (FAB) 1041 (M + Li); Partial ¹H NMR δ : 8.21 (brs, 1H); 8.04 (brd, J = 8Hz, 1H); 7.56 (d,
 J = 8Hz, 1H); 7.33 (d, J = 8Hz, 1H); 7.11(m, 3H); 4.41 (brd, J = 14Hz, 1H); 3.64 (s, 3H).

20 EXAMPLE 13

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-3-indolyethylaminocarbonylmethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

25 To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-carboxymethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
 23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3, 10,16-
 tetraone (13 mg) (STEP 12D) in methylene chloride (150 μ l) was added benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris-
 (dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (10.3 mg) followed by triethylamine (4.3 μ l). After 10
 30 minutes, tryptamine (5 mg) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 1 hour. The mixture was
 diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with 1N HCl, water, saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine,
 respectively. The organic portion was dried over magnesium sulfate and purified by flash chromatography
 on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:1) + 1% methanol) to give the title compound (7.5 mg). MASS (FAB)
 983 (M + Li); partial ¹H NMR δ : 8.32 (brs, 1H); 7.89 (m, 1H); 7.58 (d, J = 8Hz 1H); 7.31 (m, 1H); 7.10 (m,
 35 3H); 4.51 (brd, J = 3Hz, 1H); 4.41 (brd, J = 14Hz, 1H).

EXAMPLE 14

40 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23, 25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

STEP 14A

1-Methyl-5-bromoindole

45 A mixture of sodium hydroxide (0.4g., 10 mmol.) in DMSO (20 mL.) was heated to 80-85° C for 6 hours
 to dissolve most of the solids then allowed to cool to room temperature. To the stirred mixture was added 5-
 bromoindole (2.0 g., 10 mmol.) followed in 1 hour by methyl iodide (0.62 mL., 10 mmol.). After stirring for
 an additional 3 hours the reaction was shown by TLC analysis to be complete. The reaction mixture was
 50 diluted with water then extracted with ether. The extracts were washed 2x with water, dried with Na₂SO₄,
 and concentrated in vacuo to give 2.08 g. of 1-methyl-5-bromoindole as a yellow oil which crystallized on
 standing.

STEP 14B

Tri(1-methyl-indol-5-yl)bismuthine

To a solution of 1-methyl-5-bromoindole (5.0g., 23.8 mmol.) in ether (100 mL.) at -78°C was added a 1.7M solution of t-butyllithium in pentane (28mL, 47.6 mmol.). The mixture was stirred at -78°C for 1 hour. To this mixture was then added a solution of bismuth trichloride (2.36g., 7.5 mmol.) in THF (25 mL.) via syringe. The cooling bath was maintained for 2 hours then allowed to warm to room temperature overnight. In the morning the mixture was quenched with ice water and the product extracted 2X with toluene. The extracts were combined, washed with water, dried with Na₂SO₄, and concentrated in vacuo to a volume of about 30mL. After chilling in the refrigerator for several hours the solid product was filtered, washed with cold toluene and vacuum dried to give tri(1-methyl-indol-5-yl)bismuthine (1.7g.) as a mustard color solid.

STEP 14C

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23, 25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-methylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (450 mg., 0.75 mmol.) (STEP 14B) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.158 mL., 0.75 mmol, 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (350 mg., 0.442 mmol.) and Cu(OAc)₂. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 days. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and the product extracted 3X with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified 2X by preparative TLC to give 203 mg. of the title compound as a colorless solid. MASS (FAB), m + Li 927. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.19 (bs, 1H); 7.17 (d, J = 10Hz, 1H); 6.98 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 6.91 (dd, J = 3 Hz and 10Hz, 1H); 6.34 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 3.72 (s, 3H); 3.51 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 15

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-methylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (350 mg., 0.584 mmol.) in CH₂Cl₂ (6 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.15 mL., 0.74 mmol., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (250 mg., 0.32 mmol.) and Cu(OAc)₂ (35 mg., 0.138 mmol.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 days at room temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and the mixture extracted 2X with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts were combined, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated by flash column chromatography on silica gel (3:1 hexane/acetone) followed by preparative TLC (3% CH₃OH in CH₂Cl₂) to give 111 mg of the title compound. MASS (FAB), M + Li 943. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.21 (bs, 1H); 7.18 (d, J = 7.5Hz, 1H); 6.98 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 6.94 (dd, J = 2.5Hz and 7.5Hz, 1H); 6.37 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 3.75 (s, 3H); 3.59 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 16

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo [22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-methylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (35 mg., 0.058 mmol.) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.7 mL) was added peracetic acid (0.015 mL., 0.074 mmol., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (25mg., 0.032 mmol.) and Cu(OAc)₂ (5 mg., 0.03mmol.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 days at room temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and xtracted 2X with CH₂Cl₂. The xtracts wer combined,

dried with Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (2:1 hexane/acetone then 5% CH_3OH in CH_2Cl_2) to give 10.2 mg of the title compound. Partial ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) δ : 7.18 (bs, 1H); 7.16 (d, $J=7.5\text{Hz}$, 1H); 6.98 (d, $J=3\text{Hz}$, 1H); 6.92 (dd, $J=2.5\text{Hz}$ and 7.5Hz , 1H); 6.33 (d, $J=3\text{Hz}$, 1H); 3.64 (s, 3H); 3.51 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLES 17 AND 18

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-hydroxy-4''-(1-N-methylindol-5-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone and 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(1-N-methylindol-5-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-methylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (150 mg., 0.25 mmol.) in CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.05 mL., 0.23 mmol., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 10 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3'',4''-dihydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100 mg, 0.129 mmol) and $\text{Cu}(\text{OAc})_2$ (20 mg, 0.11 mmol.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 days at room temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 and the mixture extracted 2X with CH_2Cl_2 . The extracts were combined, dried with Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The products were separated and purified 2X by preparative TLC (2:1 hexane/acetone then 5% CH_3OH in CH_2Cl_2) to give 19mg of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-hydroxy-4''-(1-methylindol-5-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone, Partial ^1H MMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) δ : 7.19 (d, $J=10\text{Hz}$, 1H); 7.17 (d, $J=2.5\text{Hz}$, 1H); 7.00 (d, $J=3\text{Hz}$, 1H); 6.88 (dd, $J=2.5\text{Hz}$ and 10Hz , 1H); 6.35 (d, $J=3\text{Hz}$, 1H); 3.73 (s, 3H). and 33mg of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(1-methylindol-5-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone. Partial ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) δ : 7.18 (d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 1H); 7.16 (d, $J=2.5\text{Hz}$, 1H); 6.98 (d, $J=3\text{Hz}$, 1H); 6.88 (dd, $J=2.5\text{Hz}$ and 8Hz , 1H); 6.33 (d, $J=3\text{Hz}$, 1H); 3.73 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 19

Tri(indol-5-yl)bismuthine

A solution of 5-bromoindole (5.0 g., 25.5 mmol.) in ether (50 mL.) was slowly added, at 0°C , to a slurry of KH (2.8g., 25 mmol., 35% in oil; washed 3x with hexanes) in ether (40 mL.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 minutes then chilled to -78°C . A precooled solution of t-butyllithium (29.7 mL., 50.5 mmol., 1.7M in pentane) was added dropwise via syringe to the mixture followed in 40 minutes by a solution of BiCl_3 (1.89g., 6.0 mmol.) in THF (25 mL.). The cooling bath was maintained for 2 hours then allowed to warm to room temperature overnight. The reaction was quenched with ice water and extracted 3x with toluene. The extracts were combined, dried with Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with 75 mL. of toluene then stored at 4°C overnight. The solids were filtered and air dried to give 1.53g of tri(indol-5-yl)bismuthine.

STEP 19B

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(indol-5-yl)bismuthine (1.3g., 2.33mmol.), prepared by procedures outlined in STEP 14B in CH_2Cl_2 (30mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.50 mL., 2.31 mmol., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 10 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (1.0g., 1.26 mmol.) and $\text{Cu}(\text{OAc})_2$ (100 mg., 0.55 mmol.). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 3 days. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 and the mixture extracted 2X with CH_2Cl_2 . The extracts were combined, dried with Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC 2X with 2:1 hexane/acetone and once with 2:1 hexane/EtOAc to give 208mg of the title compound. MASS (FAB), $M + 906$. Partial ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 ,

200 MHz) δ : 8.12 (bs, 1H); 7.26 (d, J = 10Hz, 1H); 7.22 (d, J = 2.5Hz, 1H); 7.18 (m, 1H); 6.9 (dd, J = 2.5Hz and 10Hz, 1H); 6.44 (m, 1H); 3.53 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 20

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(indol-5-yl)bismuthine (150 mg., 0.27 mmol.) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL) was added peracetic acid (0.05 mL, 0.23 mmol., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100mg., 0.124 mmol.) and Cu(OAc)₂ (20 mg., 0.11mmol.). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 2 days. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and the mixture extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts were combined, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC 2x (2:1 hexane/acetone then 5% CH₃OH in CH₂Cl₂) to give 11mg of the title compound. MASS (FAR), M⁺ + Li 925. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ : 8.12 (bs, 1H); 7.24 (d, J = 10Hz, 1H); 7.22 (d, J = 2.5Hz, 1H); 7.17 (t, J = 3Hz, 1H); 6.9 (dd, J = 3Hz and 10Hz, 1H); 6.44 (bs, 1H); 5.70 (m, 1H); 3.53 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 21

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-ethylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (150mg., 0.23mmol.), prepared by procedures outlined in STEP 14A & B, in CH₂Cl₂ (3 ml) was added peracetic acid (0.063mL, 0.3 mmol., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100 mg., 0.126 mmol.) and Cu(OAc)₂ (20 mg., 0.11 mmol.). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 3 days. The reaction was then quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and the mixture extracted 2X with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts were combined, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to a brown oil. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (first with 2:1 hexane/acetone followed by 3% CH₃OH in CH₂Cl₂) to give 60 mg of the title compound. MASS (FAR) M⁺ + Na 957. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ : 7.19 (d, J = 10Hz, 1H); 7.18 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 7.05 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 6.90 (dd, J = 3Hz, 10Hz, 1H); 6.35 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 4.09 (q, J = 6.7Hz, 2H); 3.5 (s, 3H); 1.4 (t, J = 6.7Hz, 3H).

EXAMPLE 22

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri(1-ethylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (0.2 gm) prepared by procedures outlined in Step 14A & B in CH₂Cl₂ (2 ml) at room temperature was added peracetic acid (37 μ L, 0.2 mmol). After stirring for 15 minutes at room temperature, was added 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-3''-dihydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21, 28-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}] octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (0.2 gm, 0.25 mmol) followed by Cu(OAc)₂ (20 mg) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 days. To the reaction mixture was then added saturated NaHCO₃ (approximately 20 ml) and the mixture was extracted twice with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The mixture of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone and 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(1-ethylindol-5-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone were separated by chromatography (silica, 3:1, hexanes:ethyl acetate) to give the title compound (0.035 gm). TLC (silica, 3:1, hexanes:ethyl acetate) R_f = 0.55. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ : 7.21 (d, J = 10Hz, 1H); 7.14 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 7.08 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 6.85 (dd, J = 3Hz and 10Hz, 1H); 6.36 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 4.10 (q, J = 6.7Hz, 2H); 1.42 (t, J = 6.7Hz, 3H).

EXAMPLE 23

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-propylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

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To a stirred solution of tri(1-propylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (200 mg., 0.29 mmol.), prepared by procedures analogous to STEP 14A and B, in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.075 mL., 0.36 mmol., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 10 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (150 mg., 0.19 mmol.) and Cu(OAc)₂ (30 mg., 0.17 mmol.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 hours at room temperature. The reaction was then quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and the mixture extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts were combined, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC 3X on silica gel (2:1, hexane/acetone; 3% CH₃OH in CH₂Cl₂; 2:1, hexane/acetone) to give 70 mg of the title compound. MASS (FAR) M + Na 971. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.17 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1H); 7.02 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H); 6.88 (dd, J = 3 Hz and 10 Hz, 1H); 6.32 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H); 3.97 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H), 3.50 (s, 3H); 1.80 (m, 2H).

EXAMPLE 24

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-propylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-propylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (200 mg., 0.29 mmol.), prepared by procedures analogous to Step 14A and B, in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL.) is added peracetic acid (0.075 mL., 0.36 mmol., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 10 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3'',4''-dihydroxy-3''-cyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (150 mg., 0.19 mmol.) and Cu(OAc)₂ (30 mg., 0.17 mmol.). The reaction mixture is stirred for 20 hours at room temperature. The reaction is then quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and the mixture extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts are combined, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product is isolated and purified from the C-3'' ether by preparative TLC on silica gel to give the title compound.

EXAMPLE 25

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-hydroxyethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

STEP 25A1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-5-bromoindole

A mixture of NaOH (4.4 gm, 0.011 mol) in DMSO (175 ml) was stirred at 100° C for 5 hours at which time it was cooled to 20° C. To this mixture was added 5-bromoindole (20 gm, 0.102 mol) and the reaction was stirred for 8 hours at room temperature. A solution of ethylene oxide (5.1 gm, 0.125 mol) in DMSO (20 ml) was prepared by bubbling the gas into DMSO. To the bromoindole reaction mixture was slowly added the ethylene oxide solution and stirring was continued for another 2.5 hours. The reaction mixture was then poured into ice water and extracted twice with diethyl ether. The combined ether extracts were concentrated in vacuo whereupon crystallization took place. The crude product was recrystallized from diethyl ether:hexanes (3:2) to afford the title compound (6.25 gm).

STEP 25B1-(2-t-Butyldimethylsilyloxyethyl)-5-bromoindole

A solution of 1(2-hydroxyethyl)-5-bromoindole (6 gm, 0.025 mol), t-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (4.5 gm, 0.03 mol) and triethylamine (4.2 ml, 0.03 mol) in CH₂Cl₂ (60 ml) was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then washed twice with H₂O, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and

concentrated in vacuo to provide the title compound as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR was consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 25C

Tri[1-(2-t-butylidimethylsilyloxyethyl)-indol-5-yl]bismuthine

To a solution of 1-(2-t-butylidimethylsilyloxyethyl)-5-bromoindole (1.4 gm, 0.004 mol) in diethyl ether (14 ml) at -78 °C was added t-butyl lithium (4.7 ml of a 1.7 M solution in pentanes, 0.008 mol). After stirring for 1.5 hours, a solution of bismuth trichloride (0.4 gm, 0.013 mol) in THF (4 mL) was added. The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 2 hours and then allowed to warm slowly to room temperature and stirring was continued a further 8 hours. The reaction mixture was then poured into H₂O and extracted with toluene. The combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. Purification by chromatography (silica, 4:1, hexanes:ethyl acetate) provided the title compound (1.03 gm) as a semisolid. ¹H NMR was consistent with desired structure.

STEP 25D

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-t-butylidimethylsilyloxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri[1-(2-t-butylidimethylsilyloxyethyl)-indol-5-yl]bismuthine (1.03 gm, 0.001 mol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml) at room temperature was added peracetic acid (150 µL). After stirring for 15 minutes, 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (1 gm) was added to the reaction mixture followed by Cu(OAc)₂ (0.04 gm) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 20 hours. To the reaction mixture was then added saturated NaHCO₃ and it was then extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica, 3:1, hexanes:ethyl acetate) to provide the title compound (0.38 gm). ¹H NMR was consistent with desired structure.

STEP 25E

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-hydroxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-t-butylidimethylsilyloxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (0.38 gm) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 ml) at room temperature was added a solution of para-toluene sulfonic acid (0.05 gm) in CH₃OH (10 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hours until TLC (silica, 2:1, hexanes:ethyl acetate) verified that reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was poured into saturated NaHCO₃ and extracted twice with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by chromatography (silica, 2:1 hexanes:ethyl acetate) to provide the title compound 0.245 gm.

MASS (FAB)

M + Li 957. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.18 (d, J = 10Hz, 1H); 7.16 (bs, 1H); 7.06 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 6.86 (dd, J = 3Hz and 10Hz, 1H); 6.33 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 4.13 (t, J = 6.7Hz, 2H); 3.83 (t, J = 6.7Hz, 2H); 3.43 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 26

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'-allylindol-5'-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

STEP 26A1-Allyl-5-bromoindole

To a stirred mixture of NaOH (204 mg., 5.1 mmol., 1 eq.) in DMSO (10 mL.) was added 5-bromoindole (1.0 g., 5.1 mmol., 1 eq.). The solution was stirred for three hours upon complete dissolution of the NaOH (approximately 1 h.). To this solution was added allyl iodide (0.466 mL., 5.1 mmol., 1 eq.) via syringe. After 2 h. the mixture was diluted with water and extracted 2x with diethyl ether. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (4:1 hexanes/acetone) affording 730 mg 1-allyl-5-bromoindole.

STEP 26BTri(1-allylindol-5-yl)bismuthine

To a stirred solution of 1-allyl-5-bromoindole (730 mg., 3.09 mmol., 1 eq.) in diethyl ether (15 mL) at -78°C under N₂ was added t-butyllithium (1.8 mL., 3.09 mmol., 1 eq., 1.7M solution in pentane). The mixture was stirred at -78°C under N₂ for 1 h. To this mixture was added a solution of bismuth trichloride (292 mg., 0.93 mmol., 0.3 eq.) in dry THF (3 mL.) dropwise via syringe. The ice bath was packed with dry ice and the flask covered. The mixture was allowed to warm slowly to room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was then diluted with toluene and washed with brine. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer extracted 3x with toluene. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in ether and filtered through a 0.4 micron PTFE membrane. The product started to crystallize. Cooled solution in freezer. Collected crystals giving 200 mg. of tris-1-allylindol-5-yl)bismuthine.

STEP 26C

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'-allylindol-5'-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-allylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (186 mg., 0.275 mmol., 1.2 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.064 mL., 0.303 mmol., 1.32 eq., 32% solution in dilute acetic acid). To this solution was added THF (1 mL.), 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (181 mg., 0.229 mmol., 1 eq.) and copper(II)acetate (10 mg., 0.055 mmol., 0.24 eq.). The mixture was capped and stirred overnight. The reaction was diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (2:1 hexanes/acetone) followed by preparative TLC (3.5% methanol/CH₂Cl₂) affording 56 mg pure title compound. MASS (FAR) M + Li 953. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.17 (bs, 1H); 7.15 (d, J = 10Hz, 1H); 7.02 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 6.88 (dd, J = 2Hz and 10Hz, 1H); 6.36 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 5.95 (m, 1H); 4.63 (bd, J = 14Hz, 1H); 3.50 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 27

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'-allylindol-5'-yl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-allylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (1.0 g, 1.48 mmol, 1.2 eq) in CH₂Cl₂ (9 mL) and THF (3 mL) was added peracetic acid (0.315 mL, 1.62 mmol, 1.32 eq, 32% solution in diluted acetic acid). To this solution was added 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(3''-dihydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl)-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-

tetraone (956 mg, 1.23 mmol, 1 eq) and copper (II)acetate (22 mg, 0.123 mmol, 0.1 q). The mixture was capped and stirred for four days. The reaction was diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (3:1 hexanes/acetone) followed by preparative TLC (3.5% methanol/CH₂Cl₂) affording 163 mg pure 17-ethyl-

1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-1'-allylindol-5'yl)oxy-3''-hydroxy cyclohexyl]-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21, 27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}] octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone.

MASS (FAB), M + Li 953. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.17 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1H); 7.15 (brs, 1H); 7.05 (d, J = 3 Hz, 1H); 6.86 (dd, J = 10 Hz, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H); 6.39 (d, J = 3 Hz, 1H); 6.05-5.85 (m, 1H); 4.66 (brd, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H); 4.57 (brd, J = 5 Hz, 1H); 4.38 (brd, J = 13 Hz, 1H).

EXAMPLE 28

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(9'-methylcarbazol-3'-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

STEP 28A

Tri(9-methylcarbazol-3-yl)bismuthine

To a stirred mixture of 3-bromo-9-methylcarbazole (646 mg., 2.48 mmol., 1 eq.) in diethyl ether (12 mL) at -78°C (not all carbazole in solution) under N₂ was added t-butyllithium (3.0 mL., 4.96 mmol., 2 eq., 1.7M solution in pentane). The mixture was warmed quickly to room temperature and then quickly cooled to -78°C and stirred under N₂ for 40 minutes. To this mixture was added a solution of bismuth trichloride (235 mg., 0.744 mmol., 0.3 eq.) in dry THF (2.5 mL.) dropwise via syringe. The ice bath was packed with dry ice and the flask covered. The mixture was allowed to warm slowly to room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was poured into a separatory funnel containing brine and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The solid residue was triturated with ether and ether/methanol. The solids were collected giving 200 mg. of tri(9-methylcarbazol-3-yl)bismuthine. The supernatant was saved for further purification.

STEP 28B

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(9'-methylcarbazol-3'-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred mixture of tri(9-methylcarbazol-3-yl)bismuthine (200 mg., 0.267 mmol., 1.2 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL.) and THF (1 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.062 mL., .295 mmol., 1.32 eq., 32% solution in dilute acetic acid). To this solution was added 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (175 mg., 0.222mmol., 1 eq.) and copper(II)acetate (10 mg., 0.055 mmol., 0.24 eq.). The mixture was capped and stirred for 48 hours. The reaction was diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (3:1 hexanes/acetone) followed by preparative TLC (3.5% methanol/CH₂Cl₂) affording 100 mg of the title compound. MASS (FAB) M + Li 977. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.68 (d, J = 2Hz, 1H); 7.48-7.10 (m, 6H); 4.58 (bd, J = 4.8Hz, 1H); 4.39 (bd, J = 14Hz, 1H); 3.80 (s, 3H); 3.53 (s, 2H).

EXAMPLE 29

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'-benzylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

STEP 29A

1-Benzyl-5-bromoindole

To a stirred mixture of NaOH (204 mg., 5.1 mmol., 1 eq.) in DMSO (10 mL.) was added 5-bromoindole (1.0 g., 5.1 mmol., 1 eq.). The solution was stirred for 20 hours upon complete dissolution of the NaOH (approximately 1 h.). To this solution was added benzyl bromide (0.606 mL., 5.1 mmol., 1 eq.) via syringe. After 7 h. the mixture was diluted with water and extracted 4x with diethyl ether. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by crystallization (ether/hexanes) affording 888 mg of 1-benzyl-5-bromoindole.

STEP 29B

Tri(1-benzylindol-5-yl)bismuthine

To a stirred mixture of 1-benzyl-5-bromoindole-3 (888 mg., 3.105 mmol., 1 eq.) in diethyl ether (15 mL) at -78°C (not all indole was in solution) under N₂ was added t-butyllithium (3.65 mL., 6.21 mmol., 2 eq., 1.7M solution in pentane). The mixture was stirred at -78°C under N₂ for 1 hour. To this mixture was added a solution of bismuth trichloride (294 mg., 0.932 mmol., 0.3 eq.) in dry THF (3 mL.) dropwise via syringe. The ice bath was packed with dry ice and the flask covered. The mixture was allowed to warm slowly to room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was poured into a separatory funnel containing brine and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The solid residue was triturated with ether. The solids were collected giving 200 mg. of tri(1-benzylindol-5-yl)bismuthine. The supernatant was saved for further purification.

STEP 29C

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'-benzylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred mixture of tri(1-benzylindol-5-yl)-bismuthine (200 mg., 0.242 mmol., 1.2 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL.) and THF (1 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.060 mL., .285 mmol., 1.4 eq., 32% solution in dilute acetic acid). To this solution was added 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (159 mg., 0.202 mmol., 1 eq.) and copper(II)acetate (10 mg., 0.055 mmol., 0.24 eq.). The mixture was capped and stirred overnight. The reaction was diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (3:1 hexanes/acetone) followed by preparative TLC (3.5% methanol/CH₂Cl₂) affording 100 mg of the title compound. MASS (FAB) M + Li 1003. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.3-7.0 (m, 8H); 6.84 (dd, J = 9 Hz, 1H); 6.40 (d, 3 Hz, 1H); 5.23 (bs, 2H); 4.6 (bd, J = 6 Hz, 1H); 4.38 (bd, J = 14 Hz, 1H); 3.50 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 31

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

STEP 31A

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}] octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (300 mg) in 9 ml 33% methylene chloride in cyclohexane was added allyl trichloroacetimidate (138 mg neat) and the reaction mixture was allowed to mix for 5 minutes. Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (18 μ l neat) was added slowly via syringe and the mixture stirred at room temperature. After 3 days the reaction was diluted with ethyl acetate and quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate. The layers were separated, and the organic layer was washed with brine then dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:4) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (230 mg; trichloroacetamide present). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 31B

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (115 mg) (STEP 31A) in acetonitrile (2.5 ml) was added a solution of 2% HF in aqueous acetonitrile (40 μ l), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 4 hours, the solution was diluted with ethyl acetate and quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate. The layers were separated, and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:2)) gave the title compound (42 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 31C

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri(1-methylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (53 mg) in methylene chloride (700 μ l) was added peracetic acid (17 μ l), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes. 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (42 mg) was dissolved in methylene chloride (270 μ l) and added to the reaction mixture. After 18 hours the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine then dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:3) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (25 mg). MASS (FAB) 938 (M + Li); Partial ¹H NMR δ : 7.19 (s, 1H); 7.18 (d, J=9Hz, 1H); 6.98 (d, J=3Hz, 1H); 6.92 (dd, J=9,3Hz, 1H); 6.34 (d, J=3Hz, 1H); 5.89 (m, 1H); 4.56 (brd, J=4Hz, 1H); 3.72 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 32

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-n-propyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-en -

2,3,10,16-tetraone (20 mg)(EXAMPLE 31) in ethyl acetate (500 μ l) was added rhodium on carbon (5 mg). The flask was filled with hydrogen, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 1.5 hours the mixture was filtered through Celite then the solvent was removed in vacuo to give the title compound (20 mg). MASS (FAB) 940 (M + Li); Partial ^1H NMR δ : 7.18 (s, 1H); 7.16 (d, J = 9Hz, 1H); 6.96 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 6.92 (dd, J = 9,3Hz, 1H); 6.34 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 4.55 (brd, J = 4Hz, 1H); 3.72 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 33

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-i-propyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

STEP 33A

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-i-propyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3'',4''-dihydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (300 mg in 4.5 ml 33% methylene chloride in cyclohexane) isopropyl trichloroacetimidate (142 mg neat) was added and the reagents allowed to mix for 5 minutes. Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (13.4 μ l neat) was added slowly via syringe and the mixture stirred at room temperature. After 5 days the reaction was diluted with ethyl acetate and quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate. The layers were separated, and the organic layer was washed with brine then dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by preparative TLC on silica gel (ethyl acetate : hexane (1:1) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (42 mg). ^1H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 33B

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-i-propyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri(1-methylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (52 mg) in methylene chloride (700 μ l) was added peracetic acid (17 μ l), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes. 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-i-propyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (42 mg) was dissolved in methylene chloride (450 μ l) and added to the reaction mixture. After 18 hours the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine then dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by preparative TLC on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:1) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (9 mg). MASS (FAB) 956 (M + Li) Partial ^1H NMR δ : 7.19 (s, 1H); 7.16 (d, J = 9Hz, 1H); 6.97 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 6.92 (dd, J = 9, 3Hz, 1H); 6.34 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 4.41 (brd, J = 14Hz, 1H); 2.72 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 34

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

STEP 34A

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3'',4''-dihydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (1.0 g) in dry methylene chloride (14 ml) was added 2,6-lutidine (240 μ l) and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 10 minutes, tert-butyldimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (295 μ l) was added via

syringe. After 15 minutes the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N HCl, water, saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine. The organic phase was dried over magnesium sulfate. Removal of the solvent in vacuo and flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate: hexane (1:3) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (293 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 34B

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (290 mg in 3.9 ml 33% methylene chloride in cyclohexane) allyl trichloroacetimidate (131 mg neat) was added and the reagents allowed to mix for 5 minutes. Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (6 μ l neat) was added slowly via syringe and the mixture stirred at room temperature. After 5 days the reaction was diluted with ethyl acetate and quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate. The layers were separated, and the organic layer was washed with brine then dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by preparative TLC on silica gel (ethyl acetate : hexane (1:5) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (150 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 34C

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(tert-butyldimethylsiloxy)-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (150 mg) in acetonitrile (3 ml) was added a solution of 2% HF in aqueous acetonitrile (80 μ l), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 2 hours, the solution was diluted with ethyl acetate and quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate. The layers were separated, and the organic layer was washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by flash chromatography on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:1) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (63 mg). ¹H NMR consistent with the desired structure.

STEP 34D

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri(1-methylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (60 mg) in methylene chloride (1.0 ml) was added peracetic acid (23 μ l), and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes. 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (60 mg) was dissolved in methylene chloride (500 μ l) and added to the reaction mixture. After 20 hours the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine then dried over magnesium sulfate. Purification of the concentrate by preparative TLC on silica gel (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:2) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (26 mg). partial ¹H NMR δ : 7.18 (s, 1H); 7.16 (d, J=9Hz, 1H); 6.97 (d, J=3Hz, 1H); 6.91 (dd, J=9,3Hz, 1H); 6.34 (d, J=3Hz, 1H); 5.89 (m, 1H); 4.57 (brd, J=4 Hz, 1H); 4.41 (brd, J=14Hz, 1H); 3.70 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 35

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-n-propyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-en -

2,3,10,16-tetraone (14 mg) in ethyl acetate (400 μ l) was added rhodium on carbon (4 mg). The flask was filled with hydrogen, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 1.5 hours the mixture was filtered through Celite then the solvent was removed in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (ethyl acetate:hexane (1:1) + 1% methanol) gave the title compound (10 mg). partial ^1H NMR d: 7.17 (s, 1H); 7.15 (d, J=9Hz, 1H); 6.97 (d, J=3Hz, 1H); 6.92 (dd, J=9,3Hz, 1H); 6.34 (d, J=3Hz, 1H); 4.56 (brd, J=4 Hz, 1H); 4.40 (brd, J=14Hz, 1H); 3.71 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 36

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(3-t-butyldimethylsilyloxypropyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri[1-(3-t-butyldimethylsilyloxypropyl)-indol-5-yl] bismuthine (0.43 gm, 0.4mmol.) in CH_2Cl_2 (4mL.) at room temperature was added peracetic acid (0.075 mL., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10, 16-tetraone (350 mg., 0.44mmol.) and $\text{Cu}(\text{OAc})_2$ (30 mg.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 days. The reaction was then quenched with saturated NaHCO_3 and the mixture extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The organic extracts were combined, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (3:1, hexane/acetone) to give 144 mg. of the title compound.

EXAMPLE 37

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(3-hydroxypropyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(3-t-butyldimethylsilyloxy-propyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (144mg) in CH_2Cl_2 (4 mL.) at rt was added a solution of p-toluene sulfonic acid (20 mg.) in CH_3OH (4 mL.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hr., quenched with saturated NaHCO_3 , then extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The extracts were combined, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (2:1, hexane/acetone) to give 81 mg of the title compound. Partial ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) d: 7.22 (d, J=9 Hz, 1H); 7.18 (d, J=3 Hz, 1H); 7.07 (d, J=3 Hz, 1H); 6.89 (dd, J=3 Hz and J=9 Hz, 1H); 6.34 (d, J=3 Hz, 1H); 4.20 (t, J=6.5 Hz, 2H); 2.00 (m, 2H).

EXAMPLE 38

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-hydroxy-4''-(1-t-butyldimethylsilyloxyethylindol-5-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri[1-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxyethyl)-indol-5-yl] bismuthine (250 mg., 0.24 mmol.) in CH_2Cl_2 (2mL.) at rt was added peracetic acid (0.05 mL., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3'',4''-dihydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (200mg, 0.25 mmol) and $\text{Cu}(\text{OAc})_2$ (20 mg.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 days. The reaction was then quenched with saturated NaHCO_3 and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The organic extracts were combined, dried with Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC (3:1, hexane/acetone) to afford 74 mg. of the title compound.

EXAMPLE 39

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-hydroxy-4''-(1-hydroxyethylindol-5-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-hydroxy-4''-(1-t-butyl-dimethylsilyloxyethylindol-5-yl)-oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (74mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL.) at rt was added a solution of p-toluene sulfonic acid (10 mg.) in CH₃OH (2 mL.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hr., quenched with saturated NaHCO₃, then extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (2:1, hexane/acetone) to give 44.8 mg of the title compound. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.24 (d, J=9Hz, 1H); 7.15 (d, J=3Hz, 1H); 7.12 (d, J=3.5Hz, 1H); 6.86 (dd, J=3 and J=9 Hz, 1H); 6.39 (d, J=3.5, 1H); 4.20 (t, J=5, 2H).

EXAMPLE 40

Tri[1-(2-t-butyl-dimethylsilyloxyethyl)-indol-6-yl]-bismuthine

Step A: 6-Bromoindole

To a solution of 4-bromo-2-nitrotoluene (4.3 g., 20 mmol.) in DMF (40 mL.) was added DMF dimethylacetal (7.15g., 60 mmol.) and pyrrolidine (1.4 g., 20 mmol.). The solution was heated to 110° C for 4 hr. then cooled to rt. and diluted with ethyl ether. The mixture was washed 3X with water, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent evaporated. The residue was dissolved in 80% aqueous acetic acid (125 mL.) and heated to 75° C. Zinc dust (9.75 g., 150 mmol.) was added gradually over 20 min. The reaction mixture was heated to 85° C for 2 hr. then cooled to -35° C and filtered to remove unreacted zinc. The filtrate was diluted with ethyl ether, washed 3X with water then with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The solution was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to ~30 mL. then diluted with hexanes and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to an off-white solid which was dissolved in hexane, filtered, and concentrated to give 1.65 g. of the title compound as a light green solid.

Step B: 1-(2-t-Butyldimethylsilyloxyethyl)-6-bromoindole

To a slurry of NaH (192 mg., 4.8 mmol., 60% oil dispersion) in DMF (4 mL.) was added, dropwise, a solution of 6-bromoindole (0.85 g., 4.34 mmol.) in DMF (4 mL.). After stirring for 10 min. at rt., 2-t-butyl-dimethylsilyloxyethyl bromide ((1.15 g., 4.8 mmol., neat) was added and the mixture stirred for 1.5 hr. The reaction mixture was partitioned between ice water and hexane. The organics were washed 2X with water, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to a dark oil. The product was isolated by flash column chromatography (silica, 4:1 hexanes/acetone) to give 1.04 g. of the title compound as an oil.

Step C: Tri[1-(2-t-butyl-dimethylsilyloxyethyl)-indol-6-yl]-bismuthine

To a solution of 1-(2-t-butyl-dimethylsilyloxyethyl)-6-bromoindole (1.0 g., 2.81 mmol.) in ethyl ether (10 mL.) at -78° C was added t-butyllithium (3.4 mL., 5.8 mmol., 1.7M in pentane). After stirring for 10 min. a solution of BiCl₃ (285 mg., 0.9 mmol.) in THF (3 mL.) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 10 min. at -78° C. then allowed to warm to rt. overnight. The reaction mixture was partitioned between ice water and CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed with water, dried with Na₂SO₄ and concentrated to a dark oil. Flash column chromatography (silica, 4:1 hexane/acetone) afforded 630 mg. of the title compound as a dark oil (~60% pure) which was used without further purification in Example 41/the next step.

EXAMPLE 41

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-t-butyl-dimethylsilyloxyethylindol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri[1-(2-t-butyl-dimethylsilyloxyethyl)-indol-6-yl] bismuthine (0.60 g., 0.58mmol.) in CH₂Cl₂ (5mL.) at room temperature was added peracetic acid (0.080 mL., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (350 mg., 0.44mmol.) and Cu(OAc)₂ (30 mg.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 20 hr. The reaction was

then quenched with saturated NaHCO_3 and the mixture extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The organic extracts were combined, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (3:1, hexane/acetone) to give 150 mg. of the title compound.

5 EXAMPLE 42

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-hydroxyethylindol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

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To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-t-butyltrimethylsilyloxyethylindol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (150 mg) in CH_2Cl_2 (4 mL) at rt was added a solution of p-toluene sulfonic acid (20 mg.) in CH_3OH (4 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hr., quenched with saturated NaHCO_3 , then extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The extracts were combined, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (2:1, hexane/acetone) to give 55 mg. of the title compound.

Partial ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 200 MHz) δ : 7.47 (d, J=6 Hz, 1H); 7.03 (d, J=3 Hz, 1H); 6.94 (bs, 1H); 6.82 (dd, J=1.5 Hz and J=6 Hz, 1H); 6.41 (d, J=3 Hz, 1H); 6.41 (d, J=3 Hz, 1H); 4.20 (t, J=5 Hz, 2H); 3.93 (t, J=5 Hz, 2H); 3.50 (s, 3H).

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EXAMPLE 43

Tri(1-methylindol-6-yl)bismuthine

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To a solution of 1-methyl-6-bromoindole (760 mg., 3.6 mmol.) in ethyl ether (15 mL) at -78°C was added t-butyllithium (4.4 mL., 7.5 mmol., 1.7M in pentane). After 10 min. a solution of BiCl_3 (375 mg., 1.2 mmol.) in THF (4 mL) was added and the cooling bath removed. The reaction mixture stirred for 4 hr then poured into ice water and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The extracts were combined, backwashed with water, dried with Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to a dark oil. The product was crystallized from methanol to afford 290 mg. of the title compound as a tan solid.

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EXAMPLE 44

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methylindol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri[1-methylindol-6-yl]bismuthine (200 mg., 0.33 mmol.) in CH_2Cl_2 (2mL) at room temperature was added peracetic acid (0.070 mL., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (150 mg., 0.19 mmol.) and $\text{Cu}(\text{OAc})_2$ (30 mg.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 days. The reaction was then quenched with saturated NaHCO_3 and the mixture extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The organic extracts were combined, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (2:1, hexane/acetone) to give 76 mg. of the title compound.

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Partial ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ : 7.44 (d, J=7Hz, 1H); 6.91 (d, J=3Hz, 1H) 6.88 (d, J=2Hz, 1H); 6.81 (m, 1H); 6.37 (d, J=3, 1H); 3.68 (s, 3H); 3.51 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 45

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17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-dibenzylphosphonoxy-ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-hydroxyethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (202 mg, azeotroped with toluene) in dry THF was added dibenzyl phosphate (88.6 mg) followed by triphenylphosphine (83.5 mg). The reaction mixture was cooled down to 0°C , then added

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diethyl azodicarboxylate (50 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 5 minutes, removed the ice bath, and stirred at room temperature for 2h. The crude reaction mixture was loaded directly onto the silica gel column and purified (ethyl acetate:hexane (2:3) + 1% MeOH) to give the title compound (197 mg).

Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 7.29 (m, 6H); 7.18 (m, 5H); 7.12 (d, J = 9Hz, 1H); 7.0 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 6.89 (dd, J = 9, 2Hz, 1H); 6.36 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 4.82 (m, 4H); 4.40 (brd, J = 14Hz, 1H); 4.20 (m, 4H).

EXAMPLE 46

Monopotassium salt of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-phosphonoxy-ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-dibenzylphosphate-ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (197 mg) in methanol (3.2 mL) was added potassium bicarbonate (16.3 mg) dissolved in water (200 mL). Added palladium hydroxide over carbon, then charged the reaction mixture with hydrogen via balloon. After the reaction was complete (10 min. by TLC analysis), it was filtered over Celite and rinsed with methanol and small amount of water. The solvent was removed in vacuo, and the crude material was purified on HP-20 column to give the title compound (69 mg).

Partial ¹H NMR (CD₃OD) δ: 7.34 (d, J = 9Hz, 1H); 7.27 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 7.12 (d, J = 2Hz, 1H); 6.85 (dd, J = 9, 2Hz, 1H); 6.31 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 5.23 (m, 2H); 4.35 (m, 2H); 4.13 (m, 2H).

EXAMPLE 47

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(N,N-dimethylglycyloxy)ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-hydroxyethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (26.6 mg) in dry methylene chloride (0.3 mL) was added hydrochloride salt of N,N-dimethylglycine (5.8 mg), DMAP (3.4 mg) and EDC (8 mg), respectively at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4h, then diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (1:2/acetone:hexane) to give 23mg of the title compound.

Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 7.21 (m, 2H); 7.04 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 6.91 (dd, J = 9, 2Hz, 1H); 6.49 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 4.41 (m, 2H); 4.32 (m, 2H); 3.07 (s, 3H); 2.26 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 48

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-succinyloxyethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-hydroxyethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (109 mg) in dry methylene chloride was added succinic anhydride (11.5 mg) and triethylamine (19 ml). Added DMAP (7 mg) to the reaction mixture and followed the reaction by TLC. After 1.5h, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and adjusted to pH 4 with 1N HCl. It was poured into the separatory funnel and the layers were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate, and the combined organic layer was washed with brine. It was dried over magnesium sulfate, and the crude material was purified by flash chromatography (3% methanol/CH₂Cl₂) to give 66 mg of the title compound.

Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 7.19 (m, 2H); 7.04 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 6.91 (dd, J = 9, 2Hz, 1H); 6.39 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H); 4.32 (m, 4H); 2.49 (brs, 4H).

EXAMPLE 49

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-phenylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
 23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
 5 tetraone

Step A: 5-Bromo-3-phenylisatin

To a stirred mixture of 5-bromoisatin (5g., 22.1 mmol., 1 eq.) in dry THF (150 mL.) was added
 10 phenylmagnesium bromide (14.7 mL., 44.2 mmol., 2 eq., 3M solution in diethyl ether)(The addition of
 Grignard reagent was initiated at -78°C. The reaction mixture became too viscous to stir after addition of
 approximately 5 mL. of the Grignard reagent. The cooling bath was removed and the remainder of the
 Grignard reagent was added by quick dropwise addition.). The reaction mixture was stirred overnight.
 Analysis by TLC showed a small amount of unreacted starting material. An additional 1.5 mL. of the
 15 Grignard reagent was added and the reaction mixture was stirred an additional 6 hours. The reaction
 mixture was poured into a separatory funnel containing saturated aqueous ammonium chloride and was
 extracted 4x with diethyl ether. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered
 and concentrated in vacuo. The product was carried on without further purification.

20 Step B: 5-Bromo-3-phenylindole

To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-3-phenylisatin (6.39 g., 21 mmol., 1 eq.) in dry THF (50 mL.) at 0°C was
 added lithium aluminum hydride (2.0g., 52.5 mmol., 2.5 eq.) portionwise over 1.5 hours. The cooling bath
 was removed and the reaction was allowed to stir overnight. The mixture was cooled to 0°C and carefully
 25 quenched with 1N aqueous HCl. The mixture was filtered through Celite™ and the Celite™ was washed
 with THF. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo, dissolved in EtOAc and washed with water. The organic
 layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo.

Step C: 5-bromo-1-methyl-3-phenylindole

30 To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-3-phenylindole (2.4 g., 8.78 mmol., 1 eq.) in dimethylformamide (20
 mL.) was added NaH (422 mg. of a 60% dispersion in oil, 10.54 mmol., 1.2 eq.). The mixture was stirred 15
 minutes. Methyl iodide (0.6 ml, 9.66 mmol, 1.1 eq) was added via syringe and the reaction mixture was
 stirred 3 hours. The reaction was quenched with water and extracted 4x with EtOAc. The organic extracts
 35 were combined, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified
 by flash column chromatography (2:1 hexanes/acetone) giving 1.63 g. 5-bromo-1-methyl-3-phenylindole.

Step D: Tri(1-methyl-3-phenylindol-5-yl)bismuthine

40 To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-1-methyl-3-phenylindole (1.63 g., 5.7 mmol., 1 eq.) in Et₂O (35 mL.) at
 -78°C under N₂ atmosphere was added t-buLi (6.7 mL. of a 1.7M solution in hexanes, 11.4 mmol., 2 eq.)
 dropwise via syringe. The reaction was stirred 10 minutes at -78°C. To this mixture was added a solution of
 BiCl₃ (540 mg., 1.71 mmol., 0.3 eq.) in THF (7 mL.) dropwise quickly. The reaction was stirred 10 minutes
 at -78°C and the cooling bath was removed and the mixture allowed to warm to room temperature. After 3
 45 hours the mixture was poured into a separatory funnel containing water and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The
 organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The
 residue was triturated with Et₂O and the solids collected and washed with Et₂O giving 710 mg of Tri(1-
 methyl-3-phenylindol-5-yl)bismuthine.

50 Step E: 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-phenylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-
 methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-
 2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-methyl-3-phenylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (645 mg., 0.78 mmol., 1.2 eq.) in
 55 CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL.) and THF (3 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.514 mL. of a 32% solution in dilute acetic
 acid, 0.858 mmol., 1.3 eq.). The mixture was stirred 5 minutes and 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-
 hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-
 azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (514 mg., 0.65 mmol., 1 eq.) was added. Cu(OAc)₂

(12 mg., 0.065 mmol., 0.1 eq) was added. The flask was capped and the mixture stirred. After 48 hours the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (2:1 hexanes/acetone) and again (3.5% CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂) giving 78 mg 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-phenylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone.

Mass (FAB) 1003 (M⁺ + Li); 996 (M⁺).

Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400MHz) δ: 7.59 (d, J = 7Hz, 2H); 7.50 (m, 1H); 7.41 (t, J = 7Hz, 2H); 7.25-7.15 (m, 3H); 6.99 (dd, J = 9Hz, J = 2Hz, 1H); 4.57 (d, J = 6Hz, 1H); 4.39 (bd, J = 13 Hz, 1H); 3.78 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 50

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-(2-hydroxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

Step A: 5-Bromo-3-hydroxyethylindole

To a stirred solution of 5-bromoindole-3-acetic acid (1.9g., 7.48 mmol., 1 eq.) in dry THF (17 mL.) at 0°C was added lithium aluminum hydride (570 mg, 14.96 mmol., 2 eq.) portionwise over 30 minutes. The reaction mixture coagulated. THF (20 mL.) was added and the cooling bath was removed. The mixture was stirred vigorously. Let stir overnight. The reaction mixture was carefully quenched with 1N aqueous HCl and then acidified with 2N aqueous HCl. The mixture was filtered through Celite™ and the Celite™ was washed with THF. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo, dissolved in EtOAc, and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. TLC analysis of the residue showed unreacted starting material. The residue was dissolved in Et₂O and extracted with 0.25N aqueous NaOH. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo giving 1.16g 5-bromo-3-hydroxyethylindole.

Step B: 5-Bromo-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxy)ethylindole

To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-3-hydroxyethylindole (1.16g., 4.83 mmol., 1 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (12mL.) was added triethylamine (1.0mL., 7.25 mmol., 1.5eq.) followed by addition of t-butyldimethylchlorosilane (875mg., 1.2mmol., 1.2eq.) and dimethylaminopyridine(catalytic). The mixture was stirred overnight, poured into a separatory funnel containing water and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo giving 1.66g. 5-bromo-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxy)ethylindole.

Step C: 5-Bromo-1-methyl-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxy)ethylindole

To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxy)ethylindole(1.66g., 4.66mmol., 1eq.) in DMF (15mL.) was added NaH (225mg. of a 60% dispersion in oil, 5.6mmol., 1.2eq.). After 15 minutes iodomethane (0.320mL., 5.13mmol., 1.1eq.) was added. The mixture was stirred 4 hours and then poured into a separatory funnel containing water and extracted 2x with EtOAc. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo giving 1.49g. 5-bromo-1-methyl-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxy)ethylindole.

Step D: Tri(1-methyl-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxy)ethylindol-5-yl)bismuthine

To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-1-methyl-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxy)ethylindole (1.49g., 4.03mmol., 1eq.) in Et₂O (15mL.) at -78°C under nitrogen atmosphere was added t-butyllithium (4.8mL. of a 1.7M solution in pentanes, 8.06mmol., 2eq.) dropwise via syringe. The mixture was stirred 10 minutes at -78°C and then a solution of BiCl₃ (381mg., 1.21mmol., 0.3eq.) in THF (5mL.) was added quickly dropwise via syringe. The mixture was stirred for 7 minutes at -78°C under nitrogen. The cooling bath was removed and the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. After 1 hour the mixture was poured into a separatory funnel containing water and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo giving 554 mg. crude product. ¹H NMR

analysis of the residue indicates mixture of approximately 2:1 of the desired bismuthine to reduced indole. Used the mixture crude in subsequent reaction.

St p E: 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-methyl-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxy)ethylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (554 mg. crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL.) and THF (3 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.120 mL. of a 32% solution in dilute acetic acid, 0.571 mmol.). To this mixture was added 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (347 mg., 0.439 mmol.) followed by addition of Cu(OAc)₂ (24 mg., 0.13 mmol.). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir overnight. The mixture was poured into a separatory funnel containing saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (2:1 hexanes/acetone) giving 200 mg. 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone as a brown oil.

Step F: 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-(2-hydroxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-(2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (200 mg.) in CH₂Cl₂ (6 mL.) and CH₃OH (6 mL.) was added p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (30 mg.). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir 3 hours. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (1:1 hexanes/acetone) and again (7% CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂) giving 75 mg. 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-(2-hydroxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone.

Mass (FAB) 972 (M⁺ + Li).

Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 7.17-7.13 (m, 2H); 6.94 (dd, J = 9 Hz, J = 2 Hz, 1H); 6.88 (s, 1H); 4.58 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H); 4.39 (bd, J = 13 Hz, 1H); 3.84 (t, J = 6 Hz, 2H); 3.70 (s, 3H); 2.94 (t, J = 7 Hz, 2H).

EXAMPLE 51

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1,3-dimethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

Step A: 5-Bromo-3-methylindole

To a stirred mixture of 5-bromoisatin (5g., 22.1 mmol., 1 eq.) in dry THF (150 mL.) was added methylmagnesium bromide (32 mL. of a 1.4M solution in toluene, 44.2 mmol., 2 eq.) dropwise via syringe. After 45 minutes TLC analysis showed small amount of unreacted bromoisatin. Added 3.2 mL. of methylmagnesium bromide solution. Let stir 1 hour. Cooled reaction mixture to 0°C. Added lithium aluminum hydride (1.26g., 33.15 mmol., 1.5 eq.) portionwise. Let stir 30 minutes at 0°C. Removed cooling bath and let stir overnight. Cooled mixture to 0°C and carefully quenched reaction with 1N aqueous HCl. Acidified with 2N aqueous HCl. Removed cooling bath. Let stir for 3 hours. Filtered mixture through Celite™. Washed Celite™ with THF. Concentrated filtrate in vacuo. Diluted residue with water and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Loaded residue onto a silica gel plug in a fritted filter and eluted with 4:1 hexanes/acetone. Collected fractions containing the desired product and concentrated in vacuo giving 2.85g. 5-bromo-3-methylindole.

Step B: 5-Bromo-1,3-dimethylindole

To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-3-methylindole (2.85g., 13.6 mmol., 1eq.) in DMF (35 mL.) was added NaH (651 mg. of a 60% dispersion in oil, 16.28 mmol., 1.2 eq.). The mixture was stirred 15 minutes. To this mixture was added iodomethane (0.930 mL., 14.93 mmol., 1.1 eq.). The mixture was stirred for 2 hours. The DMF was removed in vacuo. The residue was diluted with water and extracted 4x with Et₂O. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo giving 3.04g. 5-bromo-1,3-dimethylindole as a reddish liquid.

Step C: Tri(1,3-dimethylindol-5-yl)bismuthine

To a stirred solution of 5-bromo-1,3-dimethylindole (3.04g., 13.57 mmol., 1 eq.) in Et₂O (50 mL.) at -78°C under nitrogen atmosphere was added t-butyllithium (16 mL. of a 1.7M solution in hexanes, 27.2 mmol., 2 eq.) dropwise via syringe. The mixture was stirred for 10 minutes at -78°C. To the reaction was added a solution of BiCl₃ (1.28g., 4.07mmol., 0.3 eq.) in THF (17 mL.) quickly dropwise via syringe. The mixture was stirred 5 minutes at -78°C. The cooling bath was removed and the reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature. The reaction mixture was poured into a separatory funnel containing ice water and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with Et₂O. The solids were filtered off. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo, giving 1.28g. brown oil. ¹H NMR analysis of the residue indicates material is a mixture of approximately 1:2 desired tri(1,3-dimethylindol-5-yl)bismuthine: dimethylindole. Material was used crude in subsequent Step D.

Step D: 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1,3-dimethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1,3-dimethylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (approximately 420 mg., [based on 1.28 g. of material containing one third bismuthine, .7 mmol., 1.2 eq.] in CH₂Cl₂ (12 mL.) and THF (4 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.193 mL. of a 32% solution in acetic acid, 0.916 mmol., 1.3 eq.). To this mixture was added 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (464 mg., 0.59 mmol., 1 eq.) followed by addition of Cu(OAc)₂ (30mg., 0.176 mmol., 0.3 eq.). The mixture was stirred 4 days. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography (2:1 hexanes/acetone) and again (3.5% CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂) followed by preparative TLC (eluted 6x with 4:1 hexanes/acetone) giving 117 mg. of 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1,3-dimethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone.

Mass (FAB) 934 (M⁺).

Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 7.14-7.10 (m, 2H); 6.91 (dd, J = 9Hz, J = 2Hz, 1H); 6.76 (s, 1H); 4.57 (d, J = 6Hz, 1H); 4.39 (bd, J = 13Hz, 1H); 3.66 (s, 3H); 2.24 (s, 3H).

EXAMPLE 52

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-benzylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of tri(1-benzylindol-5-yl)bismuthine (1.28g., 1.54 mmol., 1.2eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (9 mL.) and THF (3 mL.) was added peracetic acid (0.357 mL. of a 32% solution in dilute acetic acid, 1.69 mmol., 1.3 eq.). To this mixture was added 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3'',4''-dihydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (1g., 1.28 mmol., 1 eq.) followed by addition of Cu(OAc)₂ (23 mg.). The mixture was stirred 2 days. The reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted 4x with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (2:1 hexanes/acetone) and again (3.5% CH₃OH/CH₂Cl₂) and again (2:1 hexanes/acetone) giving 253 mg. 17-ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-benzylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-

dioxa-4-azatricyclo [22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone.

Mass (FAB) 990(M⁺ + Li).

Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400MHz): 7.30-7.05 (m, 8H); 6.82 (dd, J = 2Hz, J = 8Hz, 1H); 6.43 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H); 5.27 (s, 2H); 4.58 (d, J = 6Hz, 1H); 4.40 (bd, J = 13 Hz, 1H).

EXAMPLE 53

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(3-hydroxypropyl)indol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

Step A: 2-t-Butyldimethylsilyloxyethyl bromide

To a solution of 2-bromoethanol (50 g, 0.40 mol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) was added t-butyldimethylchlorosilane (63.4 g, 0.42 mol), triethylamine (45.4 g, 0.45 mol) and dimethylaminopyridine (0.5 g). After stirring overnight the reaction mixture was washed 3X with water. The organic fraction was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to provide 85 g of the title compound as a light yellow oil.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 3.85 (t, 2H); 3.36 (t, 2H); 0.86 (s, 9H); 0.05 (s, 6H).

Step B: 1-(2-Butyldimethylsilyloxyethyl)-5-bromoindole

To a slurry of sodium hydride (12 g, 0.3 mol, 60% dispersion in oil) in DMF (200 mL) was added dropwise a solution of 5-bromoindole (50 g, 0.255 mol) in DMF (300 mL). After stirring for 15 minutes 2-t-butyldimethylsilyloxyethyl bromide (60 g, 0.255 mol, neat) was added dropwise and the reaction mixture stirred for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was partitioned between ice water and ethyl ether. The organic fraction was washed with water, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by column chromatography (silica, 3:1 hexane/acetone) to give 68.6 g of the title compound as a light yellow oil.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 7.72 (s, 1H); 7.1-7.3 (m, 3H); 6.4 (d, 1H); 4.18 (t, 2H); 3.86 (t, 2H); 0.8 (s, 9H); -0.18 (s, 6H).

Step C: 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(3-t-butyldimethylsilyloxypropyl)indol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri[1-(3-t-butyldimethylsilyloxypropyl)indol-6-yl]bismuthine (0.917 gm, crude) in CH₂Cl₂ (7 mL) at room temperature was added peracetic acid (0.10 mL, 32% in acetic acid) followed in 15 minutes by 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (500 mg, 0.63 mmol) and Cu(OAc)₂ (50 mg). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 days. The reaction was then quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ and the mixture extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (3:1, hexane/acetone) to give 318 mg of the title compound.

Step D: 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(3-hydroxypropyl)indol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23-25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11, 28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(3-t-butyldimethylsilyloxypropyl)indol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (318 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) at rt was added a solution of p-toluene sulfonic acid (25 mg) in CH₃OH (5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hours quenched with saturated NaHCO₃, then extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (2:1, hexane/acetone) to give 190 mg of the title compound.

Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.43 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H); 7.02 (d, J = 2 Hz, 1H); 6.98 (d, J = 3 Hz, 1H); 6.78 (dd, J = 2 Hz and J = 9 Hz, 1H); 6.38 (d, J = 3 Hz, 1H); 4.20 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H); 2.00 (m, 2H).

EXAMPLE 54

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(3''''-diethylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-hydroxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (200mg., 0.210 mmol., 1 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL.) under nitrogen was added 3-N,N-diethylaminopropionic acid hydrochloride (57 mg., 0.315 mmol., 1.5 eq.), dimethylaminopyridine (26 mg., 0.210 mmol., 1 eq.) and EDC (60 mg., 0.315 mmol., 1.5 eq.). The reaction was stirred for 1 hour. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N aq. HCl, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and then brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography (3:2 hexanes/acetone) to give 194 mg. 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(3''''-diethylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23, 25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone. Mass (FAB)-1079 (M⁺ + 1):

EXAMPLE 55

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(3''''-dimethylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

The title compound is prepared in the manner of Example 54 employing 3-N,N-dimethylaminopropionic acid.

EXAMPLE 56

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(3''''-aminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

The title compound is prepared in the manner of Example 54 employing 3-aminopropionic acid in suitably protected form followed by deprotection of the amino group.

EXAMPLE 57

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(3''''-benzyloxycarbonyl-2''''-benzyloxycarbonylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-hydroxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23, 25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (500mg., 0.526 mmol., 1 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL.) under nitrogen was added N-Cbz-aspartic acid -β-benzyl ester (225 mg., 0.631 mmol., 1.2 eq.), dimethylaminopyridine (64 mg., 0.526 mmol., 1 eq.) and EDC (120 mg., 0.631 mmol., 1.2 eq.). The reaction was stirred for 2 hours. TLC analysis indicated reaction complete. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N aq. HCl, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and then brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography (70:30 hexanes/acetone) to give 687 mg 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2'''-(3''''-benzyloxycarbonyl-2''''-benzyloxycarbonylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21, 27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone.

EXAMPLE 58

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-((2'''-(3''''-benzyloxycarbonyl-2''''-benzyloxy-carbonylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-((2'''-(3''''-benzyloxycarbonyl-2''''-benzyloxy-carbonylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (125 mg. 0.093 mmol., 1 eq.) in methanol (2 mL.) was added palladium hydroxide on carbon (25 mg.). The flask was charged with hydrogen and allowed to stir for 30 minutes. The reaction was filtered through a 0.45 µm PTFE membrane and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography (100:10:5:0.5 / CHCl₃: MeOH:formic acid:H₂O) to give 95 mg 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-((2'''-(3''''-benzyloxycarbonyl-2''''-benzyloxy-carbonylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone. Mass (FAB) 1067 (M⁺).

EXAMPLE 59

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-((2'''-(1''''-imidazolylcarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-((2'''-(1''''-hydroxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (1.5 g., 1.58 mmol., 1 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL.) under nitrogen was added carbonyl diimidazole (256 mg., 1.58 mmol., 1 eq.). After 45 minutes the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N aq. HCl and then brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was used without further purification.

EXAMPLE 60

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-((2'''-(1''''-piperazinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-((2'''-(1''''-imidazolyl-carbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100 mg., 0.096 mmol., 1 eq.) in THF (1 mL.) at room temperature under nitrogen was added piperazine (82 mg., 0.956 mmol., 10 eq.). The mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature, stored overnight in freezer then stirred for an additional 6 hours at room temperature. The reaction was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N HCl, saturated NaHCO₃, and brine. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (5% methanol/CH₂Cl₂ and then 5% methanol/CH₂Cl₂ plus 1% NH₄OH) to give 74 mg. Mass (FAB) 1064 (M⁺ + 1).

EXAMPLE 61

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-((2'''-(2''''-hydroxy)ethylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-((2'''-(1''''-imidazolylcarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100 mg., 0.096 mmol., 1 eq.) in THF (1 mL.) at room temperature under nitrogen was added ethanolamine (29 µL., 0.478 mmol., 5 eq.). The reaction was stirred for 30 minutes at room temperature. The reaction was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N HCl, saturated NaHCO₃, and brine. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (45/65 acetone/hexanes) to give 50 mg. 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-((2'''-(2''''-hydroxy)ethylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-

dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone.
Mass (FAB) 1061 (M⁺ + Na); 1038 (M⁺ + 1).

EXAMPLE 62

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(isopropylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(1''''-imidazolylcarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (116 mg., 0.111 mmol., 1 eq.) in THF (1 mL.) at room temperature under nitrogen was added isopropylamine (48 μ L., 0.555 mmol., 5 eq.). The reaction was stirred for overnight. The reaction was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N HCl and brine. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (2:3 acetone/hexanes) to give 50 mg. 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(isopropylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone. Mass (FAB) 1043 (M⁺ + Li).

EXAMPLE 63

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(1''''-piperidinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(1''''-imidazolylcarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (150 mg., 0.143 mmol., 1 eq.) in THF (1 mL.) at room temperature under nitrogen was added piperidine (42 μ L., 0.717 mmol., 5 eq.). The reaction was stirred 1 hour. The reaction was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N HCl and brine. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (4:1 hexanes/acetone) to give 115 mg. 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(1''''-piperidinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone. Mass (FAB) 1062 (M⁺).

EXAMPLE 64

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(1''''-morpholinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(1''''-imidazolylcarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100 mg., 0.096 mmol., 1 eq.) in THF (1 mL.) at room temperature under nitrogen was added morpholine (42 μ L., 0.478 mmol., 5 eq.). The reaction was stirred 4 hours. The reaction was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N HCl, saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and brine. The product was purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (4% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) to give 85 mg. product. The compound was further purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (4% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) to give 67 mg. 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(1''''-morpholinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone. Mass (FAB) 1064 (M⁺).

EXAMPLE 65

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(diphenylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-hydroxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23, 25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100mg., 0.105 mmol., 1 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL.) under nitrogen was added diphenylcarbonylchloride (29 mg., 0.13mmol., 1.2 eq.), triethylamine (22μL., 0.16 mmol., 1.5 eq.) and dimethylaminopyridine (3mg., 0.021 mmol., 0.2 eq.). The reaction was stirred overnight. More diphenylcarbonylchloride (15 mg.) and triethylamine (11μL.) were added. After 3 hours the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N aq. HCl, water and then brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by preparative TLC (3% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) to give 50 mg. 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(diphenylamino-carbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10, 16-tetraone. Mass (FAB) 1046 (M⁺).

EXAMPLE 66

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(diethylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-hydroxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23, 25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100mg., 0.105 mmol., 1 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL.) under nitrogen was added diethylcarbonylchloride (16 μL., 0.13 mmol., 1.2 eq.), triethylamine (22μL., 1.5 eq.), and dimethylaminopyridine (13 mg., 1.0 eq.). The reaction was stirred overnight. The mixture was heated and maintained at reflux for 4 days. The mixture was cooled, diluted with ethyl acetate, washed with 1N aq. HCl and then brine. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by preparative TLC (3% MeOH/ CH₂Cl₂) to give 16 mg. 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(diethylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone. Mass (FAB) 1057 (M⁺ + Li).

EXAMPLE 67

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-methanesulfonyloxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21, 27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-hydroxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23, 25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (500mg., 0.526 mmol., 1 eq.) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL.) under nitrogen was added triethylamine (147μL., 1.053 mmol., 2 eq.), followed by methanesulfonylchloride (54μL., 0.579 mmol., 1.1 eq.). The reaction was stirred 10 minutes and the cooling bath was removed. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for three hours. The mixture was stored in the freezer overnight. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The product was used without purification.

EXAMPLE 68

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-azidoethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-methanesulfonyloxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (0.526 mmol., 1 eq.) in DMF (10 mL.) under nitrogen was added sodium azide (171 mg., 2.63 mmol., 5 eq.). The reaction was heated to 60°C for 2 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with brine. The aqueous layer was extracted 3x with ethyl acetate. The organic extracts were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (2:1 hexanes/acetone) giving 310 mg. 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-azidoethyl)indol-

5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21, 27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone. Mass (FAB) 975 (M⁺).

EXAMPLE 69

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-aminoethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-azidoethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23, 25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (260 mg., 0.27 mmol., 1 eq.) in THF (6 mL.) was added water (7 drops) followed by triphenylphosphine (87 mg., .33 mmol., 1.25 eq.). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) giving 227 mg. 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2'''-aminoethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23, 25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone. Mass (FAB) 956(M⁺ + Li).

EXAMPLE 70

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-t-butyl dimethylsilyloxyethoxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21, 27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of tri[1-(2-t-butyl dimethylsilyloxy-ethoxyethyl)-indol-5-yl] bismuthine (360 mg., 0.31 mmol.) in CH₂Cl₂ (3mL.) at rt was added peracetic acid (0.05 mL., 32% in acetic acid) followed in 10 minutes by 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3'',4''-dihydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (200mg, 0.25 mmol) and Cu(OAc)₂ (20 mg.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 18 hrs. The reaction was then quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The organic extracts were combined, dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was isolated and purified by preparative TLC (3:1, hexane/acetone) to afford 120 mg. of the title compound as a dark oil.

EXAMPLE 71

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-hydroxyethoxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-t-butyl dimethylsilyloxyethoxy-ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (120mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL.) at rt was added a solution of p-toluene sulfonic acid (20 mg.) in CH₃OH (3 mL.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hr., quenched with saturated NaHCO₃, then extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The extracts were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by preparative TLC on silica gel (2:1, hexane/acetone) to give 51 mg of the title compound. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 7.19 (d, J = 9Hz, 1H); 7.17 (d, J = 2 Hz, 1H); 7.08 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H); 6.89 (dd, J = 2 and J = 9 Hz, 1H); 6.34 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H); 4.22 (t, J = 5 Hz, 2H); 3.73 (t, J = 5 Hz, 2H); 3.57 (t, J = 5 Hz, 2H); 3.39 (t, J = 5 Hz, 2H)

EXAMPLE 72

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3'''-methoxy-4''-(1'''-(1'''-oxoprop-3'''-yl)indol-5'''-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(3'''-hydroxypropyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]-

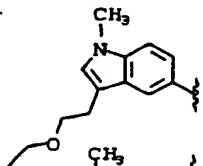
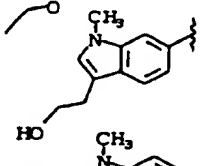
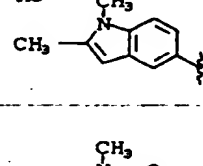
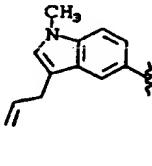
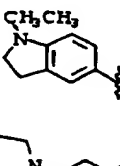
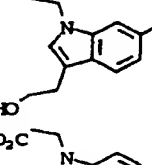
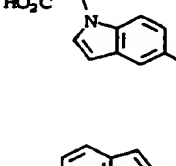
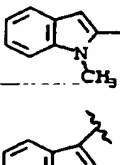
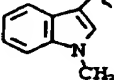
octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (700 mg., 0.726 mmol.) in CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) was added DMSO (2 mL.) and diisopropylethylamine (3.7 mL.) followed by pyridine sulfur trioxide (650 mg., 4.1 mmol.). The mixture was stirred for 20 min. then poured into saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The product was extracted into CH₂Cl₂ which was then dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 4:1 hexane/acetone) to give 457mg. of the title compound. Partial ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 200 MHz) δ: 9.77 (s, 1H); 7.19 (d, J = 2Hz, 1H); 7.15 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H); 7.04 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H); 6.89 (dd, J = 2 and J = 9 Hz, 1H); 6.33 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H); 4.39 (t, J = 5 Hz, 2H); 2.94 (t, J = 5 Hz, 2H).

EXAMPLE 73

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-methoxy-4'''-(1''''-(1''''-carboxyeth-2''''-yl)indol-5'''-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,8}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone

To a stirred solution of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-methoxy-4'''-(1''''-(1''''-oxoprop-3''''-yl)indol-5'''-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,8}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone (100 mg.), 5-bromoindole (300 mg.) and 2-methyl-2-butene (0.80 mL.) in t-butanol (4mL.) was added a solution of sodium chlorite (15 mg.) and sodium dihydrogen phosphate (15 mg.) in water (0.15 mL.). The reaction mixture was stirred for 0.5 hr. then concentrated in vacuo. The residue was partitioned between 10 ml. water containing 2 drops of 2N HCl and diethyl ether. The organic extract was dried with Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by preparative TLC 2X first with 2:1 hexane/acetone then 7% CH₃OH in CH₂Cl₂ and finally flash column chromatography on C₁₈ column packing with 60% CH₃CN in water to give 11 mg. of the title compound. Mass (FAB) 1001 (M + Na).

Utilizing the general procedures described in Examples 1 to 73, the following compounds of Formula I (wherein R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is methyl, ethyl, propyl or allyl; R¹⁰ is hydrogen and n is 2) are prepared from the appropriately substituted starting materials and reagents.

	EXAMPLE NO.	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁵
5	74		H	OH	CH ₃ CH ₂
10	75		CH ₃	OH	CH ₃ CH ₂
15	76		CH ₃	OH	CH ₃ CH ₂
20	77		CH ₃	OH	CH ₃ CH ₂
25	78		CH ₃	OH	CH ₃ CH ₂
30	79		CH ₃	OH	CH ₃ CH ₂
35	80		CH ₃	OH	CH ₃ CH ₂
40	81		CH ₃	OH	CH ₃ CH ₂
45	82		CH ₃	OH	CH ₃ CH ₂

EXAMPLE 83**T-Cell Proliferation Assay****1. Sample Preparation**

The compounds to be assayed were dissolved in absolute ethanol at 1 mg/ml.

2. Assay

Spleens from C57B1/6 mice were taken under sterile conditions and gently dissociated in ice-cold RPMI 1640 culture medium (GIBCO, Grand Island, N. Y.) supplemented with 10% heat-inactivated fetal calf serum (GIBCO). Cells were pelleted by centrifugation at 1500 rpm for 8 minutes. Contaminating red cells were removed by treating the pellet with ammonium chloride lysing buffer (GIBCO) for 2 minutes at 4°C. Cold medium was added and cells were again centrifuged at 1500 rpm for 8 minutes. T lymphocytes were then isolated by separation of the cell suspension on nylon wool columns as follows: Nylon wool columns were prepared by packing approximately 4 grams of washed and dried nylon wool into 20 ml plastic syringes. The columns were sterilized by autoclaving at 25°F for 30 minutes. Nylon wool columns were wetted with warm (37°C) culture medium and rinsed with the same medium. Washed spleen cells resuspended in warm medium were slowly applied to the nylon wool. The columns were then incubated in an upright position at 37°C for 1 hour. Non-adherent T lymphocytes were eluted from the columns with warm culture medium and the cell suspensions were spun as above.

Purified T lymphocytes were resuspended at 2.5×10^5 cells/ml in complete culture medium composed of RPMI 1640 medium with 10% heat-inactivated fetal calf serum, 100 mM glutamine, 1 mM sodium pyruvate, 2×10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol and 50 µg/ml gentamycin. Ionomycin was added at 250 ng/ml and PMA at 10 ng/ml. The cell suspension was immediately distributed into 96 well flat-bottom microculture plates (Costar) at 200 µl/well. The various dilutions of the compound to be tested were then added in triplicate wells at 20 µl/well. The compound 17-allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone was used as a standard. The culture plates were then incubated at 37°C in a humidified atmosphere of 5% CO₂-95% air for 44 hours. The proliferation of T lymphocytes was assessed by measurement of tritiated thymidine incorporation. After 44 hours of culturing, the cells were pulse-labelled with 2 µCi/well of tritiated thymidine (NEN, Cambridge, MA). After another 4 hours of incubation, cultures were harvested on glass fiber filters using a multiple sample harvester. Radioactivity of filter discs corresponding to individual wells was measured by standard liquid scintillation counting methods (Betacounter). Mean counts per minute of replicate wells were calculated and the results expressed as concentration of compound required to inhibit tritiated thymidine uptake of T-cells by 50%.

A selection of compounds were tested according to the previous procedure. The title compounds of the following Examples had activity in inhibiting the proliferation of T-cells in the aforementioned assay: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13, 14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,23,26,28,31,32,33,34, 35, 37, 39, 42, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 71, 72 and 73.

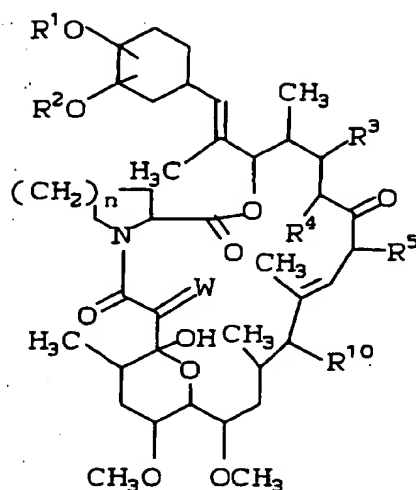
The results of this assay are representative of the intrinsic immunosuppressive activity of the compounds of the present invention.

For determining antagonist activity, the foregoing procedure is modified in that dilutions of compounds are cultured with 17-allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10, 16-tetraone (as a standard) at a concentration of 1.2 nM, a concentration which inhibits T cell proliferation by 100%, the concentration of compound required to reverse the inhibition obtained by the standard alone by 50% is measured, and the ED₅₀ value is determined.

While the foregoing specification teaches the principles of the present invention, with examples provided for the purpose of illustration, it will be understood that the practice of the invention encompasses all of the casual variations, adaptations, modifications, deletions, or additions of procedures and protocols described herein, as come within the scope of the following claims and its equivalents.

Claims

1. A compound of Formula I:



I

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

R¹ is selected from:

- (1) heteroaryl;
- (2) substituted heteroaryl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z;
- (3) heteroaryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl;
- (4) substituted heteroaryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl in which the heteroaryl group is substituted by X, Y and Z and the alkyl portion may be substituted with one or more of the substituent(s)

selected from:

- (a) hydroxy,
- (b) oxo,
- (c) C₁₋₆-alkoxy,
- (d) aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy,
- (e) substituted aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
- (f) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
- (g) -OCO-C₁₋₆alkyl,
- (h) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are independently selected from
 - (i) hydrogen,
 - (ii) C₁₋₁₀alkyl unsubstituted or substituted with one or more of the substituent(s)

selected from:

- (a') aryl, which is unsubstituted or substituted with X, Y and Z,
- (b') heteroaryl, which is unsubstituted or substituted with X, Y and Z,
- (c') -OH,
- (d') C₁₋₆alkoxy,
- (e') -CO₂H,
- (f') -CO₂-C₁₋₆alkyl,
- (g') -C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, and
- (h') -OR¹¹,

(iii) C₃₋₁₀alkenyl unsubstituted or substituted with one or more of the substituent-

(s) selected from:

- (a') aryl, which is unsubstituted or substituted with X, Y and Z,
- (b') heteroaryl, which is unsubstituted or substituted with X, Y and Z,
- (c') -OH,
- (d') C₁₋₆alkoxy,
- (e') -CO₂H,

- (f') -CO₂-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (g') -C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl, and
 (h') -OR¹¹,

(iv) or where R⁶ and R⁷ and the N to which they are attached may form an unsubstituted or substituted 3-7-membered heterocyclic ring which may include one or two additional heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of O, S(O)_p, NR¹⁴, wherein R¹⁴ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by phenyl, and p is 0, 1 or 2,

(i) -NR⁶CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl-R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above,

(j) -NR⁶CO₂-C₁₋₆ alkyl-R⁷,

(k) -NR⁶CONR⁶R⁷,

(l) -OCONR⁶R⁷,

(m) -COOR⁶,

(n) -CHO,

(o) aryl,

(p) substituted aryl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,

(q) -OR¹¹, and

(r) -S(O)_p-C₁₋₆ alkyl;

(5) heteroaryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl wherein one or more of the alkyl carbons is replaced by a group selected from: -NR⁶-, -O-, -S(O)_p-, -CO₂-, -O₂C-, -CONR⁶-, -NR⁶CO-, -NR⁶CONR⁷-;

(6) substituted heteroaryl-C₁₋₁₀alkyl wherein one or more of the alkyl carbons is replaced by a group selected from: -NR⁶-, -O-, -S(O)_p-, -CO₂-, -O₂C-, -CONR⁶-, -NR⁶CO-, and -NR⁶CONR⁷-, the heteroaryl group is substituted with X, Y, and Z, and the alkyl group may be substituted with one or more of the substituent(s) selected from:

(a) hydroxy,

(b) oxo,

(c) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,

(d) aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy,

(e) substituted aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,

(f) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,

(g) -OCO-C₁₋₆ alkyl,

(h) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above,

(i) -NR⁶CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl-R⁷,

(j) -NR⁶CO₂-C₁₋₆ alkyl-R⁷,

(k) -NR⁶CONR⁶R⁷,

(l) -OCONR⁶R⁷,

(m) -COOR⁶,

(n) -CHO,

(o) aryl,

(p) substituted aryl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,

(q) -OR¹¹, and

(r) -S(O)_p-C₁₋₆ alkyl;

(7) heteroaryl-C₃₋₁₀alkenyl wherein alkenyl contains one to four double bonds;

(8) heteroaryl-C₃₋₁₀alkenyl wherein alkenyl contains one to four double bonds and wherein one or more of the alkyl carbons is replaced by a group selected from: -NR⁶-, -O-, -S(O)_p-, -CO₂-, -O₂C-, -CONR⁶-, -NR⁶CO-, and -NR⁶CONR⁷-;

(9) substituted heteroaryl-C₃₋₁₀alkenyl wherein alkenyl contains one to four double bonds and wherein one or more of the alkyl carbons may be replaced by a group selected from: -NR⁶-, -O-, S(O)_p-, -CO₂-, -O₂C-, -CONR⁶-, -NR⁶CO-, and -NR⁶CONR⁷-, the heteroaryl group is substituted with X, Y, and Z, and the alkyl group may be substituted with one or more of the substituent(s) selected from:

(a) hydroxy,

(b) oxo,

(c) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,

(d) aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy,

- (e) substituted aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
 (f) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
 (g) -OCO-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (h) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ as defined above,
 (i) -NR⁶CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (j) -NR⁶CO₂-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (k) -NR⁶CONR⁶R⁷,
 (l) -OC(=O)NR⁶R⁷,
 (m) -COOR⁶,
 (n) -CHO,
 (o) aryl,
 (p) substituted aryl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z, and
 (q) -OR¹¹, and
 (r) -S(O)_p-C₁₋₆ alkyl;

R² is selected from:

- (1) the definitions of R¹;
- (2) hydrogen;
- (3) phenyl;
- (4) substituted phenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z;
- (5) 1- or 2-naphthyl;
- (6) substituted 1- or 2-naphthyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z;
- (7) biphenyl;
- (8) substituted biphenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z;
- (9) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl;
- (10) substituted-C₁₋₁₀alkyl in which one or more substituent(s) is(are) selected from:
 - (a) hydroxy,
 - (b) oxo,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
 - (d) aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy,
 - (e) substituted aryl-C₁₋₃alkoxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
 - (f) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X, Y and Z,
 - (g) -OCO-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (h) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above
 - (i) -NR⁶CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl-R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ is as defined above,
 - (j) -COOR⁶, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 - (k) -CHO,
 - (l) phenyl,
 - (m) substituted phenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 - (n) 1- or 2-naphthyl,
 - (o) substituted 1- or 2-naphthyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 - (p) biphenyl,
 - (q) substituted biphenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 - (r) -OR¹¹, and
 - (s) -S(O)_p-C₁₋₆ alkyl;
- (11) C₃₋₁₀ alkenyl;
- (12) substituted C₃₋₁₀ alkenyl in which one or more substituent(s) is (are) selected from:
 - (a) hydroxy,
 - (b) oxo,
 - (c) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
 - (d) phenyl-C₁₋₃alkoxy,
 - (e) substituted phenyl-C₁₋₃alkoxy, in which the substituents on phenyl are X, Y and Z,
 - (f) -OCO-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 - (g) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above
 - (h) -NR⁶CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 - (i) -COOR⁶, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,

- (j) -CHO,
 (k) phenyl,
 (l) substituted phenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (m) 1- or 2-naphthyl,
 (n) substituted 1- or 2-naphthyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (o) biphenyl,
 (p) substituted biphenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (q) -OR¹¹, and
 (r) -S(O)_p-C₁₋₆ alkyl;
 (13) C₃₋₁₀alkynyl;
 (14) substituted C₃₋₁₀alkynyl in which one or more substituent(s) is(are) selected from:
 (a) hydroxy,
 (b) oxo,
 (c) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
 (d) phenyl-C₁₋₃alkoxy,
 (e) substituted phenyl-C₁₋₃alkoxy, in which the substituents on phenyl are X, Y and Z,
 (f) -OCO-C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (g) -NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above,
 (h) -NR⁶CO-C₁₋₆ alkyl, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (i) -COOR⁶, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (j) -CHO,
 (k) phenyl,
 (l) substituted phenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (m) 1- or 2-naphthyl,
 (n) substituted 1- or 2-naphthyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (o) biphenyl,
 (p) substituted biphenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (q) -OR¹¹; and
 (15) -R¹¹;
 R³ is hydrogen, hydroxy, -OR¹¹, or C₁₋₆alkoxy;
 R⁴ is hydrogen, or R³ and R⁴ taken together form a double bond;
 R⁵ is methyl, ethyl, propyl or allyl;
 R¹⁰ is hydrogen, hydroxy, -OR¹¹ or fluoro;
 R¹¹ is selected from:
 (a) -PO(OH)O⁻M⁺, wherein M⁺ is a positively charged inorganic or organic counterion,
 (b) -SO₃⁻M⁺,
 (c) -CO(CH₂)_qCO₂⁻M⁺, wherein q is 1-3, and
 (d) -CO-C₁₋₆alkyl-NR⁶R⁷, wherein R⁶ and R⁷ are as defined above and the alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents selected from:
 (i) hydroxy,
 (ii) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
 (iii) -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, wherein R¹⁶ and R¹⁷ are independently selected from: (a') hydrogen, and (b') C₁₋₆ alkyl,
 (iv) -COOR⁶, wherein R⁶ is as defined above,
 (v) phenyl,
 (vi) substituted phenyl in which the substituents are X, Y and Z,
 (vii) heteroaryl,
 (viii) -SH, and
 (ix) -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl;
 W is O or (H, OH);
 X, Y and Z independently are selected from:
 (a) hydrogen,
 (b) C₁₋₁₀alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents selected from:
 (i) aryl,
 (ii) substituted aryl in which the substituents are X', Y' and Z',
 (iii) heteroaryl,
 (iv) substituted heteroaryl in which the substituents are X', Y', and Z'.

(v) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X', Y' and Z',

(vi) -OR⁶,

(vii) -OR¹¹,

(viii) -OCOR⁶,

(ix) -OCO₂R⁶,

(x) -NR⁶R⁷,

(xi) -CHO,

(xii) -NR⁶COC₁₋₆alkyl-R⁷,

(xiii) -NR⁶CO₂C₁₋₆alkyl-R⁷,

(xiv) -NR⁶CONR⁶R⁷,

(xv) -OCONR⁶R⁷,

(xvi) -CONR⁶R⁷,

(c) C₁₋₁₀alkyl wherein one or more of the alkyl carbons is replaced by a group selected from -NR⁶-, -O-, -S(O)_p-, -CO₂-, -O₂C-, -CONR⁶-, -NR⁶CO-, -NR⁶CONR⁷-, -CO-, -CH(OH)-, alkenyl or alkynyl and the alkyl may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents selected from:

(i) aryl,

(ii) substituted aryl in which the substituents are X', Y' and Z',

(iii) heteroaryl,

(iv) substituted heteroaryl in which the substituents are X', Y', and Z',

(v) unsubstituted or substituted aryloxy, in which the substituents on aryl are X', Y', and Z',

(vi) -OR⁶,

(vii) -OR¹¹,

(viii) -OCOR⁶,

(ix) -OCO₂R⁶,

(x) -NR⁶R⁷,

(xi) -CHO

(xii) -NR⁶COC₁₋₆alkyl-R⁷,

(xiii) -NR⁶CO₂C₁₋₆alkyl-R⁷,

(xiv) -NR⁶CONR⁶R⁷,

(xv) -OCONR⁶R⁷,

(xvi) -CONR⁶R⁷,

(d) halogen,

(e) -NR⁶R⁷,

(f) -CN,

(g) -CHO,

(h) -CF₃,

(i) -SR⁸, wherein R⁸ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, trifluoromethyl, or phenyl,

(j) -SOR⁸,

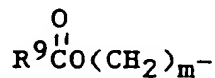
(k) -SO₂R⁸,

(l) -CONR⁶R⁷,

(m) R⁹O(CH₂)_m- wherein R⁹ is hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxy-C₂₋₃alkyl, -CF₃, phenyl, R¹¹ or naphthyl and m is 0, 1, 2, or 3,

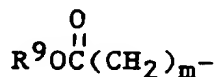
(n) -CH(OR¹²)(OR¹³), wherein R¹² and R¹³ are C₁₋₃alkyl or taken together form an ethyl or propyl bridge,

(o)



wherein R⁹ and m are as defined above,

(p)

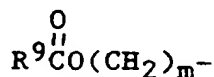


wherein R^9 and m are as defined above, and

(q) $-R^{11}$; or any two of X, Y and Z may be joined to form a saturated ring having 5, 6 or 7 ring atoms, said ring atoms comprising 1 or 2 oxygen atoms, the remaining ring atoms being carbon,

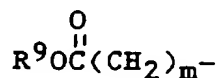
X' , Y' and Z' independently are selected from:

- (a) hydrogen,
- (b) C_{1-7} alkyl,
- (c) C_{2-6} alkenyl,
- (d) halogen,
- (e) $-(CH_2)_m-NR^6R^7$, wherein R^6 , R^7 and m are as defined above,
- (f) $-CN$,
- (g) $-CHO$,
- (h) $-CF_3$,
- (i) $-SR^8$, wherein R^8 is hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, trifluoromethyl, or phenyl,
- (j) $-SOR^8$, wherein R^8 is as defined above,
- (k) $-SO_2R^8$, wherein R^8 is as defined above,
- (l) $-CONR^6R^7$, wherein R^6 and R^7 are as defined above,
- (m) $R^9O(CH_2)_m-$ wherein R^9 and m are as defined above,
- (n) $-CH(OR^{12})(OR^{13})$, wherein R^{12} and R^{13} are as defined above,
- (o)



wherein R^9 and m are as defined above,

(p)

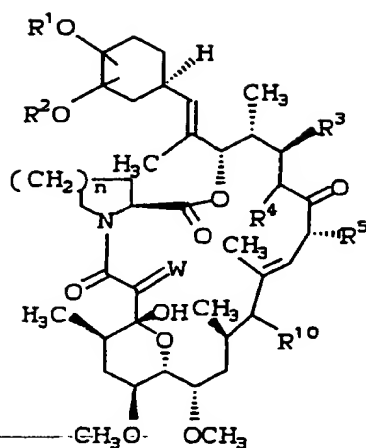


wherein R^9 and m are as defined above, and

(q) $-R^{11}$;

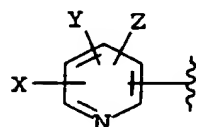
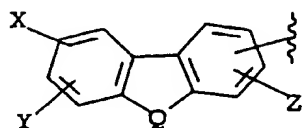
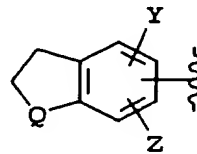
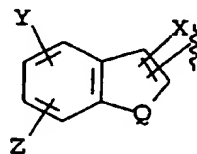
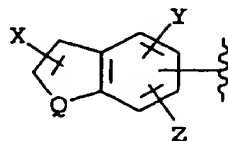
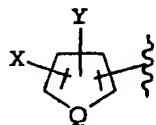
n is 1 or 2.

2. The compound according to Claim 1 wherein the absolute configuration of Formula I is as defined in Formula III:

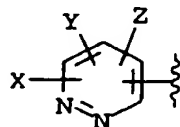


III

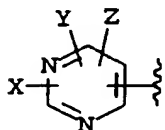
3. The compound of Claim 1, wherein the heteroaryl is selected from the group consisting of:



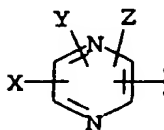
(Pyridine)



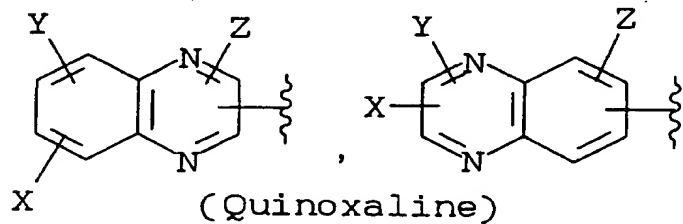
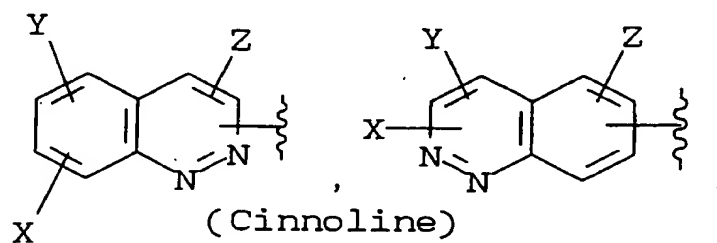
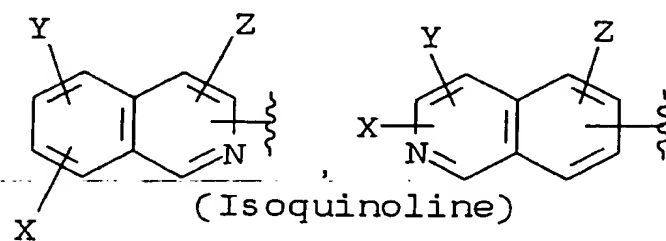
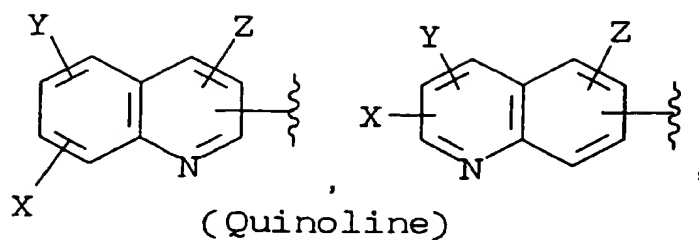
(Pyridazine)



(Pyrimidine)



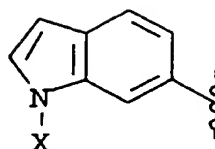
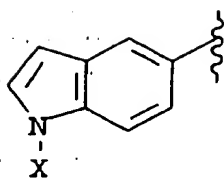
(Pyrazine)



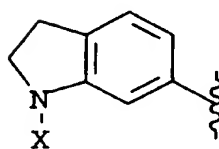
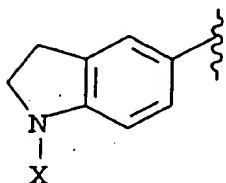
40 wherein Q is -N(X)-, -O-, or -S-.

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4. The compound of Claim 3, wherein the heteroaryl is selected from the group consisting of:

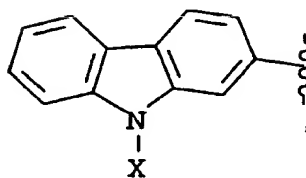
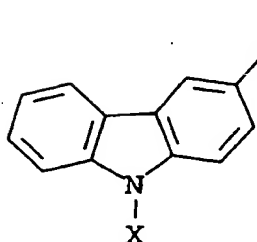
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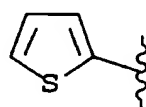
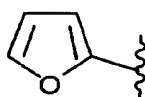
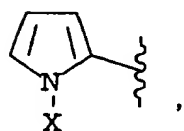


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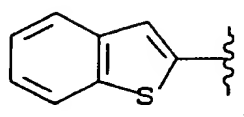
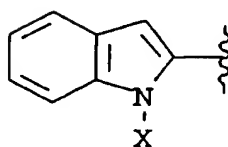
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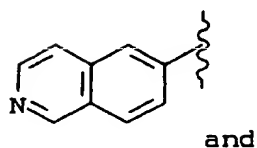
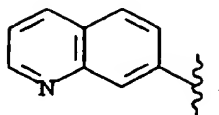
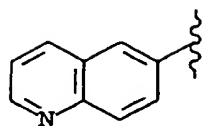
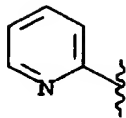
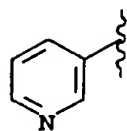


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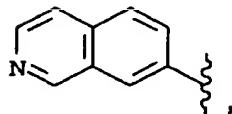
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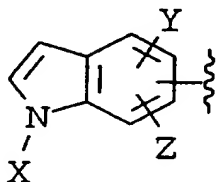


and

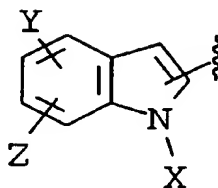


wherein X is defined in Claim 1.

5. The compound of Claim 1, wherein heteroaryl is:



or



;

R^2 is selected from:
 (1) hydrogen,
 (2) methyl,
 (3) ethyl,
 (4) propyl,
 (5) allyl,
 (6) R^{11} ,
 (7) $-C_2-3$ alkyl-OH; and
 (8) $-C_2-3$ alkyl-OR¹¹;

R^3 is selected from:
 (1) hydrogen,
 (2) hydroxy,
 (3) -OR¹¹, or

R^3 and R^4 taken together form a double bond;
 R^{10} is hydrogen, hydroxy, fluoro, or -OR¹¹;
 W is O; and
 n is 2.

6. A compound which is selected from the group consisting of:

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-furanyl)methoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-furanyl)methoxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(2-furanyl)methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-thiophene)methoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-thiophene)methoxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(3-thiophene)methoxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(2-thiophene)methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-hydroxy-3''-(3-thiophene)methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-thiophene)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2-benzothienyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4'-(5-indolyl)oxy-3"-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-en-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo-[22.3.1.0^{4,8}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone:

17-Allyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone:

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3'''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,8}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,8}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

7-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone:

7-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3'''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

7-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-2,3,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

7-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-3,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone:

7-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3'''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-3,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone:

7-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4'''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3'''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-3,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

7-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-13,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone:

3,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxo-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-eno-2,3,10,16-tetraene:

17-Allyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-allyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-n-propyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-n-propyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-methyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-i-propyloxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-

dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-ethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
t traone;

17-Allyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-propyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-

23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-allyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-2-hydroxyethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-2-hydroxyethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-2-hydroxyethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-2-hydroxyethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-2-hydroxyethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-2-hydroxyethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

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17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-2-hydroxyethyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-benzyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-benzyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

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23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

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tetraone;

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23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-benzyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

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23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14,20-trihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-benzyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,20-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-benzyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-benzyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-
23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-benzyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-benzyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-benzyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-benzyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-
dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-
tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-

methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-ethoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Allyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-N-cyclopropyl-5-indolyl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-methoxy-N-tryptophanylcarbonylmethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1-hydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-3-indolylethylaminocarbonylmethoxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(3-hydroxypropyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-hydroxy-4''-(1-hydroxyethylindol-5-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-hydroxyethylindol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methylindol-6-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-dibenzylphosphonoxy-ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

Monopotassium salt of 17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-phosphonoxy-ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21, 27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-(N,N-dimethylglycyloxy)ethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-succinyloxyethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10, 16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-phenylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1-methyl-3-(2-hydroxyethyl)indol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1,3-dimethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1,3-dimethylindol-5-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(9'-methylcarbazol-3'-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2''''-(3''''-diethylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2''''-(3''''-dimethylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2''''-(3''''-aminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2''''-(3''''-benzyloxycarbonyl-2''''-benzyloxycarbonylaminopropionyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2''''-(aspartyl)oxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(2''''-(1''''-imidazolylcarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(1''''-piperazinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-hydroxyethylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(isopropylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(piperidinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(morpholinocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(diphenylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-(diethylaminocarbonyloxy)ethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-methanesulfonyloxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-azidoethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(2''''-aminoethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(1''''-t-butyl)dimethylsilyloxyethoxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(4''-(1'''-(hydroxyethoxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxy-3''-methoxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-methoxy-4''-(1'''-(1''''-oxoprop-3''''-yl)indol-5'''-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone; and

17-Ethyl-1,14-dihydroxy-12-[2'-(3''-methoxy-4''-(1'''-(1''''-carboxyethyl)indol-5'''-yl)oxycyclohexyl)-1'-methylvinyl]-23,25-dimethoxy-13,19,21,27-tetramethyl-11,28-dioxa-4-azatricyclo[22.3.1.0^{4,9}]octacos-18-ene-2,3,10,16-tetraone;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

7. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutical carrier and a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of Claim 1.

8. The use of the compound of Claim 1 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of immunoregulatory disorders.

9. The use of the compound of Claim 1 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of resistance to transplantation.

10. The use of the compound of Claim 1 for the manufacture of a medicament for the topical treatment of inflammatory and hyperproliferative skin diseases and or cutaneous manifestations of immunologically-mediated illnesses.



European Patent
Office

EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 92 20 2658

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. CL.5)
D,P, X	GB-A-2 245 891 (FUJISAWA PHARMACEUTICAL CO. LTD) * page 13, line 20 - page 14, line 10; claims *	1-10	C07H19/01 A61K31/70
D,A	EP-A-0 428 365 (MERCK AND CO., LTD.) * claims; examples *	1-10	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. CL.5)
			C07H A61K C07D
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			

Place of search
THE HAGUE

Date of completion of the search
02 DECEMBER 1992

Examiner
DAY G.J.

CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS

X : particularly relevant if taken alone
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A : technological background
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P : intermediate document

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E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date
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L : document cited for other reasons

& : member of the same patent family, corresponding document